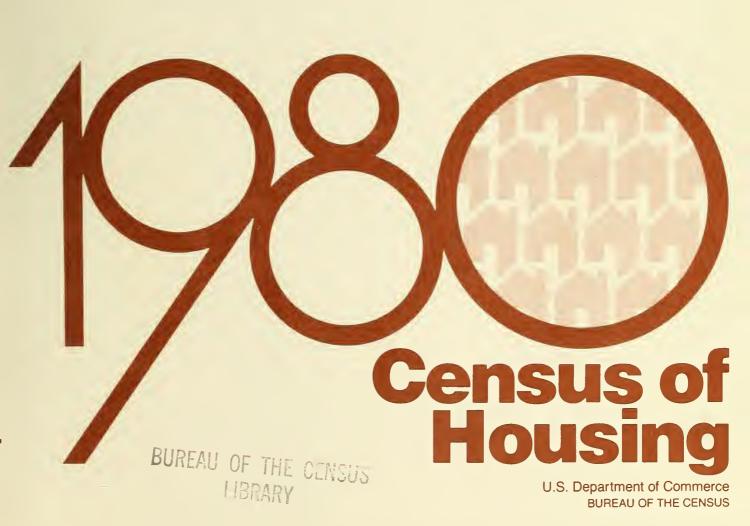
HC80-2-298

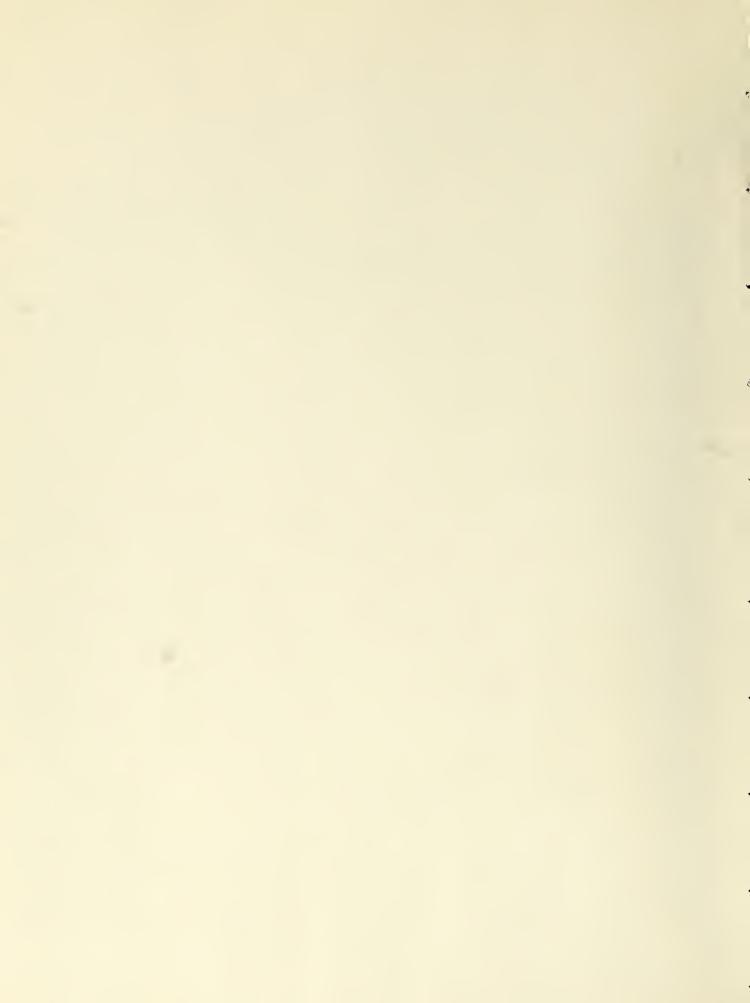
Census AD 7293 .A56x 1983 v.24 pt.293 c.2

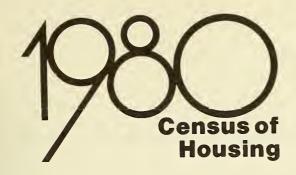
Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

READING, PA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







VOLUME 2

Data Index

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

READING, PA.

HC80-2-298

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

For list of contents see page IX.	
	Table
Value	1, 14, 25, 36, 47, 58
Gross Rent	2, 15, 26, 37, 48, 59
Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units	3, 16, 27, 38, 49, 60
Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units	4, 17, 28, 39, 50, 61
Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units	5, 18, 29, 40, 51, 62
Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units	6, 19, 30, 41, 52, 63
Year Structure Built	7, 20, 31, 42, 53, 64
Units in Structure	8, 21, 32, 43, 54, 65
Size of Household	9, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66
Household Composition and Age of Householder	10, 23, 34, 45, 56, 67
One-Person Households	11, 24, 35, 46, 57, 68
Duration of Vacancy	12
Price Asked and Rent Asked	13



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

Acknowledgments

Many persons participated in the diverse activities of the 1980 census. These acknowledgments generally reflect staff during the postcensus data publication process. The Bureau was guided by Director, Bruce Chapman and Deputy Director, C. L. Kincannon. Primary direction of the data publication program was performed by William P. Butz, Associate Director for Demographic Fields, assisted by Peter A. Bounpane, Assistant Director for Demographic Census, in conjunction with Barbara A. Bailar, Associate Director for Statistical Standards and Methodology, Howard N. Hamilton, Acting Associate Director for Information Technology, James D. Lincoln, then Associate Director for Administration, and Stanley D. Moore, Associate Director for Field Operations. The Director's staff was assisted by Sherry L. Courtland. Direction of the census enumeration and early processing activities was provided by Vincent P. Barabba, former Director; Daniel B. Levine, former Deputy Director; and George E. Hall, former Associate Director.

Responsibility for the overall planning, coordinating, processing, and publication of the 1980 census was in the Decennial Census Division under the direction of Stanley D. Matchett, Chief, assisted by Rachel F. Brown and Roger O. Lepage, Assistant Division Chiefs. The following Branch Chiefs were responsible for support services: Donald R. Dalzell, H. Ray Dennis, Stephen E. Goldman, Dennis W. Stoudt, and Richard R. Warren.

Responsibility for developing the housing portion of the 1980 census questionnaire content, designing the tabulations, and preparing this report was in the Housing Division under the supervision of Arthur F. Young, Chief; Leonard J. Norry, Assistant Chief; and William A. Downs, Chief, Decennial Planning and Data Services Branch. This report was prepared by Robert W. Bonnette, Carol A. Comisarow, Richard G. Knapp, and Charles N. Moore. Important contributions were made by Carmina F. Young, Special Assistant.

Administration support was provided by the Administrative Services Division, Robert L.

Kirkland, Chief, and William C. Fanning, Assistant Chief.

Computer processing was performed in the Computer Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Chief, James E. Steed, George M. Bowden, and Joseph J. Sferrella, Assistant Chiefs.

Questionnaire processing procedures were developed in the Decennial Processing Staff, James S. Werking, then Chief, under the direction of Harry O'Haver, then Assistant Chief. The clerical coding and microfilming of the sample questionnaires were performed at three decennial processing locations as follows: Data Preparation Division, Don L. Adams, Chief; Jeffersonville Processing Office, Robert L. Kirkland, then Processing Manager; New Orleans Processing Office, Robert L. Allen, Chief; and Laguna Niguel Processing Office, Robert N. Scheller, Chief.

User services were provided by the Data User Services Division under the supervision of Michael G. Garland, Chief, Marshall L. Turner, Jr., and Paul T. Zeisset, Assistant Chiefs.

Data collection activities were supervised in the Field Division by Lawrence T. Love, Chief, under the direction of Richard Blass, Charles Hancock, and George T. Reiner, Assistant Chiefs, with the assistance of the directors and assistant directors of the Bureau's regional offices.

Geographic programs and plans were developed in the Geography Division under the direction of Robert W. Marx, Chief; Joseph J. Knott and Silla G. Tomasi, Assistant Chiefs; and Donald I. Hirschfeld, Special Assistant.

Publications editing, design, composition, and printing procurement were performed by the staff of the Publications Services Division, Raymond J. Koski, Chief; Milton S. Andersen, Arlene C. Duckett, and Gerald A. Mann, Branch Chiefs.

The Statistical Methods Division was largely responsible for weighting sample data and

producing variance estimates. This work was supervised by Charles D. Jones, Chief; Susan M. Miskura and Robert T. O'Reagan, Assistant Chiefs. Important contributions were made by David H. Diskin, Milton C. Fan, Thomas W. Harahush, Robert S. Jewett, J. Kim, Teresa A. Passalacqua, Charles E. Talbert, John H. Thompson, and Henry F. Woltman.

The system design, technical specifications, assembly, and installation of the FOSDIC and Automated Camera Technology System were the responsibility of the Technical Services Division, C. Thomas DiNenna, Acting Chief, and Robert J. Varson, Branch Chief.

Many other persons participated in the various activities of the 1980 census. For a list of key personnel, refer to the *History of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing*, (PHC80-R2).

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

1980 census of housing. Volume 2, Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HC80-2-

Issued August 1983-

1. Housing—United States—Statistics. 2. Households—United States—Statistics. 3. United States—Census, 20th, 1980. I. United States. Bureau of the Census. II. Title: Metropolitan housing characteristics.

HD7293.A6114 312'.9'0973 81-607957' AACR2

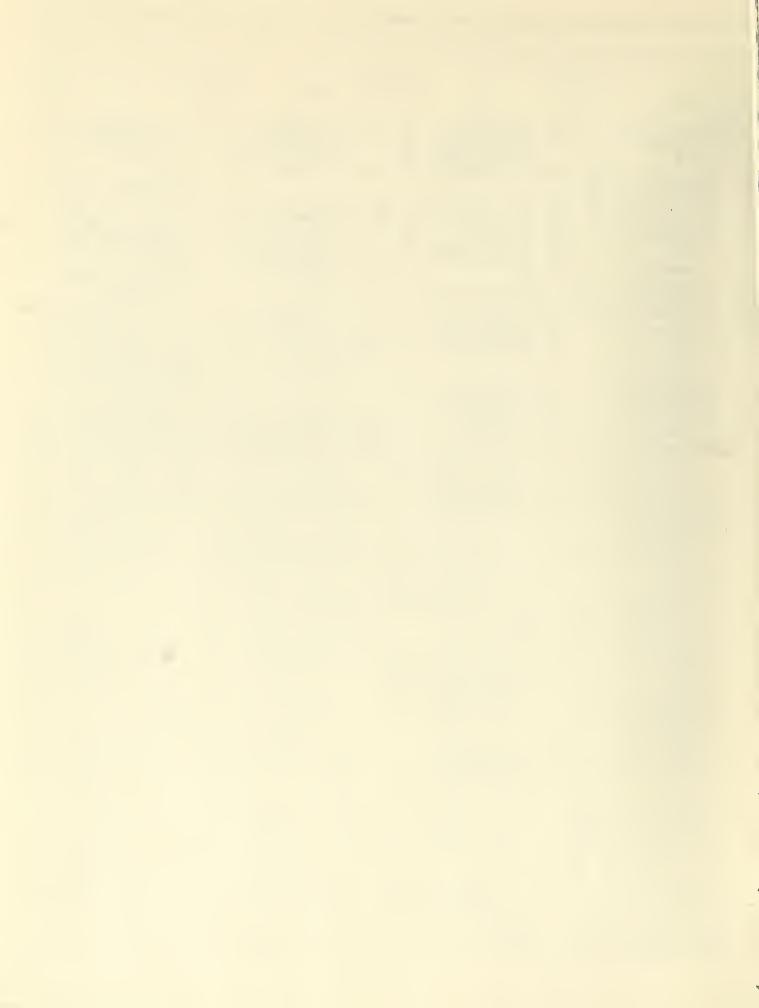
For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Postage stamps not acceptable; currency submitted at sender's risk. Remittances from foreign countries must be by international money order or by draft on a U.S. bank.

List of HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics, Reports

Report		Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
1	U.S. Summary	41	Rhode Island	77	Atlanta, Ga.	114	Charleston-N orth
2	Alabama	42	South Carolina	78	Atlantic City, N.J.		Charleston, S.C.
3	Alaska	43	South Dakota	79	Augusta, GaS.C.	115	Charleston, W. Va.
4	Arizona	44	Tennessee	80	Austin, Tex.		
5	Arkansas	45	Texas			116	Charlotte-Gastonia, N.C.
				81	Bakersfield, Calif.	117	Charlottesville, Va.
6	California	46	U tah	82	Baltimore, Md.	118	Chattanooga, TennGa.
7	Colorado	47	Vermont	83	Bangor, Maine	119	Chicago, III.
8	Connecticut	48	V irginia	84	Baton Rouge, La.		
9	Delaware	49	Washington	85	Battle Creek, Mich.	120	Chico, Calif.
10	Not assigned	50	West Virginia	86	Bay City, Mich.	121	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.
				87	Beaumont-Port Arthur-	122	Clarksville-Hopkinsville,
11	Florida	51	Wisconsin	•	Orange, Tex.		TennKy.
12	Georgia	52	Wyoming	88	Bellingham, Wash.	123	Cleveland, Ohio
13	Hawaii	53	Puerto Rico	89	Benton Harbor, Mich.	124	Colorado Springs, Colo.
14	l dah o	54	Not assigned	90	Billings, Mont.	125	Columbia, Mo.
15	Illinois	55	Not assigned		g., =		
10	1.45			91	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	126	Columbia, S.C.
16	Indiana	56	Not assigned	92	Binghamton, N.YPa.	127	Columbus, GaAla.
17	lowa	57	Not assigned	93	Birmingham, Ala.	128	Columbus, Ohio
18	Kansas	58	Abilene, Tex.	94	Bismarck, N. Dak.	129	Corpus Christi, Tex.
19 20	Kentucky Louisiana	59	Akron, Ohio	95	Bloomington, Ind.	130	Cumberland, MdW. Va.
20	Luuisialla	60	Albany, Ga.	00	DI Casas Nassal III		
21	Maine			96	Bloomington-Normal, III.	131	Dallas-Fort Worth, Tex.
22	Maryland	61	Albany-Schenectady-	97	Boise City, Idaho	132	Danbury, Conn.
23	Massachusetts	-	Troy, N.Y.	98 99	Boston, Mass. Bradenton, Fla.	133	Danville, Va.
24	M ich igan	62	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	100	Bremerton, Wash.	134	Davenport-Rock Island-
25	Minnesota	63	Alexandria, La.		Blemerton, wash.		Moline, Lowa-III.
		64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Eas	ton, 101	Bridgeport, Conn.	135	Dayton, Ohio
26	M ississip p i	CE	PaN.J.	101	Bristol, Conn.		
27	Missouri	65	Altoona, Pa.	103	Brockton, Mass.	136	Daytona Beach, Fla.
28	Montana	66	Amerillo Tou	104	Brownsville-Harlingen-	137	Decatur, III.
29	Nebraska	66 67	Amarillo, Tex. Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garde		San Benito, Tex.	138	Denver-Boulder, Colo.
30	Nevada	07	Grove, Calif.	105	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	139	Des Moines, Iowa
31	New Hampshire	68	Anchorage, Alaska	100	Dryan Conego Ctation, Tox.	140	Detroit, Mich.
		69	Anderson, Ind.	106	Buffalo, N.Y.		
32 33	New Jersey New Mexico	70	Anderson, S.C.	107	Burlington, N.C.	141	Dubuque, Iowa
34	New York	70	Alluerson, S.C.	108	Burlington, Vt.	142	Duluth-Superior, Minn.
35	North Carolina	71	Ann Arbor, Mich.	109	Caguas, P.R.		Wis.
33	NULLICATOTILA	72	Anniston, Ala.	110	Canton, Ohio	143	Eau Claire, Wis.
36	North Dakota	73	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	110	Canton, Onio	144	El Paso, Tex.
37	Ohio	74	Arecibo, P.R.	111	Casper, Wyo.	145	Elkhart, Ind.
38	Oklahoma	75	Asheville, N.C.	112	Cedar Rapids, Iowa		
39	Oregon	, 3	rialitating, it, O.	113	Champaign-Urbana-	146	Elmira, N.Y.
40	Pennsylvania	76	Athens, Ga.	113	Rantoul, III.	147	Enid, Okla.
							, •

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
						0.5	
148	Erie, Pa.	187	Indianapolis, Ind.	227	Louisville, KyInd.	265	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-
149	Eugene-Springfield, Oreg.	188	Iowa City, Iowa	228	Lowell, MassN.H.		Portsmouth, VaN.C.
150	Evansville, IndKy.	189	Jackson, Mich.	229	Lubbock, Tex.		
		190	Jackson, Miss.	230	Lynchburg, Va.	266	Northeast Pennsylvania
151	Fall River, MassR.I.					267	Norwalk, Conn.
152	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak.	191	Jacksonville, Fla.	231	Macon, Ga.	268	Ocala, Fla.
	Minn.	192	Jacksonville, N.C.	232	Madison, Wis.	269	O dessa, Tex.
153	Fayetteville, N.C.	193	Janesville-Beloit, Wis.	233	Manchester, N.H.	270	Oklahoma City, Okla.
154	Fayetteville-Springdale,	194	Jersey City, N.J.	234	Mansfield, Ohio		
	Ark.	195	Johnson City-Kingsport-	235	Mayaguez, P.R.	271	Olympia Wash
155	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.	155	Bristol, TennVa.		, ,		Olympia, Wash.
100	riteriburg Econimister, mass.		Bristor, Termi Va.	236	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg,	272	Omaha, Nebrlowa
450				230	Tex.	273	Orlando, Fla.
156	Flint, Mich.	196	Johnstown, Pa.	237	Medford, Oreg.	274	Owensboro, Ky.
157	Florence, Ala.	197	Joplin, Mo.			275	Oxnard-Simi Valley-
158	Florence, S.C.	198	Kalamazoo-Portage, Mich.	238	Melbourne-Titusville-		Ventura, Calif.
159	Fort Collins, Colo.	199	Kankakee, III.		Cocoa, Fla.		
160	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood,	200	Kansas City, MoKans.			276	Panama City, Fla.
	Fla.			239	Memphis, TennArk	277	Parkersburg-Marietta,
		201	Vanasha Wie		Miss.	211	W. VaOhio
161	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, Fla.	201	Kenosha, Wis.	240	Meriden, Conn.	278	Pascagoula-Moss Point,
	Fort Smith, ArkOkla.	202	Killeen-Temple, Tex.			210	Miss.
	Fort Walton Beach, Fla.	203	Knoxville, Tenn.	241	Miami, Fla.	270	
	Fort Wayne, Ind.	204	Kokomo, Ind.	242	Midland, Tex.	279	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J
	Fresno, Calif.	205	La Crosse, Wis.			280	Pensacola, Fla.
103	r resiro, Garii.			243	Milwaukee, Wis.		_
			Lafayette, La.	244	Minneapolis-St. Paul,	281	Peoria, III.
	Gadsden, Ala.	207	Lafayette-West Lafayette,		MinnWis.	282	Petersburg-Colonial
	Gainesville, Fla.		Ind.	245	Mobile, Ala.		Heights-Hopewell, Va.
	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	208	Lake Charles, La.			283	Philadelphia, PaN.J.
169	Gary-Hammond-East	209	Lakeland-Winter Haven,	246	Modesto, Calif.	284	Phoenix, Ariz.
	Chicago, Ind.		Fla.	247	Monroe, La.	285	Pine Bluff, Ark.
170	Glens Falls, N.Y.	210	Lancaster, Pa.	248	Montgomery, Ala.		
			· ·	249	Muncie, Ind.	286	Pittsburgh, Pa.
171	Grand Farks N Dak	211	Lansing-East Lansing,	250	Muskegon-Norton Shores-	287	Pittsfield, Mass.
171	Grand Forks, N. Dak		Mich.		Muskegon Heights, Mich.	288	Ponce, P.R.
172	Minn.	212	Laredo, Tex.			289	Portland, Maine
	Grand Rapids, Mich.		Las Cruces, N. Mex.	251	Nashua, N.H.		Portland, OregWash.
	Great Falls, Mont.		Las Vegas, Nev.		Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.		, c,
	Greeley, Colo.		Lawrence, Kans.	253	Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.	291	Portsmouth-Dover-
175	Green Bay, Wis.			254	New Bedford, Mass.	231	Rochester, N.HMaine
		216	Lawrence-Haverhill,	255	New Britain, Conn.	292	Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
176	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-	2.10	MassN.H.	233	Mew Britain, Com.		Providence-Warwick-
	High Point, N.C.	217	Lawton, Okla.	250	Now Demonstrick Donah	233	
177	Greenville-Spartanburg, S.C.		Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	256	New Brunswick-Perth	20.4	Pawtucket, R.IMass.
178	Hagerstown, Md.		Lexington-Fayette, Ky.	0.57	Amboy-Sayreville, N.J.		Provo-Orem, Utah
179	Hamilton-Middletown,		Lima, Ohio	257	New Haven-West Haven,	295	Pueblo, Colo.
	Ohio	220	Lilla, Ollio	050	Conn.		
180	Harrisburg, Pa.	004		258	New London-Norwich,		Racine, Wis.
	3,		Lincoln, Nebr.		ConnR.I.		Raleigh-Durham, N.C.
101	U af-ul O	222	Little Rock-North Little		New Orleans, La.		Reading, Pa.
	Hartford, Conn.		Rock, Ark.	260	New York, N.YN.J.	299	Redding, Calif.
	Hickory, N.C.	223	Long Branch-Asbury			300	Reno, Nev.
	Honolulu, Hawaii		Park, N.J.	261	Newark, N.J.		
	Houston, Tex.		Longview-Marshall, Tex.		Newark, Ohio	301	Richland-Kennewick-
185	Huntington-Ashland,	225	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio		Newburgh-Middletown,		Pasco, Wash.
	W. VaKyOhio			_50	N.Y.	302	Richmond, Va.
		226	Los Angeles-Long Beach,	264	Newport News-Hampton,		Riverside-San Bernardino-
186	Huntsville, Ala.		Calif.	207	Va.	300	Ontario, Calif.
					· u,		Olitario, Julii

Report		Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
304	Roanoke, Va.	323	San Juan, P.R.	343	State College, Pa.	362	Vineland-Millville-
		324	Santa Barbara-Santa	344	Steubenville-Weirton,		Bridgeton, N.J.
305	Rochester, Minn.	324	Maria-Lompoc, Calif.		Ohio-W. Va.	363	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, Calif.
306	Rochester, N.Y.	325	Santa Cruz, Calif.	345	Stockton, Calif.	004	
307	Rockford, III.					364	Waco, Tex.
308	Rock Hill, S.C.	326	Santa Rosa, Calif.	346	Syracuse, N.Y.	365	Washington, D.CMdVa.
309	Sacramento, Calif.	327	Sarasota, Fla.	347	Tacoma, Wash.	366	Waterbury, Conn.
310	Saginaw, Mich.	328	Savannah, Ga.	348	Tallahassee, Fla.	367	Waterloo-Cedar Falls,
0,0		329	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	349	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	307	lowa
311	St. Cloud, Minn.	330	Sharon, Pa.	350	Terre Haute, Ind.	368	Wausau, Wis.
312	St. Joseph, Mo.					369	West Palm Beach-Boca
313	St. Louis, MoIII.	331	Sheboygan, Wis.	351	Texarkana, Tex		Raton, Fla.
314	Salem, Oreg.	332	Sherman-Denison, Tex.		Texarkana, Ark.	370	Wheeling, W. VaOhio
315	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey,	333	Shreveport, La.	352	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.		
	Calif.	334	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	353	Topeka, Kans.	371	Wichita, Kans.
		335	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	354	Trenton, N.J.	372	Wichita Falls, Tex.
316	Salisbury-Concord, N.C.			355	Tucson, Ariz.	373	Williamsport, Pa.
317	Salt Lake City-Ogden,	336	South Bend, Ind.			374	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.
317	Utah	337	Spokane, Wash.	356	Tulsa, Okla.	375	Wilmington, N.C.
318	San Angelo, Tex.	338	Springfield, III.	357	Tuscaloosa, Ala.		
319	San Antonio, Tex.	339	Springfield, Mo.	358	Tyler, Tex.	376	Worcester, Mass.
320	San Diego, Calif.	340	Springfield, Ohio	359	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	377	Yakima, Wash.
020	Sun Biogo, Cam.			360	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa,	378	York, Pa.
321	San Francisco-Oakland,	341	Springfield-Chicopee-	0.00	Calif.	379	Youngstown-Warren,
	Calif.		Holyoke, MassConn.				Ohio
322	San Jose, Calif.	342	Stamford, Conn.	361	Victoria, Tex.	380	Yuba City, Calif.



APPENDIXES

A.	Area Classifications	4-1
В.	Definitions and Explanations of Subject	
	Characteristics	B — 1
C.	General Enumeration and Processing	
	Procedures	C-1
D.	Accuracy of the Data	D—1
E.	Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and	
	Questionnaire Pages	E-1
F.	Publication and Computer Tape Program I	F_'

Introduction

GENERAL	VII
CONTENTS OF THE REPORT	VII
DERIVED FIGURES (Means,	
Medians, and Percents)	VIII
SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC	
ABBREVIATIONS	VIII
SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR	
CONFIDENTIALITY	VIII

GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

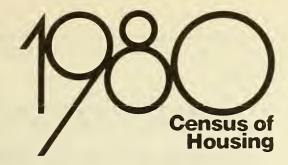
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

READING, PA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-298

Contents

Arrangement of Tables	Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear
follows:	Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places XIV

INDEX OF TABLES

Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

Area Prefix letter		Tables 1-13 Total	Tables 14-24 White	Tables 25-35 Black	Tables 36-46 American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	Tables 47-57 Asian and Pacific Islander	Tables 58-68 Spanish Origin
		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total eading	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24		Ξ	_	=	Ξ

LIST OF TABLES

(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

TABLES

- 1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980
- Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980
- 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980
- 14. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 15. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 16. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

TABLES

- 18. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 19. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 20. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 21. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 22. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 23. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 25. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 26. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 27. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 28. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 29. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 30. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 31. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 32. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 33. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 34. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 35. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980

TABLES

- 36. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 37. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 38. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 39. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 40. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 41. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 42. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 43. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 45. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 47. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 48. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 49. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 50. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 51. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing
 Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder:
 1980

TABLES

- 52. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 54. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 56. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 57. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 58. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 60. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 61. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 62. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 63. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 64. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied
 Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 65. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied
 Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 67. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 68. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980

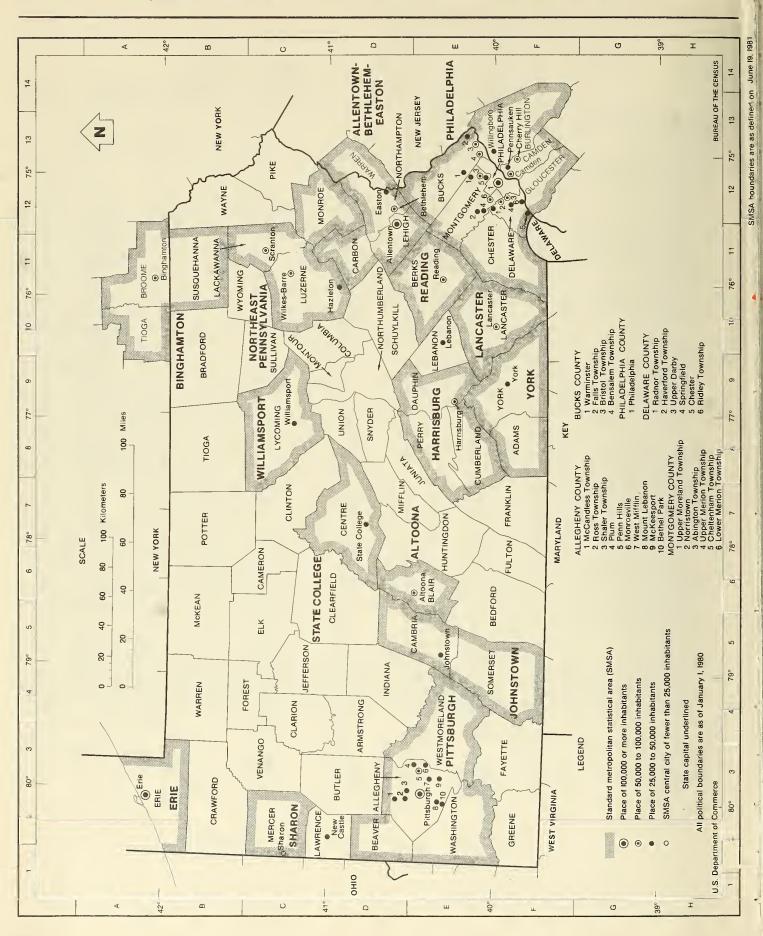
Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	1	_ 2	- 3	_ 4	_ 5	-6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	_ _ _ 3	_ _ _ 4	5 5 - 5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	- 1 -	2 2 2	- -	_ _ _	_ 5 _	6
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - -	3 3 -	4 4 4 4	5 5 - 5 -	6 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	-	_ _ _	- - 3	=	5	6
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	- - -	- - -		- 4 4	5 -	6
Gross rent as percentage of household income	- 1	2	- 3	4	_	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder Income	1 1	2 _	3 -	4	5	6

White		15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30
Alleut		37 48	38 49	39 50	40 51	41 52
Spanish origin	58	59	60	61	62	63

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8	_ _	-		_	_
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _	, <u>-</u> -	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 _ _	_ _ _	9 - -	- - -	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - - -	- - - -		12 - - - -	- - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	- - - - - - -	- - - - - -	9 - - 9 - 9 - 9	- - - - - 10	- - 11 11 - 11 - 11	- 12 - - - 12 -	- - - - - -
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7 for all househ oup comprises	8 8 8 olds. Similar o	9 9 data are showr	in the tables lister	11 11 d below when there	are 10,000 or the Introduction	more persons of
White	20 31 42 53 64	21 32 43 54 65	22 33 44 55 66	23 34 45 56 67	24 35 46 57 68	_ _ _ _	- - - -



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

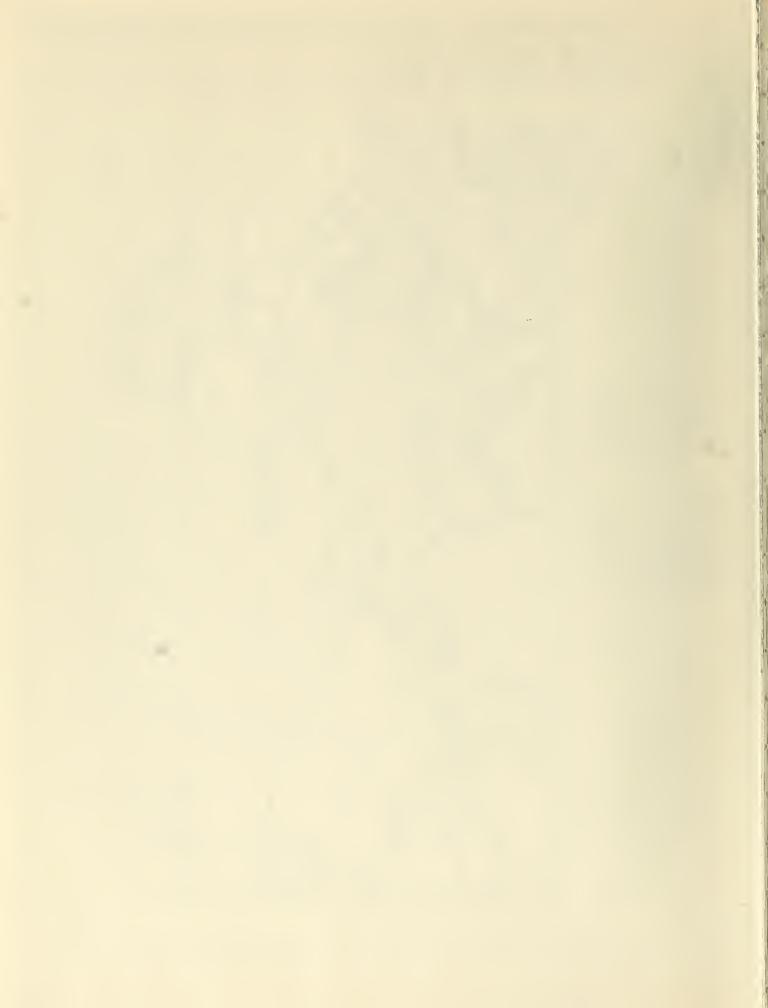


Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimo	res basea on	o somple, sei	introduction.	ror meanin	g or symbols,	see introduc	tion. For det	initions of ter	ms, see append	lixes A ond 8		
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Meon (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	67 661	2 205	8 998	11 545	12 242	11 404	8 459	8 884	2 295	1 232	397	39 000	42 500
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 yeors 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 46 years 45 to 64 years	50 860 1 140 10 052 9 851 21 448 8 369 5 281 175 886 657 1 703 1 860 11 520 71 697 904 3 878 5 970 52.3	941 27 59 96 379 380 419 - 366 18 116 249 845 5 5 42 17 267 514	5 307 117 .04 2 124 1 528 1 119 30 1111 94 407 477 2 572 186 126 142 814 4 472 60.3	7 981 192 1 191 1 233 3 414 1 951 1 137 17 194 421 2 427 31 149 149 165 824 1 258 56.5	9 207 316 1 748 1 622 3 956 1 565 957 136 2995 328 2 078 8 8 147 165 636 61 122 53.4	9 056 269 2 076 1 624 3 911 1 176 682 70 1 167 88 195 162 1 666 	7 094 132 1 735 1 542 2 928 757 428 14 130 42 140 102 937 7 7 43 130 381 376 47.5	7 787 66 1 770 2 074 3 181 696 374 33 113 119 76 723 2 2 50 95 243 333 46.0	2 054 21 463 536 884 150 - 11 17 30 13 160 - 2 28 61 69 46.2	1 114 - 176 316 491 131 51 - 15 7 12 17 67 - 2 6 7 52 48.6	319 - 30 74 180 35 33 - 16 15 45 - 10 - 15 20 49.4	42 000 45 800 45 800 47 300 31 900 39 800 39 800 36 100 27 500 29 500 22 200 37 500 37 500 37 500 37 500 37 500 37 500 37 500	45 400 38 200 47 900 50 600 36 500 34 300 34 300 30 000 34 200 33 100 25 700 39 800 33 3600 31 700
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	5 061 12 959 10 179 15 974 23 488	61 241 235 438 1 230	398 1 005 1 048 1 866 4 681	611 1 461 1 525 2 536 5 412	651 2 239 1 727 2 942 4 683	1 009 2 417 1 759 2 796 3 423	862 2 076 1 426 2 119 1 976	1 008 2 321 1 627 2 434 1 494	298 694 522 475 306	131 403 216 256 226	32 102 94 112 57	47 900 46 100 42 900 40 600 30 800	50 300 49 700 46 500 43 600 34 200
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	901 5 247 12 457 21 270 13 280 14 506 6.2	125 347 557 612 306 258 5.6	245 946 1 834 2 607 1 480 1 886 6.1	193 1 197 2 255 3 723 1 715 2 462 6.1	172 1 326 2 784 4 680 1 919 1 361 5.9	54 846 2 691 4 304 2 176 1 333 6.0	63 399 1 394 2 835 2 150 1 618 6.3	33 134 757 2 032 2 659 3 269 7.1	13 25 127 359 604 1 167 7.5	3 22 46 85 243 833 8.1	- 5 12 33 28 319 8.5 +	22 500 31 000 35 600 37 900 45 100 49 600	27 300 31 900 36 300 39 100 46 400 53 900
BEDROOMS None	63 1 637 13 826 36 547 11 683 3 905	216 908 755 176 150	348 2 466 3 894 1 352 934	21 354 2 850 5 329 1 840 1 151	8 395 3 088 6 814 1 445 492	6 166 2 228 7 198 1 570 236	14 84 1 259 5 489 1 389 224	2 61 761 5 367 2 399 294	8 7 7 159 1 132 811 178	6 79 466 531 150	- 28 103 170 96	36 300 26 300 32 200 41 900 46 600 26 100	42 400 28 300 34 000 43 700 51 200 40 100
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eoflier	5 982 4 873 8 603 10 981 5 711 31 511	15 28 41 127 216 1 778	30 100 172 568 633 7 495	134 264 489 1 177 1 062 8 419	425 627 958 2 147 1 436 6 649	1 110 948 1 815 2 716 1 132 3 683	1 278 1 002 1 885 2 004 667 1 623	1 901 1 261 2 441 1 666 429 1 186	644 457 428 313 62 391	381 137 263 182 50 219	64 49 111 81 24 68	60 000 54 000 53 500 45 100 36 300 27 000	64 400 57 500 57 100 47 700 38 400 30 900
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 - \$5,000 to \$9,999 - \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median Median	4 625 7 942 4 265 4 112 10 800 11 258 15 236 6 952 2 471 \$20 871 \$22 581	582 646 185 163 228 193 166 40 2 \$8 891 \$11 518	1 253 1 898 916 775 1 573 1 113 1 056 347 \$13 894 \$15 538	1 044 1 940 1 049 918 1 980 1 764 2 028 643 179 \$17 056 \$18 311	683 1 462 769 900 2 647 2 177 2 539 887 178 \$19 387 \$20 460	499 1 018 662 587 1 850 2 347 2 997 1 270 1 74 \$22 233 \$22 832	275 528 325 436 1 212 1 782 2 486 1 102 3 13 \$24 066 \$25 839	223 335 270 247 956 1 498 2 992 1 737 626 \$27 510 \$29 413	40 68 45 58 229 287 720 519 329 \$30 173 \$33 737	16 35 37 19 108 76 209 340 392 \$39 046 \$43 299	10 12 7 9 17 21 43 67 211 \$52 144 \$74 878	24 100 26 900 29 800 32 100 35 900 41 500 45 800 52 200 69 200	28 600 30 400 33 400 34 800 38 500 42 700 47 800 55 900 80 800
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With o mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Net mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to computed Medion Medion	32 670 11 469 7 709 5 437 3 138 1 739 3 063 115 18.1 34 991 15 321 7 504 3 969 2 291 1 646 1 152 2 926 1 182	418 78 83 33 41 399 46 130 125.8 1787 473 306 276 192 128 83 324 5 17.0	2 748 1 086 645 287 258 152 302 18 17.2 6 250 2 171 1 327 718 560 462 289 679 444	4 243 1 655 994 624 333 206 412 19 17.3 7 302 2 9 97 1 642 913 303 303 267 675 24	5 513 1 983 1 334 995 473 260 0 465 3 17.9 6 729 3 104 1 462 785; 454 205 205 262 438 19	6 155 2 153 1 556 1 006 564 3355 519 22 2 17,9 5 249 2 585 1 080 572 2287 226 117 348 34 10.1	5 130 1 654 1 253 896 567 316 442 2 18.6 3 329 1 654 751 3355 132 131 131 131 132 130 10.0	5 859 1 981 1 393 1 000 612 319 508 46 18.3 3 002 1 701 640 251 102 7 77 77 77 77 77 77 36 199	1 599 511 271 383 216 68 81 44 20.2 696 365 156 76 6 6 7 7 2 8 2	795 289 147 163 61 25 110 - 18.7 437 242 106 31 27 6 8 10 7	210 79 33 42 15 12 29 - 18,9 187 109 34 12 10 12	45 200 44 200 44 500 47 500 48 200 43 700 46 600 33 000 32 800 30 900 27 900 26 100 27 200 26 500 39 600 39 600	48 300 47 700 47 100 51 300 49 800 47 200 47 500 46 500 37 100 32 500 30 100 30 700 44 400 44 400
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	67 180 679 481 27 67 629 64 721 33 044 7 761 3 022 4.5	2 045 7 160 1 2 191 1 868 557 60 373 16.9	8 844 147 154 9 8 990 8 437 3 115 123 819 9.1	11 456 130 89 5 11 545 10 986 4 907 354 641 5.6	12 195 137 47 6 12 232 11 845 6 130 898 356 2.9	11 387 108 17 6 11 404 11 060 5 830 1 253 342 3.0	8 450 85 9 8 459 8 142 4 527 1 144 265 3.1	8 881 43 3 8 884 8 547 5 160 2 127 178 2.0	2 293 20 2 2 295 2 250 1 523 927 26 1.1	1 232 2 - 1 232 1 195 986 646 10 0.8	397 - - 397 391 309 229 12 3.0	39 200 33 000 13 800 29 300 39 000 39 300 42 900 60 400 23 400	42 600 35 900 18 100 26 400 42 500 42 800 47 300 66 300 29 800

Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimotes based on a somple, see Intraduction. For meaning of symbals, see Intraduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Oata are estimot	es based on a	somple, see in	itraductian. Fo	r meaning of s	symbals, see Ir	ntraduction. Fo	or definitions o	f terms, see op	pendixes A an	1 8)	
The SMSA	Tatal	Less thon \$100	\$100 ta \$149	\$150 ta \$199	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 ta \$299	\$300 ta \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 ta \$499	\$500 or mare	No cash rent	Median (dallors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	29 926	2 647	3 623	6 255	6 368	4 873	2 322	1 305	764	236	1 533	212
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple fomilies	10 503	203	613	1 792	2 529	2 096	1 174	714	438	163	781	245
15 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 797 3 373	39	38 164	338 500	680 894	454 720	140 409	73 248	18 164	22 65	28 170	237 250 253 251 228 199
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	1 458 2 273	17 90	73 152	254 366	302 388	242 426	170 267	115 187	131 99	24 37	130 261	253 251
65 years ond aver	1 602 6 903	51 576	186 1 218	334 1 528	265 1 364	254 1 050	188 454	91 228	26 121	15 44	192 320	228 199
15 ta 24 years 25 ta 34 years	1 432 2 105	35 50	221 217	369 408	415 532	197 498	100 172	26 108	25 43	_ 24	44 53 36	207 231 190
35 ta 44 years 45 ta 64 years	801 1 563	86 134	181 361	142 396	139 184	106 203	54 100	31 38 25	19 25	7 13	36 109	175
65 years and averFemale householder, no husband present	1 002 12 520	271 1 868	238 1 792	213 2 935	94 2 475	46 1 727	28 694	363	205	29	78 432	141 192
15 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 683 2 584	154 229	162 215	561 645	421 718	228 395	82 189	21 113	23 52	13 4	18 24 19	196 213 237
35 to 44 years 45 ta 64 years	1 431 2 611	67 252	152 522	299 633	266 485	329 419	167 88	84 77	36 65	12	19 70	237 188 153
65 years and averMedian age	4 211 39.7	1 166 67.7	741 54.4	797 38. 6	585 32.2	356 34.5	168 36.5	68 37.6	29 38.1	33.6	301 56.3	153
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 ta March 1980	10 623 10 373	473 1 039	856 1 271	2 254 2 035	2 614 2 361	1 928 1 881	1 022 867	666 401	424 188	173 56	213 274	230 215
1970 ta 1974 1960 ta 1969	4 437 2 709	588 402	644 536	937 647	814 360	751 245	267 119	135 78	95 45	5 2	201 275	197 170
1959 or earlier	1 784	145	316	382	219	68	47	25	12	-	570	169
ROOMS	1 395	475	663	155	18	15	22	7	<u>, </u>	28	12	114
2 rooms3 raams	2 060 7 168	588 859	472 1 134	556 2 219	271 1 769	101 819	20 177	38	14	8	30 136	146 184
4 raams 5 rooms	8 332 5 807	467 154	800 315	1 908 881	2 151 1 324	1 680 1 354	640 784	317 463	76 196	19	274 324	219 253
6 rooms 7 ar mare raoms	2 898 2 266	80 24	209 30	341 195	526 309	541 363	383 296	192 288	249 213	84 84	293 464	266 297
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	4.0	2.8	3.1	3.6	4.0	4.4	4.9	5.1	5.8	6.1	5.5	
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979	00.00	0 (47	2 (22			4 070	0.200	1 205	7/4	201	3 500	010
All income levels in 1979Camplete plumbing far exclusive use	29 926 28 842	2 647 2 389	3 623 3 188	6 255 6 106	6 368 6 269	4 873 4 831	2 322 2 297	1 305 1 305	764 764	236 236	1 533 1 457	212 215
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	18 321 9 679	1 620 673	2 080 1 026	4 159 1 782	3 681 2 353	3 050 1 658	1 423 839	696 577	414 309	111 103	1 087 359	210 226 217
1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 ar mare	599 243	74 22	56 26	92 73	168 67	101 22	35	32	34 7	22	4	198
Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use 0.50 or less	1 084 368	258 62	435 79	149 85	99 63 19	42 27	25 11	_	_	_	76 41	121 166 111
0.51 ta 1.00	637 51	178 10	336	58 6	19 17	10	8	_	_	_	28 7	202
1.51 ar mare Income in 1979 below poverty level	28 5 994	1 500	15 1 014	1 194	966	5 524	294	154	127	29	192	109 168
Complete plumbing far exclusive use	5 664 407	1 426 85	847 46	1 166	936 98	516 31	289 13	154	127	29	174	172
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 ar mare persans per raam	330 14	74	167	28	30	8	5		-	-	18	184 112 124
BEDROOMS				-								
Nane1	1 724 11 536	556 1 494	736 1 940	301 3 415	43 2 677	19 1 336	22 318	7 64	35	28 13	12 244	119 183
23	10 829 4 391	401 134	693 203	1 921 514	2 646 822	2 528 766	1 273 469	689 352	174 415	25 117	479 599	241 264
4 5 ar mare	985 461	62	42 9	60 44	141 39	144 80	165 75	129 64	78 62	39 14	125 74	294 314
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	7	(10					2 (2			170		0.40
1, detached ar attached	7 891 4 667	618 180	509 583	1 035 1 474	1 417 1 280	1 122 577	863 201	591 83	445 48	172 8	1 119	242 199
3 and 4 5 to 9	5 248 3 644	271 330	938 605	1 745 1 103	1 327 847	568 389	169 213	101 99	59 30	6 8	64 20	190 191 255
10 to 49 50 ar mare	5 409 2 517	356 887	508 451	557 201	1 080 246	1 823 317	594 247	335 85	119 49	15 26	22 8 67	140 222
Mabile hame ar trailer, etc YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	550	5	29	140	171	77	35	11	14	'	67	222
1975 ta March 1980 1970 ta 1974	2 050 2 927	410 272	189 238	163 320	256 464	324 725	240 461	247 251	143 83	49 42	29 71	248 260
1960 ta 1969	4 381 2 031	493 147	138 144	286 363	891 470	1 412 436	545 181	259 58	162 56	21	174 166	260 226 202
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	3 056 15 481	312 1 013	254	869 4 254	766 3 521	462 1 514	125 770	109 381	41 279	108	112 981	202
STORIES IN STRUCTURE												
1 ta 3 4 ar mare	27 396 2 530	1 734 913	3 043 580	5 822 433	6 160 208	4 698 175	2 180 142	1 265 40	730 34	231 5	1 533	218 126
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	1 965	875	432	234	126	133	107	24	29	5	-	113
INCOME IN 1979	5.000	5.47	044	1.516	1 200	707	017	150	97	25		196
Less than 15 percent	5 809 4 951	547 311	966 575	1 515 984	1 388	796 1 059	316 449	159 242 254	89	25 25 27	:::	224 216
20 ta 24 percent 25 ta 29 percent	4 771 3 220 1 812	783 523	429 324 211	857 643	933 623	882 540	438 315	256 119 90	166 95 59	38 14		210 210 224
30 ta 34 percent 35 ta 49 percent 50 percent ar mare	3 494 4 023	164 209 94	582 481	358 837 999	393 702 1 041	388 555 622	135 288 336	185 237	103	33 74		209 218
Not camputed Median	1 846 23.4	16 22.9	55 22.8	62 23.5	71 22.9	31 23.2	45 24.3	17 24.7	16 26.2	31.1	1 533	215
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		22.4	22.6	23.3	22.9	23.2		24.7			•••	•••
Heating equipment Central heating system	29 915 27 488	2 644 2 374	3 615 3 352	6 255 5 676	6 368 5 881	4 873 4 501	2 322 2 159	1 305 1 238	764 714	236 211	1 533 1 382	213 213
Air conditioningCentrol system	12 818 4 035	607 120	1 045 91	1 985 193	2 571 477	3 112 1 327	1 536 879	784 507	469 313	107 54	602 74	213 248 292

Table A -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimotes based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Dota are estimot	es bosed on	o somple, see	Infroduction.				ion. For deti	nitions of fer	ms, see oppend	lixes A ond 8		
				-1		ousehold incor							Income in
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (doltars)	Meon (dollars)	1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	82 856	6 150	10 172	5 613	5 301	13 072	13 434	17 697	8 263	3 154	20 391	22 312	4 194
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	61 260 1 572	1 254 57	4 990 69	3 542 124	3 671 182	9 889 447	11 472 410	15 886 256	7 626 27	2 930	23 051 19 019	25 394 18 798	1 444 61
25 to 34 years	11 700 11 745	157 136	393 267	520 297	552 501	2 557 1 624	3 257 2 601	3 344 4 029	792 1 805	128 485	22 340 25 912	23 166 27 799	313 273
45 to 64 years65 years and over	25 799 10 444	359 545	991 3 270	1 038 1 563	1 197 1 239	3 773 1 48 8	4 360 844	7 411 846	4 653 349	2 017 300	26 258 12 250	29 503 16 027	437 360
Male householder, no wife present	7 184 312	954 33	1 364 16	627 47	633 76	1 273 60	959 60	937 18	298 2	139	15 047	17 085 15 245	498 34
25 to 34 years	1 323 888	68 50	120 41	106 46	158 49	371 230	264 182	204 188	21 76	11 26	17 538 20 631	18 246 22 292	68 40
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	2 295 2 366	632	290 897	217 211	193 157 997	442 170 1 910	358 95 1 003	407 120 874	70 70	88 14	17 787 7 351 9 198	20 186	122 234
Female householder, no husband present	14 412 141 920	3 942 23 106	3 818 50 161	1 444 9 144	20 110	17 17	1003 10 82	8 85	339 4 33	85 - 2	9 632	11 818 11 978 14 794	2 252 29
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 132 4 849	122	156	152 613	133 452	283 901	101 474	125 360	54 124	6	13 614 15 039 12 090	15 951 13 680	134 172 556
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	7 370 52.4	3 025 70.9	2 205 68.1	526 61.7	282 56.8	512 48.6	336 43.9	296 46.3	124 49.4	64 52.5	6 232	9 584	1 361 63.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	52.4	70.7	00.1	01	50.0	40.0	40.7		47.4	32.3	•••	•••	03.1
1979 to March 1980	6 589	254	442 1 016	409 793	460 989	1 297 2 945	1 340	1 570	599	218	21 379	23 446	248
1975 to 1978	16 119 12 803 19 157	686 552 1 046	1 000	684 1 134	803 1 094	2 396 2 505	3 504 2 337 3 197	4 067 3 284 4 549	1 609 1 212 2 564	510 535 1 087	22 142 21 942 22 908	23 595 24 007 25 166	777 524
1960 to 1969	28 188	3 612	5 733	2 593	1 955	3 929	3 056	4 227	2 279	804	15 240	18 604	823 1 822
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	01 075	5 000	0.055	5 552	5 051	10 010	12 240	17 (0)	0.010	2 120	00 400	00 405	2 000
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	81 875 924 981	5 900 15 250	9 955 43 217	5 553 34 60	5 251 68 50	12 912 176 160	13 340 171 94	17 606 199 91	8 219 175 44	3 139 43 15	20 480 23 676 10 979	22 405 26 548 14 544	3 999 79 195
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment	62 82 816	6 130	7 10 156	2 5 613	5 301	20 13 070	23 13 434	17 697	8 263	3 152	18 846 20 397	16 287 22 317	15 4 176
Centrol heating system	78 512 39 525	5 595 1 793	9 488 3 553	5 343 2 321	4 919 2 236	12 270 6 103	12 767 6 689	17 012 9 587	8 039 4 993	3 079 2 250	20 601 22 762	22 562 25 468	3 759 1 259
Centrol system	9 239 76 059	317 3 276	566 7 752	324 5 153	357 5 021	1 149 12 672	1 511 13 255	2 243 17 551	1 673 8 246	1 099 3 133	26 465 21 467	31 884 23 604	227 2 781
1 2 or more	26 811 49 248	2 384 892	5 721 2 031	3 190 1 963	2 725 2 296	5 272 7 400	3 577 9 678	2 910 14 641	824 7 422	208 2 925	14 436 25 192	15 935 27 779	1 596 1 185
House heating fuelUtility gas	82 816 18 524	6 130 1 346	10 156 2 231	5 613 1 164	5 301 1 012	13 070 2 780	13 434 2 925	17 697 4 024	8 263 2 072	3 152 970	20 397 21 162	22 317 23 876	4 176 886
8ottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity	704 7 971	58 272	118 423	63 267	74 349	72 1 250	108 1 571	123 2 303	1 079	30 457	17 643 24 500	20 251 26 807	57 238
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	51 278 4 339	4 023 431	6 769 615	3 804 315	3 540 326	8 200 768	8 108 722	10 481 766	4 733 321	1 620 75	19 566 18 055	21 350 19 173	2 623 372
Median rooms Specified owner-occupied housing units	6.1	5.6 4 625	5.7 7 942	5.7 4 265	5.8 4 112	6.0	6.2 11 258	6.4 15 236	6.8	7.6 2 471	20 871	22 581	3 022
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY				- 200									
OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	32 670	793	1 424	1 242	1 612	5 834	6 828	9 561	4 086	1 290	23 907	25 712	987
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	2 368 4 548	177 117	232 349	158 324	137 355	513 916	435 881	531 1 107	155 461	30 38	19 547 20 939	20 164 21 988	155 182
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	5 557 5 228	131 93	274 183	237 207	382 288	1 121 984	1 168 1 253	1 550 1 517	556 555	13 8 148	22 553 23 2 07	24 281 24 838	173 122
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	4 462 5 646	70 65	150 154	126 116	181 189	925 885	1 035 1 291	1 348 1 870	524 810	103 266	23 662 25 346	25 189 27 185	9 8 99
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	2 858 1 290	100 40	54 3	43 19	59 20	343 88	531 191	1 029 437	498 315	201 177	27 189 29 439	29 299 36 147	116 40
\$750 or more Medion	713 \$337	\$289	25 \$274	12 \$279	\$29 l	59 \$319	43 \$337	172 \$353	212 \$380	189 \$462	34 594	43 801	\$295
Not mortgaged Less than \$50	34 991 145	3 832 57	6 518 47	3 023 7	2 500	4 966 20	4 430 11	5 675 3	2 866	1 181	16 567 6 250	19 657 9 138	2 035 35
\$50 to \$74	704 3 213	236 667	193 890	78 326	27 191	56 459	58 337	30 227	26 76	40	7 708 10 380	10 964 13 290	157 310
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	6 909 8 844	979 933	1 590 1 713	719 856	568 764	967 1 343	765 1 140	927 1 487	304 524	90 84	13 233 15 593	15 810 17 562	4 8 9 406
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	10 659 3 135 1 382	672 208 80	1 573 371 141	839 169 29	674 207	1 536 439	1 560 396	2 184 584 233	1 119 593 224	502 168 2 97	20 101 22 027 26 898	22 347 25 099 39 544	412 168 58
Median	\$143	\$124	\$133	\$136	69 \$140	146 \$143	163 \$148	\$154	\$172	\$188	20 070	39 344	\$127
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	32 670	793	1 424	1 242	1 612	5 834	6 828	9 561	4 086	1 290	23 907	25 712	987
Less than 15 percent	11 469 7 709	-	7 28	24 80	51 247	737 1 486	1 847 2 208	4 770 2 769	2 905 776	1 128 115	30 8 84 24 533	34 743 25 686	- 8
20 to 24 percent	5 437 3 138	7 5	48 127	256 263	441 372	1 469	1 576 707	1 268 565	336 50	36 11	21 477 18 818	22 456 19 499	22 12
30 to 34 percent	1 739 3 063	15 651	245 969	226 393	218 283	604 500	327 163	91 98	13	_	16 097 9 532	16 151 10 561	34 796
Not computed Medion	115 18.1	115 50+	44.4	30.0	25.9	22.4	18.5	15.0	12.2	10—	2500—	-1 645 ···	115 50+
Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	34 991 15 321	3 832 10	6 518 100	3 023 235	2 500 374	4 966 2 148	4 430 3 231	5 675 5 252	2 866 2 809	1 181 1 162	16 567 27 333	19 657 31 148	2 035 45
10 to 14 percent	7 504 3 969	39 116	771 1 722	1 326 1 100	1 460 524	2 326 418	1 132 40	381 42	57	12 7	15 290 10 333	16 001 10 910	48 48
20 to 24 percent	2 291 1 646	205 412	1 618	292 62	111 31	51 14	14 6	Ξ	_	-	7 840 6 312	8 161 6 623	91 87
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	1 152 2 926 182	523 2 352 175	613 573	1	_	9	- - 7	=		=	5 269 3 813 2500—	5 533 3 83 9 156	104 1 437 175
Medion	11.4	39.8	22.1	14.8	13.0	10.7	10—	10—	10-	10—	2300—	130	49.4

Table A=4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota ore estimotes bosed on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Н	ousehold incor	ne in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	31 688	6 983	7 297	3 629	2 977	4 746	2 951	2 180	699	226	11 077	13 019	6 260
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 55 to 34 yeors 65 yeors and over Female householder, no husbond present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 yeors and over Medion oge	11 674 1 894 3 774 1 697 2 594 1 715 7 190 2 205 829 1 602 1 041 12 824 1 704 2 674 4 499 2 676 4 271 39.4	705 126 188 60 148 183 1 398 280 187 89 336 506 4 880 587 611 368 773 2 541	1 768 305 305 137 303 658 1 634 377 398 185 384 290 3 895 562 901 452 866 1114 44.5	1 302 284 389 154 256 219 999 290 328 120 162 99 1 328 431 159 386 431 434,2	1 336 295 395 222 228 196 699 131 287 91 138 52 942 126 315 170 174 157 34.3	2 560 470 1 099 359 470 162 2 1 175 213 537 113 258 54 1 011 165 220 218 286 122 32.8	1 942 320 782 350 372 118 629 167 242 81 121 18 380 644 89 101 68 832.8	1 458 76 479 284 531 88 476 55 168 94 145 246 32 92 22 38.8	452 18 68 92 221 53 124 - 47 30 44 3 123 - 15 49 48 81 11	151 - 9 39 65 38 56 - 11 26 14 5 19 - - 3 4 12 53.2	16 381 14 466 17 211 18 940 18 985 10 188 11 409 10 858 14 151 13 063 11 250 5 203 6 872 7 764 9 023 6 828 4 533 	17 881 14 723 17 579 20 388 21 839 13 566 13 046 11 365 15 014 16 647 13 448 8 578 8 546 9 517 6 333 9 517 6 333	902 1777 274 153 180 118 1 172 341 161 120 287 263 4 186 705 821 484 767 1 409 42.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	11 054	2 188	2 685	1 404	1 077	1 703	1 043	781	118	55	11 165	12 641	2 428
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	10 932 4 749 2 885 2 068	2 119 1 254 841 581	2 412 1 076 594 530	1 262 528 270 165	1 139 408 182 171	1 795 604 407 237	1 166 363 227 152	703 345 218 133	275 130 104 72	61 41 42 27	11 852 10 211 10 069 8 742	13 660 12 683 12 997 12 451	1 948 961 571 352
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	30 536 19 328 10 302 663 243 1 152 424 643 55 30	6 558 4 650 1 712 130 66 425 183 236 2	7 010 4 684 2 089 165 72 287 102 172 2 11	3 517 2 298 1 141 53 25 112 26 64 12 10	2 861 1 673 1 087 76 25 116 55 56 5	4 646 2 616 1 912 99 19 100 32 43 20 5	2 888 1 623 1 200 58 7 63 15 34 14	2 147 1 268 814 44 21 33 9 24	688 390 266 24 8 11 2 9	221 126 81 14 5	11 208 10 359 12 981 11 722 8 125 7 260 6 318 7 055 18 312 10 000	13 152 12 531 14 294 14 280 11 015 9 500 8 359 9 627 16 869 9 377	5 920 3 142 2 357 285 136 340 128 198 2
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearing equipment	31 675 28 932 13 258 4 143 22 698 14 360 8 338 31 675 7 420 409 4 195 18 453 1 198	6 978 6 212 1 962 475 2 245 1 880 365 6 978 1 408 56 794 4 514 206	7 289 6 634 2 820 686 4 498 3 742 756 7 289 1 606 77 840 4 544 222	3 629 3 354 1 472 438 3 062 2 335 727 3 629 821 51 422 2 213 122	2 977 2 703 1 278 360 2 681 1 939 742 2 977 727 62 364 1 668 156	4 746 4 414 2 265 680 4 407 2 450 1 957 4 746 1 133 58 700 2 652 203	2 951 2 665 1 612 637 2 806 1 220 1 586 2 951 809 59 498 1 421 164	2 180 2 086 1 278 523 2 106 591 1 515 2 180 624 35 386 1 058 77	699 674 415 256 683 146 537 699 195 7 156 310 31	226 190 156 88 210 57 153 226 97 4 35 73	11 082 11 208 13 234 15 712 13 940 11 668 19 063 11 082 12 119 13 327 12 785 10 190 13 285	13 022 13 134 15 331 18 728 15 672 12 741 20 719 13 022 14 486 14 533 14 689 11 910 14 739	6 247 5 421 1 506 395 2 435 1 765 670 6 247 1 171 58 636 4 157 225
Medion rooms	4.1 29 926	3.3	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.9	5.5 624	5.6 175	10 074	10 707	3.7 5 994
Specified renter-occupied housing units CONTRACT RENT	29 920	6 754	6 995	3 464	2 774	4 405	2 747	1 988	624	1/3	10 876	12 787	3 994
Less than \$100	4 184 6 511 8 148 5 206 2 847 935 334 162 66 1 533 \$168	2 330 1 763 1 446 598 193 85 15 8 7 309 \$126	911 1 961 2 283 987 387 95 13 - 5 353 \$156	216 795 1 172 685 296 61 15 26 11 187 \$172	176 543 799 656 380 49 26 11 7 127 \$185	239 672 1 337 1 061 671 175 35 14 4 197 \$192	150 427 696 662 428 170 79 20 12 103 \$203	114 271 362 395 379 177 63 58 3 166 \$219	42 66 43 123 91 109 50 11 8 81 \$249	6 13 10 39 22 14 38 14 9 10 \$277	4 687 8 704 10 736 13 769 16 190 20 059 24 048 25 192 19 375 11 397	7 496 10 372 11 810 14 941 17 348 20 616 37 744 27 694 26 953 14 494	1 835 1 612 1 388 606 204 103 15 19 20 192 \$130
GROSS RENT												5 100	. 500
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$449 \$500 or more No cosh rent	2 647 3 623 6 255 6 368 4 873 2 322 1 305 764 236 1 533 \$212	1 944 1 249 1 426 1 003 408 211 103 86 15 309 \$151	1 304 1 932 1 501 892 323 182 56 8 353 \$191	93 396 831 876 622 230 137 56 36 187 \$217	57 185 623 745 616 243 109 51 18 127 \$231	58 236 756 1 087 1 132 561 231 124 23 197 \$248	16 128 425 667 678 345 209 135 41 103 \$256	20 95 221 416 372 265 257 142 34 166 \$272	15 26 41 40 116 132 57 72 44 81 \$313	- 4 - 33 37 12 20 42 17 10 \$335	4 023 6 890 9 379 11 941 14 588 16 498 18 002 20 296 22 143 11 397	5 108 8 437 10 623 13 070 15 563 17 276 18 534 25 961 28 403 14 494	1 500 1 014 1 194 966 524 294 154 127 29 192 \$168
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	5 809 4 951 4 771 3 220 1 812 3 494 4 023 1 846 23.4	51 166 725 551 269 1 150 3 220 622 50+	279 584 941 1 231 966 1 902 739 353 31.5	343 576 953 650 374 332 49 -187 23.8	373 856 776 430 126 71 15 127 20.6	1 229 1 605 998 281 63 32 - 197 17.7	1 501 782 281 62 11 7 - 103 14.2	1 378 340 86 15 3 - 166 12.2	490 42 11 - - - 81 10—	165 - - - - - 10	21 830 15 869 11 887 9 362 8 552 6 214 3 620 9 182	24 228 15 969 11 921 9 603 8 522 6 530 3 654 11 976	93 290 571 473 253 965 2 844 505 50+

Table A - 5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimo	otes bosed on o	somple, see Inti	oduction. For m	leaning of symbo	ols, see Introduction	on. For definition	ons of ferms, see	e oppendixes A	ond 8)	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	32 670	2 368	4 548	5 557	5 228	4 462	5 646	2 858	1 290	713	337
PERSONS IN UNIT					47.						
1 person2 persons	2 074 7 553	313 740	349 991	430 1 309	274 1 078	1 017	320 1 391	121 635	26 234	14 158	294 334
3 persons 4 persons	7 424 9 471	443 512	1 152 1 316	1 151 1 612	1 354 1 559	1 143 1 253	1 242 1 564	536 934	290 458	113 263	336 342
5 persons6 persons	3 946 1 552	203 139	452 204	711 228	639 232	538 188	702 274	413 167	176 79	112 41	347 344
7 persons8 or more persons	483 167 3.40	16 2 2.80	49 35	87 29 3.40	62 30 3.43	61 35	142 11 3.40	43 9	17 10	6 6	373 329
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	3.40	2.00	3.31	3.40	3.43	3.36	3.40	3.65	3.71	3.77	
Married-couple families	27 764	1 759	3 784	4 567	4 483	3 889	4 911	2 555	1 152	664	342
15 to 24 years	1 077 9 332	63 293	116 864	158 1 219	177 1 582	218 1 585	218 2 175	, 106 978	12 433	203	356 372
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	8 111 8 578	459 828	1 159 1 538	1 340 1 751	1 304 1 303	1 032 964	1 397 1 052	781 646	446 261	193 235	342 307
Male householder, no wife present	2 192	116 191	107 264	99 473	117 365	90 284	366	157	75	24 17	305 323
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	150 755	10 30	12 52	16 189	30 120	23 96	36 184	23 59	25	-	365 344
35 to 44 years	515 650	29 75	43 15]	134 122	60 134	103 51	69 65	45 23	27 17	5 12	343 291
Cample householder no husband process	122 2 714	47 418	500	12 517	21 380	11 289	12 369	7 14 <u>6</u>	63	32	283 292
15 to 24 years	49 591	2 67	82	34 82	121	82	100	7 37	18	2	283 327
35 to 44 years	676 1 077	43 189	89 265	132 222	102 109	102 83	108 151	59 30	28 17	13 11	336 269
65 years and over	321 39.1	117 48.4	64 43.9	47 40.7	38.3	36.6	35.6	13 37.0	37.5	42.1	234
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to Morch 1980	4 408 10 968	126 311	274 705	344 1 375	391 1 821	542 1 926	1 124 2 700	842 1 392	549 466	216 272	448 383
1970 to 1974	7 343 7 697	476 970	1 103 2 002	1 536 1 833	1 388 1 275	1 106 654	1 095 563	366 210	147 101	126 89	320 274
1959 or earlier	2 254	485	464	469	353	234	164	48	27	10	269
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	220	54	55	26	34	25	7	16	3	_	252
4 rooms5 rooms	1 390 5 007	157 572	323 835	223 882	256 827	166 824	181 755	64 241	11 56	9 15	298 313
6 rooms	9 646 7 424	764 505	1 529 965	1 818 1 338	1 639 1 087	1 383 974	1 551 1 431	619 677	237 325	106 122	322 342
8 or more rooms Medion	8 983 6.5	316 6.0	841 6.2	1 270 6.4	1 385	1 090	1 721	1 241 7.2	658 7.5	461 8.0	381
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							• • •				
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974	5 295 3 817	42 90	121 172	192 516	433 701	673 786	1 808 877	1 226 402	551 192	249 81	465 377
1960 to 1969	4 987 4 152	206 299	744 655	1 055 815	941 758	623 634	738 600	379 200	155 124	146 67	326 320
1940 to 1949	2 511 11 908	243 1 488	390 2 466	521 2 458	447 1 948	443 1 303	317 1 306	114 537	23 245	13 157	311 291
VALUE	11 700	1 400	2 400	1 430	1 740	1 303	1 300	307	243	13,	271
Less than \$10,000	418	140	123	53	73	19	10	_	-	-	228
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	2 748 4 243	659 579	889 1 095	1 133	276 784	124 352	112 239	23 55	4	2	240 270
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	5 513 6 155	521 247	929 877	1 146 1 046	1 139 1 105	946 1 040	642 1 353	154 391	30 86	10	307 341
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	5 130 5 859	145 56	358 227	755 652	834 833	859 910	1 281 1 488	600 1 058	249 502	49 133	378 415
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	1 599 795	20 1	40 10	87 20	115 54	153	391 115	394 166	240 153	159 225 129	498 588
\$150,000 or more	\$45 200	\$26 000	\$31 700	\$38 300	15 \$42 700	\$47 200	\$53 200	\$63 200	\$70 900	\$99 700	750 +
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less thon 15 percent	11 469 7 709	1 707 233	2 718 835	2 807 1 328	1 861 1 586	1 010 1 391	864 1 547	298 527	140 164	64 98	273 346
20 to 24 percent	5 437 3 138	109 68	397 196	655 266	842 384	931 580	1 392 749	666 512	286 281	159	388 409
30 to 34 percent35 percent or more	1 739 3 063	65 154	148 244	139 356	206 341	168 367	498 586	312 514	157 257	46 244	425 412
Not computed Medion	115	32 11.4	10 13.7	6 14.9	8 17.4	15 19.4	10 21.5	29 24.4	5 25.9	26.7	355
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			10.7	14.7	17.4	17.4	21.3	27.7	25.7	20.7	.,,
Heating equipmentSteom or hot water system	32 670 13 169	2 368 1 064	4 548 1 856	5 557 2 363	5 22 8 2 299	4 462 1 922	5 646 2 131	2 858 924	1 290 391	713 219	337 328
Central warm-air furnace or electric heot pump Other built-in electric units	14 110 3 836	1 077	2 136 294	2 432 495	2 047 616	1 790	2 375	1 247 549	615 253	391 83	334 389 286 319
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoceOther means	160 1 395	21 149	27 235	45 222	23 243	20	22 214	136	31	20	286
Air conditioning Centrol system	17 157 4 666	1 069	2 171 295	2 849 425	2 591 474	2 449	3 094 1 100	1 550 800	811 435	573 366	348 429
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	12 491 32 670	980 2 368	1 876 4 548	2 424 5 557	2 117 5 228	1 767 4 462	1 994 5 646	750 2 858	376 1 290	207 713	323 337
Utility gos	8 011 134	795 18	1 291	1 431 25	1 242	1 123	1 207 36	481	262	179	320 342
Electricity	5 068 18 262	85 1 352	343 2 717	570 3 320	744 3 000	768 2 408	1 233 3 007	793 1 473	356 646	176 339	402 329
Other	1 195	118	178	211	236	147	163	97	26	19	319

Table A-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Uoto ore estimote	s nosea ou o sour	pie, see mirouocii	on. For meoning	or symbols, see i	ilirouscitoli. Foi i	denimions of term	is, see oppendixes	A Ollu Oj	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	34 991	145	704	3 213	6 909	8 844	10 659	3 135	1 382	143
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person 2 persons	7 551 16 189	90 31	299 272	1 268 1 501	1 974 3 321	1 864 4 553	1 475 4 800	393 1 168	188 543	127 141
3 persons	5 881	10	91 20	268	1 040	1 345	2 131	750	246	l 154 l
4 persons	3 288 1 319	14	20 13	115	389 123	744 207	1 311 644	514 179	195 96	164 170
5 persons6 persons	495	- 14	1	43 16	44	78	208	72	76	176
7 persons	182	-	8	2	16	42 11	49 41	46 13	19 19	173 187
8 or more persons	86 2.11	1.31	1.69	1.73	1.95	2.06	2.30	2.51	2.43	107
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	23 096	23	327	1 570	4 116	5 934	7 734	2 336	1 056	148
15 to 24 yeors	63	_	2	10	9	17	25	-	_	140
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	720 1 740	6	24 11	29 107	143 261	150 389	212 723	78 182	78 67	152
45 to 64 years	12 870	10	128	712	2 096	3 243 2 135	4 681	1 434	566	153
65 yeors ond over Maje householder, no wife present	7 703 3 089	7 45	162 114	712 526	1 607 744	702	2 093 670	642 187	345 101	129
15 to 24 years	25	-		8	4	-	8	5		153
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	131 142	5	6	15 34	58 11	34 34	17 34	18	5	120
45 to 64 years	1 053	13 27 77	18 90	207	243	260	240 371	18 57 105	15	129
65 yeors ond over Femole householder, no husband present	1 738 8 806	77	263	262 1 117	428 2 049	374 2 208	2 255	612	81 225	135
15 to 24 years	22 106	13	- 2	6	6 25	35	4 10	6	5	121
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	228	- 1	5	16	23	46	96	16 19	23	140 152 157 153 141 129 153 120 140 129 129 129 135 121 134 163 137
45 to 64 years	2 801 5 649	36 28	45 211	262 833	746 1 249	664 1 463	790 1 355	178 393	80 117	137
65 yeors ond over	62.8	63.7	68.8	66.8	64.2	63.5	60.7	60.8	60.3	134
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980	653	6	28	42	104	115	240	75	43	157
1975 to 1978	1 991	49	33	154	309	451	636	250	109	157 150 153 151
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	2 836 8 277	6 25	44 131	240 448	416 1 523	651 1 941	995 2 784	317 1 044	167 381	153
1959 or earlier	21 234	25 59	468	2 329	4 557	5 686	6 004	1 449	682	139
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	681	58	40	200	151	97	90	23	22	107
4 rooms5 rooms	3 857 7 450	33 32	161 201	591 782	1 050 1 768	1 097 1 939	742 2 124	136 474	47	127
6 rooms	11 624	11	158	1 053	2 390	3 273	3 558	956	130 225	142
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	5 856 5 523	11	76 68	361 226	896 654	1 367 1 071	2 191 1 954	678 868	287 671	127 137 142 155 169
Medion	6.0	3.9	5.3	5.5	5.7	5.9	6.2	6.5	7.4	107
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to Morch 1980	687	6	20	33	53	138	226	129	82	171
1970 to 1974	1 056	-	6	60	128	195	420	160	87	167
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	3 616 6 829	25 9	32 89	114 344	489 1 049	706 1 871	1 432 2 381	591 717	227 369	165 151
1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	3 200 19 603	20 85	52 505	341 2 321	660 4 530	783 5 151	959 5 241	253 1 285	132 485	142 136
	17 603	65	303	2 321	4 330	3 131	3 241	1 203	463	130
VALUE										,,,,
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	1 787 6 250	32 62	155 246	421 1 130	483 1 683	358 1 488	290 1 320	28 260	20 61	115
\$20,000 to \$29,999	7 302	17	167	756	1 862	2 137	1 854	412	97	125 135
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	6 729 5 249	26 8	55 51	585 177	1 526 840	2 005 1 532	2 077 2 082	368 446	87 113	140 150 164 186 202
\$50,000 to \$59,999	3 329	-	10	78	307	868	1 437	465	164	164
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	3 025 696	-	18	38 12	159 34	402 35	1 246 257	851 206	311 150	202
\$100,000 to \$149,999	437	-	-	13	9	13	86	86	230	250 +
\$150,000 or more	187 \$33 000	\$17 800	\$17 600	\$20 600	\$26 400	\$32 000	\$39 000	13 \$50 900	149 \$70 700	250 +
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less thon 10 percent	15 321	85	329	1 485	3 151	3 923	4 748	1 135	465	142
10 to 14 percent	7 504 3 969	85 33 12	122 111	624 353	1 396 731	1 850 991	2 382 1 179	754 431	343 161	146 145
20 to 24 percent	2 291	3	70	238	467	572	638	200	103	141
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	1 646 1 152		41 20	189 106	367 257 502	403 302	428 329	146 102	72 36	139 141
35 percent or more	2 926	-	9	216	502	790	914	310	185	148
Not computed Medion	182 11.4	12 10—	10.9	11.0	38 11.0 :	13 11.3	41 11.2	57 12,7	17 13.2	179
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	34 959	145	682	3 205	6 907	8 844	10 659	3 135	1 382	143
Steom or hot woter system	17 167	19	284	1 365	3 242	4 325 3 852	5 592	1 692	648	146
Centrol worm-oir furnoce or electric heot pump Other built-in electric units	14 410 1 448	50	237 22	1 350	3 058 218	3 852 308	4 184 490	1 095 212	584 97	141 158
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	421	5	22	78	104	105	87	20	-	125
Other meansAir conditioning	1 513 15 887	71 23	117 106	311 957	285 2 733	254 3 972	306 5 377	116 1 722	53 997	123 1 5 1
Centrol system	3 095	23 10	8	88	265	641	1 054	551	478	158 125 123 151 175 147
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	12 792 34 959	13 145	98 682	869 3 205	2 468 6 907	3 331 8 844	4 323 10 659	1 171 3 135	519 1 382	147
Utility gas	8 646	18	169	866	2 061	2 319	2 207	658	348	143 138 152
Electricity	210 1 757	8 6	3 31	32 120	30 239	30 345	51 591	43 263	13 162	162
Electricity	22 491	60	316	1 726	4 072	5 800	7 547	2 124	846	147
Other	1 855	53	163	461	505	350	263	47	13	112

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Ov	vner-occupied h					Rei	nter-occupied h		•	
The SMSA	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier
Occupied housing units	82 856	7 444	7 078	10 579	18 579	39 176	31 688	2 120	2 986	4 490	5 328	16 764
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 yeors 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 yeors ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 65 yeors ond over 65 yeors ond over 65 yeors ond over	61 260 1 572 11 700 11 745 25 799 10 444 7 184 312 1 323 888 2 295 2 366 14 412 141 920 1 132 4 849 7 370 52.4	6 421 284 3 059 1 467 1 318 293 529 47 224 132 108 18 494 11 122 121 180 60 34.9	5 801 176 1 692 1 801 1 775 337 54 173 76 150 78 746 28 147 115 249 207 40.6	8 708 182 935 2 172 4 359 1 060 617 41 79 103 230 164 1 254 81 179 529 457 49.8	14 312 315 1 961 1 870 7 554 2 612 1 494 81 261 158 539 455 2 773 19 130 202 1 020 1 402 55.5	26 018 6 053 4 435 10 793 6 122 4 013 813 813 1 268 1 651 9 145 9 145 9 145 9 15 2 871 5 244 5 57.0	11 674 1 894 3 774 1 697 2 594 1 715 7 190 1 513 2 205 2 205 2 205 1 602 1 041 12 824 1 704 2 674 4 271 39.4	746 106 290 80 103 167 494 103 183 39 110 59 880 50 125 80 147 478	1 140 225 366 138 275 136 607 142 212 80 97 76 1 239 131 216 189 185 518	1 778 295 491 154 474 364 803 137 268 111 1 909 161 377 140 386 845	1 862 394 637 282 339 210 1 186 127 273 473 127 207 106 2 280 398 687 336 408 451 33.7	6 148 874 1 990 1 043 1 403 838 4 100 858 1 069 504 980 689 6 516 964 1 269 7 54 1 550 1 979 40.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	6 589 16 119 12 803 19 157 28 188	2 405 5 039 - - -	610 1 911 4 557 -	660 1 451 1 275 7 193	896 2 501 2 256 3 712 9 214	2 018 5 217 4 715 8 252 18 974	11 054 10 932 4 749 2 885 2 068	1 019 1 101 - -	1 084 1 123 779 -	1 343 1 728 784 635	2 190 1 714 726 421 277	5 418 5 266 2 460 1 829 1 791
ROOMS 1 room	99 266 1 528 8 411 15 650 24 439 32 463 6.1	12 20 90 597 1 457 1 892 3 376 6.3	8 14 97 1 060 1 584 1 721 2 594 6.0	13 65 169 1 234 2 286 2 520 4 292 6.1	19 68 396 2 879 4 034 5 916 5 267 5.8	47 99 776 2 641 6 289 12 390 16 934 6.3	1 397 2 071 7 260 8 587 6 140 3 317 2 916 4.1	67 267 737 444 297 195 113 3.5	134 279 612 960 695 209 97 4.0	164 256 1 136 1 377 1 151 258 148 4.0	152 313 1 116 1 653 1 089 617 388 4.2	880 956 3 659 4 153 2 908 2 038 2 170 4.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	81 875 57 345 23 606 798 126 981 698 221 38 24	7 427 4 603 2 702 95 27 17 11 6	7 070 4 141 2 821 97 11 8 - 2 6	10 531 6 903 3 471 138 19 48 36 5	18 403 13 061 5 163 154 25 176 98 66 12	38 444 28 637 9 449 314 44 732 553 144 1	30 536 19 328 10 302 663 243 1 152 424 643 55 30	2 101 1 329 732 29 11 19 	2 971 1 846 1 052 52 21 15 13 2	4 446 3 025 1 323 74 24 44 25 19	5 179 3 027 1 940 139 73 149 69 71	15 839 10 101 5 255 369 114 925 298 551 46 30
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	12 621 29 193 16 164 14 846 6 319 3 713 2.49 236 320	560 1 982 1 765 2 024 760 353 3.17	649 1 908 1 442 1 992 775 312 3.18 22 840	1 053 3 623 2 218 2 167 1 015 503 2.78 32 440	2 523 7 805 3 657 2 896 1 170 528 2.37 50 001	7 836 13 875 7 082 5 767 2 599 2 017 2.35 106 868	12 758 8 832 4 789 2 951 1 485 873 1.85	1 003 579 278 153 70 37 1.60	1 209 874 495 297 73 38 1.82 6 159	1 856 1 521 632 318 120 43 1.76	1 931 1 449 882 569 317 180 2.01	6 759 4 409 2 502 1 614 905 575 1.87 36 537
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	76 024 2 215 763 192 208 97 3 357	6 679 32 21 21 15 12 664	5 498 23 6 12 49 58 1 432	9 509 54 23 12 25 6 950	17 964 242 66 31 53 5	36 374 1 864 647 116 66 16 93	9 653 4 667 5 248 3 644 5 409 2 517 550	440 46 46 223 631 676 58	409 96 91 221 1 344 627 198	775 172 249 285 2 007 782 220	2 212 838 936 643 473 193 33	5 817 3 515 3 926 2 272 954 239 41
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot woler system Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce Other meons Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	82 816 36 899 34 772 6 093 748 4 304 4 39 525 9 239 30 286 82 816 18 524 704 707 7 971 51 278 4 339 4 194 5.1	7 444 1 645 3 685 1 623 21 470 3 701 2 207 1 494 7 444 7 1 81 2 514 3 756 352 239 3.2	7 076 1 388 3 513 1 703 37 435 3 877 2 000 7 076 1 265 154 2 197 3 220 240 225 3.2	10 579 3 965 4 459 1 628 43 484 5 887 1 919 3 968 10 579 2 853 142 1 894 5 383 307 379 3.6	18 579 6 964 10 164 505 199 747 10 085 2 316 7 769 18 579 5 508 140 642 11 614 675 3.6	39 138 22 937 12 951 634 448 2 168 15 975 920 15 055 39 138 8 157 187 724 27 305 2 765 2 674 6.8	31 675 16 565 9 187 2 869 311 2 743 13 258 4 143 9 115 31 675 7 420 409 4 195 18 453 1 198 6 260 19.8	2 120 387 966 696 7 644 1 480 840 2 120 387 23 1 052 639 19 370 17.5	2 986 633 1 592 573 19 169 2 310 1 502 808 2 986 1 134 35 1 037 770 10 474 15.9	4 490 1 450 1 788 790 68 394 3 244 1 394 1 850 4 490 1 939 58 1 053 1 413 27 743 16.5	5 328 2 888 1 483 327 41 589 1 735 236 1 499 5 328 1 244 102 408 3 384 1 90 1 222 22.9	16 751 11 207 3 358 483 176 1 527 4 489 171 4 318 16 751 2 716 191 645 12 247 952 3 451 20.6
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medin Medin	6 150 10 172 5 613 5 301 13 072 13 434 17 697 8 263 3 154 \$20 391 \$22 312	220 338 250 334 1 213 1 777 2 026 900 386 \$23 816 \$26 246	252 505 387 403 1 093 1 419 9 930 776 313 \$23 000 \$24 830	493 896 621 617 1 349 1 751 2 534 1 530 788 \$23 734 \$26 919	1 049 2 135 1 282 1 202 2 998 2 947 4 248 2 024 694 \$20 986 \$23 088	4 136 6 298 3 073 2 745 6 419 5 540 6 959 3 033 973 \$17 609 \$19 498	6 983 7 297 3 629 2 977 4 746 2 951 2 180 699 226 \$11 077 \$13 019	610 445 188 136 302 174 183 51 31 \$10 066 \$13 224	610 652 307 227 400 362 276 126 26 \$11 881 \$14 662	878 788 440 479 790 499 453 117 46 \$13 225 \$15 194	1 258 1 112 669 546 795 558 274 91 25 \$11 099 \$12 435	3 627 4 300 2 025 1 589 2 459 1 358 994 314 98 \$10 562 \$12 304

Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Owner-occupied I	nousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detoched or attoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	82 856 285	76 024 156	3 475 129	3 357	31 688 275	9 653 47	4 667	5 248 12	3 644	5 409 131	2 517 57	550
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 5 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	61 260 1 572 11 700 11 745 25 799 10 444 7 184 312 1 323 888	57 245 1 205 10 837 11 113 24 481 9 609 6 029 183 997 760	1 949 83 307 222 760 577 563 44 165 61	2 066 284 556 410 558 258 592 85 161 67	11 674 1 894 3 774 1 697 2 594 1 715 7 190 1 513 2 205 829	5 026 566 1 716 1 006 1 196 542 1 642 338 567 151	1 836 384 577 245 361 269 927 216 290 129	1 382 355 477 130 220 200 1 372 329 389 161	922 184 267 123 204 144 1 128 252 329 129	1 756 304 550 140 450 312 1 400 287 497 142	463 34 80 21 103 225 558 52 74 92	289 67 107 32 60 23 163 39 59
45 to 64 yeors 6.65 years and over Femole householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Medion age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	2 295 2 366 14 412 141 920 1 132 4 849 7 370 52.4	1 976 2 113 12 750 83 729 988 4 312 6 638 52.5	139 154 963 27 57 44 317 518 58.5	180 99 699 31 134 100 220 214 42.0	1 602 1 041 12 824 1 704 2 674 1 499 2 676 4 271 39.4	391 195 2 985 380 787 559 620 639 37.3	170 122 1 904 196 443 194 464 607 38.4	295 198 2 494 491 469 242 537 755 36.9	249 169 1 594 315 347 163 342 427 37.4	300 174 2 253 269 487 292 541 664 39.9	171 169 1 496 36 104 33 161 1 162 70.2	60 23 163 39 59 25 26 14 98 17 37 16 11 17
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	6 589 16 119 12 803 19 157 28 188	5 582 14 298 11 496 17 915 26 733	389 603 419 678 1 386	618 1 218 888 564 69	11 054 10 932 4 749 2 885 2 068	2 970 3 142 1 470 941 1 130	1 580 1 563 642 581 301	2 118 1 625 667 523 315	1 453 1 196 493 302 200	2 104 2 079 836 254 116	607 1 115 549 246	222 192 92 38 6
1 room 2 rooms	99 266 1 528 8 411 15 650 24 439 32 463 6.1	77 192 818 5 922 13 746 23 613 31 656 6.2	14 29 439 917 800 563 713 4.9	8 45 271 1 572 1 104 263 94 4.4	1 397 2 071 7 260 8 587 6 140 3 317 2 916 4.1	58 173 639 1 511 2 247 2 481 2 544 5.6	26 121 1 207 1 778 972 348 215 4.1	100 585 1 745 1 809 795 131 83 3.6	263 334 1 209 1 106 575 116 41 3.5	476 257 1 488 1 743 1 221 191 33 3.8	474 582 869 373 192 27 - 2.7	19 103 267 138 23 -
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	81 875 57 345 23 606 798 126 981 698 221 38 24	75 278 53 042 21 455 675 106 746 546 138 38 24	3 268 2 464 748 49 7 207 131 76	3 329 1 839 1 403 74 13 28 21 7	30 536 19 328 10 302 663 243 1 152 424 643 55 30	9 457 5 366 3 734 312 45 196 138 42 14 2	4 490 2 983 1 366 122 19 177 97 51 29	5 108 3 445 1 526 81 56 140 72 56 12	3 463 2 265 1 063 70 65 181 42 126 -	5 054 3 364 1 622 38 30 355 29 311	2 435 1 657 742 13 23 82 26 56	529 248 249 27 5 21 20 1
BEDROOMS None	103 3 243 18 642 42 292 13 838 4 738	81 1 943 15 433 40 522 13 479 4 566	14 962 1 246 791 298 164	8 338 1 963 979 61 8	1 726 11 677 11 309 5 105 1 327 544	98 1 089 3 023 3 818 1 143 482	48 2 021 1 883 569 114 32	163 2 910 1 894 235 33 13	328 1 896 1 245 151 12	505 2 213 2 449 220 17 5	584 1 457 448 28 -	91 367 84 8
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$50,000 or sad \$99 \$50,000 or more Median Median	6 150 10 172 5 613 5 301 13 072 13 434 17 697 8 263 3 154 \$20 391 \$22 312	5 335 8 997 4 829 4 666 11 874 12 447 16 889 7 951 3 036 \$20 879 \$22 794	449 622 362 220 576 441 465 232 108 \$15 634 \$18 420	366 553 422 415 622 546 343 80 10 \$14 533 \$15 419	6 983 7 297 3 629 2 977 4 746 2 951 2 180 699 226 \$11 077 \$13 019	1 792 1 918 974 902 1 663 1 074 885 336 109 \$12 895 \$14 776	901 1 184 615 483 691 409 312 57 15 \$11 010 \$12 447	1 274 1 370 696 584 645 410 223 29 17 \$9 929 \$11 110	739 1 016 522 301 542 259 190 69 6 \$10 321 \$11 784	974 1 169 602 554 862 601 461 143 43 \$12 332 \$14 503	1 225 504 143 109 220 144 77 59 36 \$5 290 \$9 821	78 136 77 44 123 54 32 6 - \$11 981 \$13 488
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearling equipment	82 816 36 899 34 772 6 093 748 4 304 39 525 9 239 76 059 26 811 49 248 82 816 18 524 704 7 771 51 278 4 339 82 624 25 355 1 909 28 584 25 517 1 259 68 544	75 984 34 462 31 323 5 924 662 3 613 36 464 8 665 70 020 24 128 45 892 75 984 417 678 450 7 685 46 067 4 102 75 816 24 092 1 552 25 020 1 202 3 950 1 202 63 894	3 475 2 261 79 46 208 1 673 2 890 1 344 1 546 3 475 27 120 2 472 191 3 462 185 834 1 319 57 2 319	3 357 176 2 568 90 40 483 1 388 1 388 1 3149 1 339 1 810 225 1 66 2 739 96 44 3 346 97 27 27 27 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	31 675 16 565 9 187 2 869 9 187 2 743 13 258 4 143 22 698 3 38 31 675 7 420 409 4 195 18 453 1 198 31 523 1 198 9 654 451 9 789 451 16 702	9 651 4 237 3 368 735 119 1 192 2 781 1 192 2 781 3 841 9 651 1 721 1 128 985 6 117 700 9 585 2 671 3 378 3 108 177 7 140	4 667 3 112 901 227 403 1 574 112 3 326 2 077 1 249 4 667 721 78 256 3 445 167 4 660 1 465 1 465 1 406 1 308 1 636 1 05 2 449	5 245 3 648 848 324 327 388 1 659 1 153 3 526 2 604 6160 5 248 1 908 1 172 1 247 1 831 9 2 240	3 636 2 407 706 320 25 178 1 373 401 2 368 1 752 616 3 636 844 28 422 2 226 116 3 632 1 116 3 632 1 118 909 1 180 58	5 409 2 131 2 124 865 665 213 4 151 2 132 4 305 4 305 1 271 5 409 2 388 49 1 336 1 588 48 5 346 6 48 39 1 706 1 112 2 112 2 132 2 13	2 517 988 908 366 16 16 16 239 1 532 2 705 1 705 1705 1706 2 517 709 1 049 2 2 510 838 12 781 879 - 600	550 42 332 32 14 130 188 27 523 260 263 550 41 244 58 422 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 368
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Female householder, na husband present With own children under 18 yeors With own children under 7 yeors Norfamity householder Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	30 338 10 520 5 367 1 835 211 14 312 4 194 5.1	28 312 9 587 4 904 1 621 171 12 130 3 618 4.8	675 263 209 45 2 1 237 304 8.7	1 351 670 254 169 38 945 272 8.1	9 601 5 369 4 186 3 314 1 422 14 986 6 260 19.8	4 808 2 500 1 779 1 494 650 2 513 2 014 20.9	1 325 780 487 390 140 2 218 732 15.7	1 127 792 671 499 304 3 008 1 125 21.4	766 433 360 279 109 2 276 741 20.3	1 194 606 710 544 148 2 872 821 15.2	121 90 120 56 44 1 917 749 29.8	260 168 59 52 27 1 82 78 14.2

Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Data are estima	iles bosed oil d :	sumple, see iiiii	aduction. For me	uning or symbols,	, see illituduciidi	ii. For deminidi	is di leilis, see	appendixes A c	illu oj	
The SMSA	Tatal	1 persan	2 persans	3 persans	4 persans	5 persans	6 persans	7 persans	8 ar mare persans	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present	82 856 2 959	12 621	29 193 1 410	16 164 594	14 846 515	6 319 242	2 504 112	859 66	350 20	2.49 2.62	236 320 9 210
ROOMS 1 ta 3 raams	1 893 8 411 15 650 24 439 15 220 17 243 6.1	870 2 484 2 567 3 808 1 524 1 368 5.6	827 3 989 6 469 8 943 4 694 4 271 5.9	101 1 099 3 163 5 137 3 372 3 292 6.2	75 663 2 349 4 086 3 347 4 326 6.6	9 128 820 1 649 1 433 2 280 6.9	2 34 219 616 597 1 036 7.1	2 14 55 160 174 454 7.6	7 - 8 40 79 216 7.9	1.59 1.93 2.31 2.44 2.91 3.41	3 305 17 703 40 485 67 068 47 150 60 609
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 or mare Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	81 875 80 951 798 126 981 919 38 24	12 304 12 304 - - 317 317 - -	28 820 28 782 - 38 373 352 - 21	16 016 16 001 6 9 148 140 5	14 795 14 724 49 22 51 47	6 294 6 165 120 9 25 17	2 467 2 224 241 2 37 25 12	839 610 213 16 • 20 18	340 141 169 30 10 3 7	2.49 2.48 6.43 4.23 1.97 1.90 5.67 2.07	233 932 228 437 4 802 693 2 388 2 084 257 47
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached ar oftoched 2 or more Mabile home ar trailer, etc.	76 024 3 475 3 357	10 775 1 098 748	26 723 1 319 1 151	15 007 540 617	14 050 272 524	5 950 148 221	2 377 59 68	815 27 17	327 12 11	2.53 1.98 2.31	218 735 8 648 8 937
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000_ \$10,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ta \$79,999 \$60,000 ta \$79,999 \$80,000 ta \$79,999 \$100,000 ta \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare	67 661 2 205 8 998 11 545 12 242 11 404 8 459 8 884 2 295 1 232 397 \$39 000	9 625 819 2 102 2 053 1 803 1 237 834 571 126 62 18 \$29 000	23 742 824 3 387 4 561 4 124 2 743 2 641 591 440 119 \$37 200	13 305 249 1 508 2 132 2 264 2 618 1 802 1 970 478 217 67 \$41 600	12 759 181 1 078 1 737 2 315 2 192 1 972 2 165 698 310 111 \$44 700	5 265 45 527 759 836 840 800 1 005 252 155 46 \$44 500	2 047 49 210 366 349 281 226 400 95 48 23 \$41	665 26 128 120 71 101 74 89 49 - 7 \$37 400	253 12 58 66 43 11 8 43 6 - 6 \$28 900	2.53 1.84 2.21 2.36 2.45 2.63 2.86 3.12 3.40 3.03	192 936 4 449 22 607 31 523 33 584 32 516 25 650 29 100 7 929 4 140 1 438
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income	82 856 \$20 391	12 621 \$7 199	29 193 \$17 969	16 164 \$23 816	14 846 \$24 994	6 319 \$26 067	2 504 \$26 099	859 \$26 448	350 \$33 375	2.49	236 320
Median selected manthly awner casts as percentage of hausehold income	14.8 18.1 11.4 4 194 \$3 261	25.6 27.6 24.8 1 975 \$2 897	13.5 18.1 11.6 948 \$3 166	13.0 17.8 10— 406 \$3 958	14.9 17.8 10— 374 \$3 858	14.4 16.8 10 188 \$6 038	14.3 17.1 10— 175 \$5 614	15.4 18.4 10— 80 \$5 326	13.4 15.1 10— 48 \$10 543	1.63	
hausehald incame	50+ 50+ 49.4	50+ 50+ 50+	49.5 50+ 45.3	50+ 50+ 43.8	50+ 50+ 36.0	45.7 50+ 31.9	50 + 50 + 23.8	50 + 50 + 50 +	27.7 30.0 23.9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Renter-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present	31 688 3 208	12 758 -	8 832 1 769	4 789 703	2 951 343	1 485 241	528 107	237 35	108 10	1.85 2.41	68 263 9 049
ROOMS 1 room	1 397 2 071 7 260 8 587 6 140 3 317 2 916 4.1	1 283 1 718 4 730 2 974 1 304 489 260 3.2	80 264 1 938 3 092 2 027 795 636 4.2	34 55 394 1 566 1 347 790 603 4.8	26 123 677 914 630 581 5.2	8 46 211 366 379 475 5.8	- 16 35 146 151 180 5.9	- 13 32 25 48 119 6.5	- - 11 35 62 6.7	1.04 1.10 1.27 1.93 2.37 2.97 3.43	1 494 2 475 10 379 17 349 15 716 10 565 10 285
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	30 536 29 630 663 243 1 152 1 067 55 30	11 971 11 971 - 787 787 -	8 648 8 580 	4 721 4 650 53 18 68 50 2	2 910 2 774 110 26 41 28 13	1 457 1 218 185 54 28 2 26	497 308 173 16 31 23 8	226 116 67 43 11 3 6	106 13 75 18 2 2	1.88 1.83 5.41 4.68 1.23 1.18 4.98 2.69	66 440 62 137 3 418 885 1 823 1 489 252 82
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached ar attached 2	9 653 4 667 5 248 3 644 5 409 2 517 550	1 862 1 858 2 584 1 985 2 486 1 864 119	2 431 1 470 1 552 883 1 813 522 161	2 030 675 700 424 718 109 133	1 654 414 262 226 297 11 87	1 017 162 95 81 81 9	418 555 23 23 5 2	169 5 25 22 8 - 8	72 28 7 1	2.76 1.82 1.53 1.42 1.62 1.18 2.47	28 442 9 430 9 395 6 349 9 818 3 374 1 455
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 ar mare Na cash rent Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	29 926 2 647 3 623 6 255 6 368 4 873 2 322 1 305 764 236 1 533 \$212	12 504 1 979 2 347 3 273 2 187 1 363 517 161 100 25 552 \$175	8 333 275 767 1 636 2 023 1 768 822 390 159 59 434 \$230	4 429 167 283 722 1 037 898 445 400 197 55 225 \$245	2 622 77 128 416 675 544 234 163 132 56 197 \$244	1 292 75 54 144 319 183 185 101 122 21 88 \$252	439 49 40 32 76 46 65 76 12 20 23 \$261	213 17 2 23 30 53 42 14 20 12 \$283	94 8 2 9 21 18 12 - 22 - 2 \$262	1.80 1.17 1.27 1.46 1.99 2.11 2.28 2.75 3.12 3.12 1.99	62 828 3 812 6 032 10 922 13 807 10 946 6 229 3 967 2 675 770 3 668
All income levels in 1979 Median incame Median grass rent as percentage af hausehold incame - Income in 1979 below poverty level Median incame Median grass rent as percentage of household incame - Median grass rent as percentage of household incame	31 688 \$11 077 23.4 6 260 \$3 576 50+	12 758 \$7 217 26.6 2 776 \$3 040 48.6	8 832 \$13 931 20.4 1 169 \$3 715 50+	4 789 \$14 105 22.3 906 \$3 878 50+	2 951 \$15 077 21.1 610 \$4 661 50+	1 485 \$13 937 23.2 446 \$5 095 46.8	\$15 811 19.4 180 \$5 750 41.1	237 \$13 542 20.3 115 \$7 674 43.3	108 \$13 333 25.0 58 \$4 917 33.8	1.85 1.80 	68 263

A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980 Table

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

			Somple, see III	d country for its	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			a planta de la companya de la compan	of see ob		1	-	of classical states	l sed of sed			
The CASCA			DI IOW					₽	Pin Alle				בנוניסוב ווסמאבווסום		n breach		
ACINIC SILL	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over	15 to 24 2 years	25 to 34 35 years	to 44 yeors	45 to 64 6 years 0	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 yeors ond over	Medion
Owner-occupied housing units	82 856	1 572	11 700	11 745	25 799	10 444	312	1 323	888	2 295	2 366	151	920	1 132	4 849	7 370	52.4
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Millionia	12 621 29 193 16 164 14 846 6 319 3 713 236 320	786 533 211 30 12 12 4 373	2 420 3 201 4 376 1 191 512 3.55	890 2 030 4 677 2 575 1 573 4.13 49 640	11 543 6 776 4 222 2 043 1 215 78 897	8 529 1 392 340 96 87 24 000	170 89 46 7 7 1.42 543	810 286 154 39 22 1.32 2.72	450 194 111 82 27 24 1.49	717 240 240 133 38 28 1.51 4 215	1 691 106 106 36 1.20 3 490	22.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.3	223 310 216 114 40 40 2.26 2.35	230 199 271 261 82 89 3.01 3.408	2 456 1 337 717 162 105 72 72 9 094	5 388 1 368 348 178 32 56 1.18	67.1 60.5 48.9 39.8 41.9 42.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	81 875 924 981 62	1 558 8 14	11 655 145 45 24	11 687 314 58 5	25 594 341 205 15	10 303	307	1 299 3 24 -	878 2 10	2 237 2 23 58 3	2 277 1 89 7	5 1 50 1	913 10 7	1 121 1 25 11	4 746 34 103 2	7 175 6 195	52.3 43.7 62.0 36.0
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOMF IN 1979																	
With a mortigage Less than 15 percent Less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not computed Medion Not factor of percent 20 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent	67 661 13 670 11 670 1 7 7069 1 1 8 138 1 8 138 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 140 1 077 1 077 1 007 225 1 184 1 184 22 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	10 052 1 8732 1 8732 1 8732 1 8732 1 203 1 703 1 72 1 72 1 72 1 72 1 73 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75	9 851 3 451 3 451 1 2085 1 2085 1 2085 1 2084 1 240 1 240 1 241 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	21 448 8 578 8 578 8 578 1 592 440 2 11 13 8 12 876 2 514 2 514 2 514 2 514 2 514 1 61 1 61 1 61 1 61 1 61 1 61 1 61 1	8 369 666 180 137 72 82 120 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 40 1 41 1 41 1 41 1 41	175 150 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17	886 886 110 110 1142 1142 107 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	657 1313 165 165 167 167 168 188 188 142 142 144 144 144 144 144 144 144 144	1 703 250 250 250 250 120 120 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	1860 1720 1720 1738 1738 1738 1738 1738 1738 1738 1738	E 1080 1 8 1 8 4 0 10 10 1 1 8	697 697 698 698 699 1110 1110 1110 1110 1110 1110 1110	26.5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	3 878 1 077 202 202 202 203 104 105 216 216 216 217 22 24 447 447 447 447 447 447 447 447	\$ 970 321 333 333 333 333 333 333 335 564 573 673 673 673 673 673 773 773 773 773 7	2.2.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4
Renter-occupied housing units	31 688	1 894	3 774	1 697	2 594	1 715	1 513	2 205	829	1 602	1 041	1 704	2 674	1 499	2 676	4 271	39.4
PERSONS IN UNIT 2 persons 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Total persons Conditions Total persons Total persons Total persons	12 758 8 832 4 789 2 951 1 485 873 68 263	846 695 304 45 2.65 5 135	1 118 1 088 1 032 375 161 12 246	228 293 293 495 410 271 7 157	1 386 641 279 181 107 2.44 7 338	1 510 123 124 5 2 5 2.07 3 804	731 488 200 40 43 11 11 1.55 2 789	1 509 390 178 92 24 1.23 3 296	596 125 56 56 14 24 1.20	288 268 50 26 1.13 1.15 2 162	884 105 22 22 1.09	2002 - E	1 006 678 514 221 155 100 1,99 5 801	389 347 368 155 127 113 2.54 3 982	1 828 459 219 107 28 35 1.23 3 994	3 930 285 48 48 1.04 4646	36.8 37.3 37.3 37.6 38.6 38.6 38.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	30 536 906 1 152 8	1 850 59 44 9	3 726 156 48 18	1 661 204 36 25	2 542 96 52	1 661 14 54	1 419 26 94	2 086 32 119	734 8 95	1 404 17 198	908	0 4 4 4	2 654 84 20	1 476 99 23 6	2 608 21 68 8	4 137 134 134	39.1 35.6 50.5 36.0
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified rente-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 36 to 29 percent 36 to 34 percent 36 to 49 percent Mor computed Medion	29 926 5 809 5 809 4 771 3 220 1 812 1 812 1 803 1 803	1 797 380 498 498 170 170 170 160 135 28 20.1	3 373 1 0559 1 0559 1 057 1 1 07 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 458 498 3498 183 117 57 176 176 176	2 273 8322 815 255 151 96 116 274 274	1 602 209 209 259 259 242 128 139 159	1 432 240 240 340 192 149 162 278 6 1 6 6 1	2 105 567 567 449 440 164 113 113 190 56 56 56	801 320 1112 130 51 51 51 46 56 56 56 57 57 57	1 563 24 256 203 203 203 121 98 1190 1190 20.8	1 002 1 135 107 107 1197 1197 127.8	1 142 222 222 222 222 147 334 334 334	2 584 469 469 500 500 195 505 43 43	1 431 2 1 43 1 7 3 2 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2 611 335 319 407 419 419 408 129 27.1	4 211 250 252 687 687 824 338 32.4 338	33.5. 6.6. 6.6. 6.6. 6.6. 6.6. 6.6. 6.6.

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

				Mole hous	eholder					Femole hou	seholder		
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 yeors ond over	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 yeors	65 yeors and over
Owner-occupied housing units	12 621	4 260	170	810	450	1 139	1 691	8 361	64	223	230	2 456	5 388
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 304 317	4 149 111	170	795 15	442 8	1 101 38	1 641 50	8 155 206	48 16	220 3	226 4	2 406 50	5 255 133
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or of troched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	10 775 1 098 748	3 505 390 365	89 28 53	580 123 107	370 44 36	958 76 105	1 508 119 64	7 270 708 383	28 27 9	165 28 30	180 19 31	2 106 223 127	4 791 411 186
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$50,000 or more Median Median	4 354 3 870 1 124 758 1 330 626 373 124 62 \$7 199 \$9 839	852 1 092 405 353 723 435 265 90 45 \$11 148 \$13 830	24 16 42 47 30 9 2 - - \$12 660 \$11 886	62 98 86 100 237 146 75 - 6 \$16 054 \$16 150	28 37 18 38 162 71 55 28 13 \$18 067 \$19 948	141 210 135 102 226 170 115 22 18 \$14 547 \$16 221	597 731 124 66 68 39 18 40 8 \$6 230 \$9 674	3 502 2 778 719 405 607 191 108 34 17 \$6 064 \$7 805	10. 39 - 8 7 - - - - \$7 500 \$8 326	11 41 30 40 83 15 3 - - \$14 344 \$13 604	26 58 24 27 81 2 6 6 - \$13 148 \$12 682	560 925 377 181 260 95 51 7 - \$8 750 \$9 522	2 895 1 715 288 149 176 79 48 21 17 \$4 797 \$6 568
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified awner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$330 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion Not mortgaged Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Medion	9 625 2 074 313 313 349 430 274 227 320 121 26 14 \$294 7 551 90 299 1 268 1 974 1 864 1 475 393 1 88 1 875	3 078 1 110 109 150 255 155 120 228 80 13 1 798 38 96 369 530 437 315 108 75	89 88 3 3 12 16 16 18 11 12 - - - \$341 1 - - - 1	513 442 20 40 98 51 51 131 141 10 0 362 71 5 - 8 33 33 16 7 7	303 211 5 5 11 79 26 34 45 5 11 - - \$320 6 6 6 27 22 16 5 5	827 277 40 81 52 53 6 29 16 \$267 550 13 14 138 160 120 65 28 12 28	1 341 92 41 6 10 9 11 12 2 - 3 3 - \$242 1 249 76 207 7311 274 2211 58 \$124	6 547 964 204 199 175 119 107 92 41 13 14 \$273 5 583 52 203 899 1 444 1 427 1 160 285 113 \$128	26 24	156 143 7 7 7 19 49 30 24 2 2 5 5 - \$339 13 - 2 - 7 7 2 - 7 7 7 7 8 9 13 9 13 9 13 9 13 9 13 9 14 9 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	162 110 2 6 26 15 15 30 15 16 6 \$360 52 5 11 6 6 17 7 7 8142	1 917 487 111 144 87 227 43 51 8 8 8 \$246 1 430 24 456 366 290 34 39 \$126	4 286 200 84 42 26 28 4 2 8 5219 4 086 5219 4 086 694 690 1 048 849 950 1 048 67 57
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	25.6 27.6 24.8 1 975 15.6	21.9 25.2 19.0 323 7.6	31.9 32.0 10— 19	24.4 25.9 16.0 55 6.8	19.1 21.4 10— 16 3.6	14.1 22.3 10.7 61 5.4	24.9 38.3 24.0 172 10.2	27.6 29.7 27.0 1 652 19.8	45.6 46.3 32.5 10	28.0 27.9 50+ 11 4.9	27.3 28.6 17.2 8 3.5	20.4 26.5 18.6 389 15.8	30.3 50+ 29.7 1 234 22.9
Renter-occupied housing units	12 758	4 951	731	1 509	596	1 231	884	7 807	654	1 006	389	1 828	3 930
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	11 971 787	4 359 592	643 88	1 399 110	512 84	1 041 190	764 120	7 612 195	638 16	992 14	388 1	1 783 45	3 811 119
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	1 862 1 858 2 584 1 985 2 486 1 864 119	855 556 969 876 1 105 502 88	126 74 162 118 200 34	260 199 300 299 361 67 23	62 68 138 111 112 92 13	263 118 213 215 261 140 21	144 97 156 133 171 169 14	1 007 1 302 1 615 1 109 1 381 1 362 31	60 85 183 179 130 12 5	108 217 253 189 159 76 4	37 67 91 92 84 15	288 357 408 260 392 119	514 576 680 389 616 1 140
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	4 665 3 687 1 522 904 1 190 400 278 71 41 \$7 217 \$8 917	1 175 1 233 706 447 754 310 252 45 29 \$10 239 \$11 656	163 242 161 61 76 13 15 - \$9 003 \$9 153	148 333 259 212 354 139 49 15 - \$12 671 \$13 064	63 120 97 78 89 55 77 - 17 \$13 077 \$15 789	309 298 116 85 198 89 99 30 7 \$10 183	492 240 73 11 37 14 12 - 5 \$4 705 \$7 166	3 490 2 454 816 457 436 90 26 26 12 \$5 788 \$7 180	175 324 86 36 23 10 - - \$7 701 \$7 477	74 329 287 190 117 9 - - \$10 871 \$10 584	96 100 42 54 78 19 - - \$9 943 \$10 501	642 679 248 71 151 20 - 17 - \$7 092 \$7 730	2 503 1 022 153 106 67 32 26 9 12 \$4 369 \$5 674
Meon	\$8 917 12 504 1 979 2 347 3 273 2 187 1 363 517 161 100 25 552 \$175	\$11 656 4 814 544 1 033 1 135 871 610 263 93 36 25 204 \$182	\$9 153 697 35 168 179 178 82 36 1 18 \$188	\$13 064 1 479 50 183 340 408 305 99 39 13 5 37 \$215	\$15 789 580 86 151 129 80 55 40 12 6 7 14 \$167	\$12 641 1 200 134 304 325 145 122 60 16 10 13 71 \$165	\$7 166 858 239 227 162 60 46 28 25 7 - 64 \$134	\$7 180 7 690 1 435 1 314 2 138 1 316 753 254 68 64 4 348 \$171	\$7 477 647 19 76 331 136 51 11 - 6 - 17 \$183	\$10 584 994 11 109 388 288 130 46 6 - 16 \$198	\$10 501 386 14 44 136 78 73 24 5 - 12 \$197	\$7 730 1 787 232 419 532 273 210 36 13 29 43 \$167	\$5 674 3 876 1 159 666 751 541 289 137 44 29 - 260 \$149
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	26,6 2 776 21.8	22.1 663 13.4	24.5 92 12.6	20.7 91 6.0	16.3 48 8.1	20.7 207 16.8	29.4 225 25.5	29.0 2 113 27.1	29.6 124 19.0	23.6 50 5.0	22.7 65 16.7	28.0 532 29.1	33.5 1 342 34.1

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant far sale anly hausing units	1 025	225	402	398	Vacant for rent housing units	1 813	710	669	434
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	41 157 204 250 181 192 5.9	12 22 50 61 53 27 6.0	12 50 69 91 81 99 6.3	17 85 85 98 47 66 5.6	1 room	148 115 447 569 267 135 132 3.8	59 45 164 278 117 4 43 3.8	53 56 172 191 94 61 42 3.8	36 14 111 100 56 70 47 4.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	993 32	225 -	392 10	376 22	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 709	675	638	396
BEDROOMS					Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	104	35	31	38
None	- 45 286 503 123 68	- 2 59 108 56	11 94 221 46 30	32 133 174 21 38	BEDROOMS None	150 673 696 227	61 288 311 33 13	53 228 255 96	36 157 130 98
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	37	4	29	4
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	267 90 63 118 62 425	84 33 17 21 15 55	109 50 24 59 30 130	74 7 22 38 17 240	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	161 189 141 91 159 1 072	106 88 87 35 61 333	31 99 29 40 57 413	24 2 25 16 41 326
1, detoched or ottoched	885	185	348	352	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or troiler	61 79	8 32	21 33	32 14	1, detoched or ottoched	384	74	166	144
HEATING EQUIPMENT Central heating system Other means None	935 74 16	191 34 -	387 13 2	357 27 14	2 3 ond 4	227 409 315 334 103 41	117 120 136 199 55	47 173 120 105 44 14	63 116 59 30 4 18
PRICE ASKED		1/2	212	201	RENT ASKED				
\$pecified vacant for sale only hausing units	776 61 85 106 116 147 114 115 14	160 14 8 11 15 53 32 13 4	312 6 32 44 23 61 49 79 10 8	304 41 45 51 78 33 33 23	Specified vacant far rent hausing units	1 779 151 442 572 296 217 83 18 \$169	708 33 172 216 124 126 24 13 \$183	655 42 142 221 121 75 49 5 \$172	416 76 128 135 51 16 10 - \$151
Medion	\$40 900	\$43 100	\$48 300	\$31 300		7.07	7.30		

Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

-		Price osked	Specified	vocont for s	ole only hou	sing units			Rent oske	d — Specified	l vocont for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Tatal	776	61	191	263	243	18	40 900	1 779	151	1 014	513	83	18	169
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	744 32	45 16	182 9	263	236 7	18	41 400 10 000	1 679 100	123 28	976 38	485 28	77 6	18 -	170 132
BEDROOMS														
None	13 167 432 106 58	- 3 17 32 7 2	- 2 49 90 15 35	73 152 22 16	- 8 28 158 44 5	- - - 18	75 900 31 600 43 100 52 500 26 900	150 673 691 200 28 37	30 43 74 4 -	101 484 260 134 20 15	146 293 47 5 22	6 - 59 15 3 -	13 - 5 - -	122 161 204 160 159 210
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980	169 35 59 113 55 345	- - - 15 46	- 3 10 13 165	57 10 30 36 26 104	112 25 26 49 1 30	- - 18 -	56 200 52 500 48 500 52 500 24 800 24 700	152 189 136 91 148 1 063	10 17 8 - 9 107	38 35 28 57 117 739	91 111 70 34 22 185	13 26 12 - - 32	18	250 247 222 168 160 157
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														***
1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	776 	61	191	263	243	18	40 900	350 1 388 41	35 103 13	200 804 10	97 398 18	18 65 —	18 -	172 168 189

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

		[Ooto ore estimates bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixe								dixes A ond B]				
	Reading city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Mean (dollars)
Name of Street, or other Persons or othe	Specified owner-occupied housing units	15 693	1 320	6 037	4 883	1 786	693	363	345	169	86	11	20 600	24 400
The second secon	HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 45 to 65 yeors ond over Median oge	9 813 297 1 804 1 598 4 051 2 063 1 774 46 282 204 556 686 4 106 36 258 321 1 412 2 079 56.3	477 23 40 37 211 166 264 7 63 170 579 5 15 177 345 65.4	3 485 100 688 585 245 863 741 25 82 83 270 281 811 9 9 98 119 598 986 58.3	3 339 120 669 669 609 1 402 539 503 6 1011 72 175 149 1 041 22 94 125 361 439 52.4	1 329 54 257 236 506 276 121 15 31 17 25 33 33 326 - 23 30 114 169 52.9	475 	242 - 9 52 129 52 42 - 18 8 16 - 79 - 6 51 122 55.6	243 16 36 128 63 33 3 10 5 1 17 69 - 4 19 46 58.5	144 	68 - 11 41 16 10 - - 10 8 - - 8 62.2	11	21 800 21 900 21 800 22 100 22 500 20 000 18 500 18 900 18 900 16 600 18 100 21 900 18 800 18 900 16 700 18 900 18 900 18 900 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	26 300 21 900 24 700 26 200 28 400 24 400 21 700 24 100 25 000 19 400 20 000 19 900 21 000 21 000 22 200 22 200 20 000
-	YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 037 2 399 2 184 3 304 6 769	46 160 158 280 676	308 835 783 1 175 2 936	423 774 663 1 031 1 992	142 371 286 386 601	62 107 122 145 257	24 69 63 111 96	25 47 55 93 125	7 36 24 66 36	30 6 50	- - - 11	22 400 21 700 21 400 21 100 19 300	25 700 25 200 26 100 26 100 22 600
	ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	133 581 2 071 4 619 3 356 4 933 6.6	15 106 333 381 262 223 6.0	77 192 987 1 803 1 278 1 700 6.5	30 165 412 1 334 980 1 962 7.0	6 73 170 659 339 539 6.5	23 98 207 198 167 6.6	- 6 57 124 96 80 6.5	5 16 10 83 146 85 6.9	- 4 23 42 100 7.7	- - - 5 15 66 8.5+	- - - - 11 8.5+	15 700 19 400 16 800 20 600 20 700 21 800	19 000 21 600 20 100 23 600 25 700 26 600
The state of the s	BEDROOMS None	12 336 2 729 7 092 3 056 2 468	63 507 456 144 150	122 1 175 2 718 1 127 895	12 88 585 1 940 1 206 1 052	55 228 987 280 236	3 101 419 121 49	54 234 43 32	5 51 189 81 19	28 108 33	41 10 35	- - - 11	23 800 18 300 16 800 21 200 21 200 21 300	23 800 20 500 20 600 26 100 25 300 23 400
The state of the s	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	132 112 288 683 1 058 13 420	- 4 32 74 1 210	9 7 8 108 295 5 610	6 - 18 101 329 4 429	44 60 18 69 184 1 411	41 38 41 63 113 397	21 -64 119 31 128	6 7 74 126 21 111	5 - 44 40 11 69	- 6 25 - 55	- 11 - -	41 300 38 200 57 400 43 400 24 000 19 800	42 900 38 100 65 700 45 400 27 200 21 900
	HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or more Medion Medion	1 616 2 690 1 335 1 100 2 814 2 202 2 652 982 302 \$16 950 \$18 530	373 375 108 80 130 105 127 22 - \$8 667 \$11 491	702 1 314 606 502 1 123 793 759 204 34 \$14 475 \$15 805	372 666 433 336 913 768 986 312 97 \$18 561 \$19 580	107 194 128 93 400 305 371 161 27 \$19 666 \$21 185	32 / 62 / 40 / 42 / 126 / 130 / 136 / 110 / 15 / \$22 625 / \$23 141	18 35 4 31 66 38 101 34 36 \$23 359 \$25 134	12 38 11 16 35 39 119 60 15 \$25 840 \$25 701	-6 5 -16 6 48 48 40 \$35 789 \$41 463	- - 5 18 5 31 27 \$40 000 \$44 405		16 100 17 100 19 200 19 400 21 100 21 700 23 200 27 600 34 300 	17 900 19 500 20 900 22 200 23 900 25 100 28 000 36 100 56 400
	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 31 percent 32 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 15 percent 10 to 16 percent 10 to 17 percent 10 to 18 percent 10 to 18 percent 10 to 18 percent 10 to Mortgage 10 percent 11 percent 11 percent 12 percent 13 percent or more Not computed Medion	6 213 2 300 1 448 812 521 331 766 35 17.7 9 480 3 649 2 152 1 058 724 510 374 1 001 1 12 12.5	296 38 55 35 22: 42 104 47 29,5 1024 176 139 99 99 211 	2 142 826 482 224 210 127 255 18 17,4 3 895 1 381 878 412 358 273 176 412 5 13.2	2 219 879 490 330 150 118 235 17 17.3 2 664 1 222 639 260 139 104 76 224 	807 285 264 103 67 26 62 979 345 271 156 58 30 046 73 	322 138 72 366 27 144 35 - 16.6 371 1167 77 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47	190 65 49 27 21 - 28 - 18.1 173 72 35 12 19 11 16 6 18	105 28 24 20 12 4 17 - 20.1 240 51 24 6 16 16 16 16 77 7 11.2	96 35 6 37 12 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	36 6 6 	11 11	22 000 22 500 22 2 200 22 800 21 100 19 700 20 700 17 300 20 200 19 400 15 600 15 600 16 700 60 700	26 000 26 100 25 900 25 900 21 000 26 200 17 700 23 400 23 500 23 500 24 200 21 700 23 400 21 700 21 700 21 8 300 21 700 21 900 41 700
	SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	15 643 138 50 	1 284 	6 023 91 14 6 029 5 772 2 397 86 493 8.2	4 883 43 4 883 4 740 2 426 85 324 6.6	1 786 	693 	363 4 363 341 223 59 12 3.3	345 	169 169 169 140 79	86 	11 11 11 11 11	20 700 16 200 10000— 20 600 20 800 22 700 43 500 15 900	24 500 18 600 8 900 24 400 24 600 28 500 50 600 17 400

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Logio ore estimo		outspie, occ ii		- Internal of	symbols, see ii	modocnom. To	or definitions of	1011110, 000 0	pendixes A on	,	
Reading city	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	13 594	2 106	2 462	3 594	2 598	1 399	619	252	141	21	402	179
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 years ond over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 465 years ond over 55 to 34 yeors 47 to 64 years 48 to 64 years 49 to 64 years 40 to 64 years	3 392 505 976 563 688 660 3 269 666 767 381 805 650 6 933 991 1 254 766 1 440 2 482 44.5	114 	303 14 88 41 71 71 89 822 159 118 123 262 160 1 337 142 135 135 135 425 500 54.2	881 173 185 136 160 227 910 238 222 64 244 142 1 803 385 347 194 390 487 40.5	977 202 367 157 135 116 559 173 191 82 69 44 1 062 227 309 135 185 206 32.4	509 81 180 102 79 67 287 27 65 130 100 133 103 123 144 36.5	266 23 70 36 666 71 107 19 50 7 16 15 246 5 77 86 88 80 38.7	116 6 13 34 54 9 27 	46 	17 4 13 4 - - - 51.6	163 6 36 32 35 54 4 93 5 17 45 25 146 7 - 9 30 100 61.7	215 211 225 223 208 189 168 183 204 157 153 125 164 181 195 197 156
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 795 4 420 2 194 1 393 792	327 790 524 365 100	608 873 468 335 178	1 471 1 045 515 348 215	1 204 887 299 133 75	657 454 188 80 20	254 224 91 50	131 58 32 12	82 25 7 19 8	16 5 - - -	45 59 70 51 177	199 177 158 145 161
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	934 1 442 3 835 3 482 1 950 1 037 914 3.7	372 488 667 395 124 60 - 2.8	445 389 797 570 155 97 9 3.0	93 380 1 430 1 056 398 155 82 3.4	9 124 657 802 631 230 145 4.1	5 38 177 364 380 220 215 4.8	- 72 172 116 110 149 5.1	6 - 48 63 22 113 5.9	- 14 5 10 - 46 66 6.4	- - 9 - 12 - 5.6	4 9 30 56 83 85 135 5.7	110 132 166 189 220 233 283
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All Income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 594 13 143 8 172 4 441 335 195 451 146 271 17 17 4 152 3 969 353 383	2 106 1 978 1 302 583 71 22 128 30 90 - 8 1 331 1 277 85 54	2 462 2 273 1 457 753 45 18 189 31 154 - 4 766 671 46 95	3 594 3 534 2 326 1 081 61 66 60 37 23 927 915 83 12	2 598 2 550 1 397 1 024 73 56 48 31 - 17 - 618 606 84 12	1 399 1 388 811 499 56 22 11 6 6 - 5 243 237 31 6	619 612 360 241 11 7 7 7 123 123 7	252 252 128 119 5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	141 141 73 48 13 7 - - - - 54 54	21 21 17 4 	402 394 301 89 - 4 8 4 4 - - 45 41 4	179 181 175 191 188 184 113 177 107 218 101 148 151 173 107 105
BEDROOMS None	1 207 6 369 3 821 1 484 401 312	452 1 179 336 99 40	507 1 440 377 113 23 2	199 2 182 924 225 34 30	34 1 088 1 054 332 59 31	5 290 673 285 84 62	97 246 153 62 61	6 12 69 63 47 55	- 14 15 38 34 40	- 4 13 4 -	4 63 114 172 18 31	115 162 210 230 270 313
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	3 310 2 063 3 134 1 873 1 471 1 728 15	546 117 229 242 239 733	229 359 735 508 264 367	522 759 1 161 713 269 160 10	568 593 743 278 286 130	550 148 203 88 245 165	279 29 35 30 131 115	167 13 16 - 32 24 -	100 7 - - 5 29 -	12 - - 4 - 5	337 38 12 10 - - 5	215 187 175 161 193 117 180
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier STORIES IN STRUCTURE	479 892 1 177 866 1 645 8 535	220 269 467 113 293 744	65 214 59 93 178 1 853	37 160 129 194 440 2 634	882 177 210 386 1 735	46 57 209 189 213 685	75 74 106 23 39 302	17 20 15 8 61 131	11 1 10 15 16 78	5 - 4 - 12	- 5 17 19 361	116 145 184 205 191 178
1 to 3 4 or more With elevotor	11 532 2 062 1 718	1 336 770 751	2 013 449 365	3 233 361 216	2 422 176 118	1 263 136 115	507 112 95	228 24 24	112 29 29	16 5 5	402 - -	185 125 116
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Medion	2 200 2 038 2 240 1 571 880 1 857 2 241 567 25.1	326 268 667 423 139 186 81 16 23.4	544 410 317 239 117 448 348 39 24.1	620 482 518 405 225 566 728 50 26.9	445 477 377 254 139 307 571 28 24.8	178 262 220 139 164 178 252 6 26.3	61 99 85 88 36 98 139 13 28.3	19 33 29 8 34 56 70 3 35.5	7 7 27 10 22 14 44 10 33.3		402	169 188 164 163 195 177 198 184
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearing equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	13 586 12 403 4 408 661	2 106 1 873 387 75	2 454 2 314 678 68	3 594 3 267 1 109 92	2 598 2 417 927 54	1 399 1 238 607 123	619 551 360 165	252 216 101 46	141 129 61 33	21 13 9 5	402 385 169	179 179 198 275

Table B — 3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Company Comp		(cono ore commo									ins, see oppen			
Commission burning with 17														
### AND COLORS OF COLORS O	Reading city	Total	Less thon \$5,000		to	to	to	to	to	to				poverty
	Owner-occupied housing units	18 126	1 952	3 166	1 581	1 201	3 244	2 529	3 006	1 098	349	16 752	18 412	1 392
1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1111													
1.00 1.00	15 to 24 years	336	8	42	38	24	96	73	55	-	_	17 872	17 613	8
4	25 to 34 years													
Accordance from the present 2 84 272 279 140 282 270 270 282 160 271 164 282 272 272 272 274 2	45 to 64 years	4 615	73	183	260	205			1 276	630	219	23 908	26 364	95
25 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Male householder, no wife present	2 149	278		209	194	385	270			22	14 543	16 022	167
As the Areas	25 to 34 years	385	27		29	42	145	66		_	_	16 636	15 72 9	25
A Part Par	35 to 44 years													13 41
15 to 24 wars	65 years and over	762								40	_	8 404	12 007	88
25 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	15 to 24 years	67	13	33	3	18	-	_	-	-	12	7 050	8 141	13
As years will near	35 to 44 years	362	44	66	77	54	69	18	29	5	_	12 305	13 386	82
	65 years and over	2 476	1 057	812	162	65	176	91	77	26		5 992		515
1975 to Nation 1800		56.6	71.0	68.1	59.9	55.0	51.2	49.0	49.4	52.6	54.6	• • •	•••	64.2
1879 1979 2		1 277	75	154	115	136	304	184	240	55	10	17 204	10 504	02
Bello 1949	1975 to 1978	2 804	182	339	256	198	634	535	505	128	27	18 118	18 928	226
SHIPTID CHEANTERISTICS	1960 to 1969	3 788	333	521	248	232	5 9 2	5 9 3	821	317	131	19 728	21 2 9 0	295
Complete presidents use	1959 or earlier	7 736	1 202	1 862	803	465	1 162	703	932	458	149	12 505	16 276	587
LÖD om men permosa per room. 187 9 13 25 8 6 10 21 19 25 6 17 917 22 350 3 3 4		19 000	1 047	3 141	1 574	1 105	3 104	2 521	2 007	1 000	242	14 755	19 410	1 207
1.01 1.02 1.02 1.03	1.01 or more persons per room	187	9	13	25	8	61	21	19	25	6	17 917	22 358	36
Comfine being system 17 335 1 25 2 980 1 380 1 22 3 681 2 246 6 2 920 1 1040 340 1049 1340 1240 1340 1240 1340 1	1.01 or more persons per room	5	-	-	-	_	5	-	_	-	-	16 250	17 215	-
Accomplishing														1 378 1 298
Value Valu	Air conditioning		538	1 089	705				1 901		246	19 790	21 385	391
2 or more	Vehicles available	14 553	643	1 826	1 313	1 072	2 967	2 395	2 913	1 081	343	19 062	20 829	649
Unity gor	2 or more	6 168	94	237	242	322	991	1 284	1 880	824	294	24 643	26 832	188
Bestricky	Utility gos	5 811	630	943								17 356	18 76 9	451
Chief		348	15	25					82	7 21		6 583 21 731	13 8 9 7 27 7 99	21
Median rooms						784 57								
## ONTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS ## OST OF COST OF		6.5	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.5	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.5	• • •	•••	6.0
With mortgoge		15 693	1 616	2 690	1 335	1 100	2 814	2 202	2 652	982	302	16 950	18 530	1 127
Less files 109 142 79 38 23 174 162 34 11 7 204 76 55 112														
\$200 to \$299	With a mortgage													
\$300 to \$399	\$200 to \$249	1 683	67	169	169	141	382	279	335	141		18 970	19 839	124
\$400 to \$499	\$300 to \$349	855	26	50	45	51	197	231	201	32		21 306	21 642	39
\$600 to \$749	\$400 to \$499	401	10	41	5	26	53	63	140	49	14	24 708	24 971	21
Median	\$600 to \$749			6	5	6		19			6			
Not mortgoged	AA-JC		5223	\$246	\$242	S268	\$262		10 \$277		\$363		32 9 78	5239
\$50 to \$74	Not mortgaged	9 480	1 336	2 096										710
\$150 to \$199	\$50 to \$74				_ 27	6	17	21	_		_			67
\$150 to \$199	\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124													132 188
\$200 to \$249	\$125 to \$149	2 431	301	555	219	197	382	294	377	101	5	14 283	16 095	141
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgoge	\$200 to \$249	567	40	112		60	104	57	87	77	12	17 027	20 352	45
WWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage 6 213 280 594 439 469 1 374 1 184 1 401 393 79 19 811 20 480 417 Less than 15 percent 2 300 - - - 14 336 544 1 044 283 79 26 612 28 057 - 15 to 19 percent 1 448 - 26 53 111 460 457 272 69 - 20 749 21 318 5 20 to 24 percent 812 - 32 106 137 320 121 55 41 - 16 780 80 14 25 20 29 percent 20 20 - - 14 19 14 19 14 19 14 19 14 19 14 19 14					\$132									
With a mortgoge 6 213 280 594 439 469 1 374 1 184 1 401 393 79 19 811 20 480 417 Less than 15 percent 2 300 - - - 14 336 544 1 044 283 79 26 612 28 057 - 1 5 to 19 percent 1 448 - 26 53 111 460 457 272 69 - 20 74 21 318 5 20 to 24 percent 812 - 32 106 137 320 121 55 41 - 16 780 18 060 14 25 to 29 percent 521 - 38 149 121 158 35 20 - - 14 07 14 39 25 35 percent or more 766 236 356 49 54 47 14 10 - - 10 442 11 134 25 35 percent or more 353 57 <td>OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD</td> <td></td>	OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
less than 15 percent 2 300 - - - 14 336 544 1 044 283 79 26 612 28 057 - - 15 to 19 percent 1 448 - 26 53 111 460 457 272 69 - 20 749 21 318 5 20 to 24 percent 812 - 32 106 137 320 121 55 41 - 16 780 18 060 14 25 to 29 percent 521 - 38 149 121 158 35 20 - - 10 4019 14 595 10 30 to 34 percent 2 331 9 142 82 32 53 13 - - - 10 4019 14 595 10 35 percent or more 766 236 356 49 54 47 14 10 - - 6 725 7 691 328 Not computed 35 35 - - - - - - - - - - - -<	With a mortgage		280	594	439									417
20 to 24 percent	Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	1 448	_			111	460	457	272	69	-	20 749	21 318	5
Not computed	20 to 24 percent	812	Ξ	32	106	137	320	121	55	41		16 780	18 060	14 10
Not computed	30 to 34 percent	331		142	82	32	53	13	-			10 442	11 134	25 328
Not mortgoged 9 480 1 336 2 096 896 631 1 440 1 018 1 251 589 223 14 132 17 252 710 Less thon 10 percent 3 649 7 47 72 135 654 771 1 1 66 574 223 25 817 28 969 11 10 to 14 percent 2 152 - 385 438 358 637 247 72 15 - 14 267 14 913 26 15 to 19 percent 1 058 36 490 309 100 110 - 13 10 024 10 585 24 20 to 24 percent 724 61 520 77 36 28 7 404 8 013 22 25 to 29 percent 510 195 308 7 5 588 5956 40 30 to 34 percent 374 205 165 4 4 774 5 385 31 35 percent or more 1 001 80	Not computed	35	35	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	2500-	-	35 [
Less thon 10 percent 3 649 7 47 72 135 654 771 1 166 574 223 25 817 28 969 11 10 to 14 percent 2 152 - 385 438 358 637 247 72 15 - 14 267 14 913 26 15 to 19 percent 1 058 36 490 309 100 110 - 13 - 10 024 10 585 24 20 to 24 percent 724 61 520 77 36 28 7 7404 8 013 22 25 to 29 percent 5 10 195 308 - 7 7 5 565 5956 40 30 to 34 percent 3 374 205 165 - 4 4 5 505 5956 40 30 to 34 percent 3 374 205 165 4 3 738 3 680 544 Not computed 1 12 12 3 738 3 680 544 Not computed 1 12 12 2500- 985 12	Not mortgaged	9 480			896			1 018	1 251	589	223	14 132	17 252	710
15 to 19 percent	Less thon 10 percent10 to 14 percent	2 152	7		72	135						14 267	14 913	11 26
25 to 29 percent 510 195 308 7 5 658 5 956 40 30 to 34 percent 374 205 165 4 4 774 5 385 31 35 percent or more 101 820 181 3 378 3 680 544 Not computed 12 12 12 2500 985 12	15 to 19 percent	1 058		4 9 0	309	100	110	-	13	_	_	10 024	10 585	24
35 percent or more 1 001 820 181 3 738 3 680 544 Not computed 2 12 2500— 985 12	25 to 29 percent	510	195	308	<i>'-</i>	-	7	-	-	-	-	5 658	5 956	40
	35 percent or more	1 001	820		_	-	-	_	_	_	_	3 738	3 680	544
				21.2	14.3	12.5	10.5	10—	10-	10—	10-			49.4

Table B -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Но	usehold incar	ne in 1979						
Reading city	Tatal	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 ta \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 ar mare	Median (dallars)	Mean (dallars)	Incame in 1979 below paverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	13 776	4 613	3 777	1 523	1 043	1 447	718	468	153	34	7 730	9 769	4 248
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	3 470 524 990 581	385 66 71 35	782 135 165 63	483 98 147 84	403 74 94 124	664 135 274 83	391 13 170 92	255 3 61 59	89 - 8 31	18 - - 10	13 027 11 556 15 283 14 688	14 299 11 468 14 881 17 845	480 95 104 94
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male hauseholder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female hauseholder, no husband present	708 667 3 280 666 771 381 812 650 7 026 1 005	92 121 861 159 101 52 196 353 3 367 477	136 283 920 198 168 132 251 171 2 075 298	75 79 427 142 108 52 73 52 613 70	51 60 242 54 75 58 26 29 398 46	136 36 472 76 198 35 131 32 311 78	69 47 184 26 70 26 56 6 143 29	101 31 146 11 46 26 56 7 67	40 10 23 - - 23 - 41	8 - 5 - - - - 11	15 000 7 232 9 180 9 221 12 783 10 313 9 042 4 777 5 316 5 585	16 393 10 346 10 598 9 325 13 387 11 739 11 757 6 479 7 144 7 096	117 70 745 185 86 81 194 199 3 023
15 to 24 years	1 277 782 1 472 2 490 44.4	399 263 542 1 686 62.8	468 291 488 530 44.4	176 82 186 99 35.8	123 53 88 88 36.8	62 57 88 26 32.6	32 21 34 27 36.4	17 8 11 24 44.4	7 31 3 48.6	- - 4 7 47.5	7 101 7 336 6 873 4 251	8 003 8 455 8 360 5 593	507 590 353 561 1 012 45.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 ta Morch 1980 1975 ta 1978 1970 ta 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 839 4 485 2 251 1 399 802	1 409 1 336 979 633 256	1 425 1 269 512 297 274	617 495 235 122 54	398 380 137 69 59	579 467 177 134 90	226 307 82 58 45	168 159 85 37 19	8 62 37 41 5	9 10 7 8 -	8 376 8 421 6 276 6 163 6 718	9 694 10 387 9 108 9 440 9 191	1 580 1 304 774 439 151
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 325	4 401	3 669	1 479	1 002	1 412	707	468	153	34	7 801	9 852	4 065
0.50 ar less	8 246 4 532 352 195 451 146 271	2 926 1 306 110 59 212 70 138	2 250 1 231 116 72 108 44 64	931 501 30 17 44 - 36	565 361 58 18 41 27 9	891 501 12 8 35 5 13	379 299 22 7 11 -	205 249 - 14 - -	88 61 4 - -	11 23 - - - - -	7 457 8 637 7 463 6 925 5 625 5 288 4 943	9 320 10 922 8 902 9 160 7 315 6 804 6 737 18 025	2 103 1 609 224 129 183 51 128
1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 or more	17	4	=	8	-	5	=	_	-	Ξ	18 229 11 406	10 204	4
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel	13 768 12 534 4 429 669 6 983 5 512 1 471 13 768	4 613 4 087 1 013 172 981 918 63 4 613	3 769 3 440 1 223 143 1 657 1 449 208 3 769	1 523 1 415 527 82 1 122 975 147 1 523	1 043 924 326 43 833 667 166 1 043	1 447 1 373 571 55 1 208 847 361 1 447	718 663 366 74 613 426 187 718	468 449 282 49 400 183 217 468	153 153 101 39 143 35 108 153	34 30 20 12 26 12 14 34	7 725 7 932 9 909 10 595 11 902 10 997 17 382 7 725	9 770 9 946 12 093 14 057 13 259 11 781 18 795 9 770	4 240 3 654 722 90 1 088 922 166 4 240
Urility gas Battled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc. Other Median rooms	3 535 138 823 9 021 251 3.7	1 048 8 385 3 115 57 3.2	947 46 223 2 496 57 3.6	358 13 85 1 025 42 3.9	294 19 33 669 28 4.1	408 23 70 905 41 4.1	267 14 14 406 17 4.6	124 8 13 314 9 4.6	59 7 - 87 - 4.9	30 - - 4 - 4.6	8 713 12 763 5 557 7 409 10 685	10 972 14 573 7 431 9 397 11 250	884 8 260 3 029 59 3.6
Specified renter-occupied housing units	13 594	4 516	3 768	1 503	1 028	1 447	700	459	139	34	7 747	9 755	4 152
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100	2 706 3 888 4 236 1 453 650 182 17 51 9 402 \$150	1 859 1 314 948 248 38 17 - - 92 \$114	541 1 323 1 391 265 133 10 - - 105 \$149	109 408 563 258 99 16 	51 280 360 168 120 14 5 8 	53 303 610 272 121 13 3 7 4 61	31 144 200 179 56 55 - 14 5 16 \$186	46 77 151 59 64 18 6 11 -7 \$7	16 29 13 - 11 34 3 - 33 \$159	10 -4 8 5 -7 -7	4 167 7 111 9 133 12 069 13 646 21 641 27 708 21 625 22 750 10 217	5 537 8 699 10 364 12 676 15 284 22 037 24 899 29 006 21 843 13 532	1 509 1 255 1 032 262 46 3
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 ta \$149 \$150 ta \$199 \$200 ta \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 ta \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 ta \$449 \$500 ar mare Na cash rent Median	2 106 2 462 3 594 2 598 1 399 619 252 141 21 402 \$179	1 665 904 1 025 541 134 85 39 31 - 92 \$134	324 942 1 252 622 342 119 43 19 - 105 \$173	55 247 425 385 225 69 47 4 - 46 \$200	31 113 312 298 132 64 34 14 8 22 \$208	12 126 375 411 293 124 19 22 4 61 \$219	57 136 198 146 87 25 26 9 16 \$235	19 53 38 126 111 31 36 18 - 27 \$240	16 31 7 8 35 9 - - 33 \$246	- 4 - 10 8 5 - 7 7 - - - \$284	3 868 6 560 7 980 10 883 12 483 13 926 12 340 15 417 19 063 10 217	4 341 7 846 9 142 11 779 13 879 15 149 14 424 17 242 18 840 13 532	1 331 766 927 618 243 123 45 54 - 45 \$148
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 55 percent or more Not computed Medion	2 200 2 038 2 240 1 571 880 1 857 2 241 567 25.1	46 150 624 442 195 875 1 927 257 46.8	190 434 658 743 475 861 302 105 28.7	203 311 469 230 137 103 4 46 22.3	206 413 222 96 47 14 8 22 18.6	595 511 209 45 22 4 - 61 16.0	442 176 47 15 4 - 16 13.3	378 43 11 - - 27 11.0	106 33 10-	34 - - - - - - - 10—	18 892 13 251 8 995 7 174 7 490 5 213 3 388 5 839	20 089 13 038 9 046 7 622 7 585 5 514 3 238 9 594	74 253 503 356 203 720 1 833 210 47.2

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimate	ofes based on o	somple, see Infr	oduction. For m	eoning of symbo	ols, see Infroduct	ion. For definition	ons of ferms, se	e oppendixes A	ond 8]	
Reading city	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	6 213	982	1 683	1 450	855	564	401	196	41	41	265
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person 2 persons	620 1 389	153 254	141 332	169 326	89 154	38 175	16 85	14 58	5	-	255 267
3 persons 4 persons	1 413 1 518	186 226	420 467	306 362	224 195	126 121	72 84	58 50 28 34	5 18	24 17	266 259
5 persons6 persons	717 343	99 57	209 78	162 68	93 52	36 30	79 46	34 12	5 -	_	267 266 259 266 277
7 persons 8 or more persons	145 68	5 2	17 19	31 26	42 6	23 15	19		8 –	-	323 275
Medion	3.28	2.95	3.38	3.25	3.32	3.05	3.83	3.02	4.08	3.35	• • •
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	4 575	634	1 321	1 016	661	419	307	135	41	41	266
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	286 1 623	31 162	88 467	62 401	64 249	19 187	22 101		Ξ	12	269 273 261 264 243
35 to 44 yeors	1 180 1 33 6	176 219	354 378	270 262	174 161	68 119	79 105	22 59	31 10	6 23	261 264
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	150 667	46 126	34 126	21 200	13 87	26 63	41	10 24	_	_	243 270
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	30 224	7 25	6 25	6 76	34	35	24	11 5	_	_	270 267 291
35 to 44 years	151 224	18 45	25 70	63 55	13 33	15 13	9 8	8 -	_	-	276 248
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	38 971	31 222	236	234	7 107	- 82	53	37	_		167
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	33 223	- 41	- 42	29 44	4 28	- 44	_ 19	5	_	_	278 282 268 243
35 to 44 years	215 394	39 88	47 127	60 89	32 32	6 28	10 24	21 6	_		268 243
65 years ond over	106 38.8	54 44.6	20 39.4	12 37.0	11 36.8	34.9	40.1	5 38.4	41.9	50.7	198
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	913 1 889	57 173	170 415	200 530	146 343	154 201	113 119	61 85	_ 17	12	310 284
1970 to 1974	1 493 1 350	228 341	505 462	357 232	154 160	102	97 51	12 32	19	19	252
1959 or earlier	568	183	131	131	52	40	21	6	_	4	236 239
ROOMS	20		10	,,							0.50
1 to 3 rooms	28 107	25	12 41	11 16	10	6	6	3	_	_	259 235
5 rooms6 rooms	717 1 567	208 264	170 479	177 355	71 220	53 142	19 69	19 28	5	5	244 256 260
7 rooms8 or more rooms	1 541 2 253	289 196	414 567	339 552	153 396	130 233	141 166	46 100	24 12	31 31	283
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	6.9	6.5	6.8	7.0	7.3	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.1	8.3	
1975 to Morch 1980	119	_	9	-	22	24	36	23	5	_	425
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	86 122	- 4	_	15 44	32 22	26 25 12	13	- 8	_	11	344 330 274
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	184 617	17 70	57 133	38 163	16 121	63	14 46	14 21	5 –	11	282
1939 or earlier	5 085	891	1 484	1 190	642	414	284	130	31	19	257
VALUE Less thon \$10,000	296	93	100	34	45	17	7	_	_	_	227
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	2 142 2 219	535 301	713 634	500 648	204 336	93 149	80 123	17 28	-	_	238 263
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	807 322	53	148	139 67	177 31	160 64	60 71	70 14	_	_ 5	318 339
\$50,000 to \$59,999	190 105	-	12	41	39 12	45 23	26 16	27 22	12	- 4	353 407
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	96 36	-	-	ii	5	13	18	18	18 11	13 19	506 750+
\$150,000 or more	\$22 000	\$17 700	\$20 300	\$21 700	\$23 800	\$31 200	\$27 600	\$38 300	\$86 500	\$88 800	-
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS			,		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,			
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	2 300	610	954	505	102	(0)	5.1				222
15 to 19 percent	1 448 812	121	856 361 131	525 340 211	183 295	143	51 123	59	6	17	232 286 302
25 to 29 percent	521 331	58 17 57	120 75	120 70	168 73	114	63 42 40	32 14 13 67	12	-	302 302 274
35 percent or moreNot computed	766 35	95 24	134	184	46 90	30 85	82	67	5	24	292 146
Median	17.7	12.8	14.8	17.9	19.1	23.1	22.1	24.8	24.0	36.7	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Steom or hot woter system	6 213 2 930	982 414	1 683 710	1 450 702	855 399	564 332	401 214	196 94	41 31	41 34	265 274
Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heat pump	2 829 130	501 3	849 11	665	374 28	191 26	168 11	64 20	10	7	255 336
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoceOther means	23 301	5 59	7 106	48	7 47	15	8	18	-	_	246 243
Air conditioning	3 092 323	449	784 50	691 42	425 55	335 76	219 45	107 34	41 10	41 7	273 357
1 or more individual room units House hearing fuel	2 769 6 213 2 102	445 982	734 1 683	1 450	370 855	259 564	174 401	73 196	31 41	34 41	266 265
Utility gos	178	466 - 9	548	396	244	217	132	56	18 - 5	25 -	255
Electricity	3 806	475	16 1 075	31 994	34 559	37 306	20 249	26 114	18	16	349 268
Other	127	32	44	29	18	4	-	-	_	-	236

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data ore estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. Far meaning af symbols, see Intraduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Reading city Tatal Less than \$50 \$50 ta \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 ta \$199 \$200 ta \$249 \$250 or Specified owner-occupled housing units 9 480 35 246 1 198 2 166 2 431 2 542 567 PERSONS IN UNIT	ore Median (dollars)
PERSONS IN UNIT	
	295 136
1 person 2 525 30 109 558 756 536 381 84 2 persons 4 037 5 105 490 903 1 179 1 106 157	71 119 92 136
2 persons 4 037 5 105 490 903 1 179 1 106 157 3 persons 1 485 - 17 98 304 373 545 127	92 136 21 147
4 persons 830 - 10 24 130 233 260 118	55 153
5 persons 344	32 168 7 160
7 persons 96 - 5 - 12 26 20 26	7 163
8 ar more persons 39	10 187
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Married-couple families 5 238	184 142 175
25 to 34 years 181 - 5 6 58 43 44 15	10 138
35 to 44 years 418	12 144 16 145
65 years and aver 1 913 - 59 244 3/6 549 497 142	46 138
Male householder, no wife present 1 107 5 23 220 343 235 202 44 15 to 24 years 16 - 7 4 - 5	35 122 - 106
25 tg 34 years 58 - - 39 13 6 -	- 119
35 to 44 years 53	5 148 - 116
65 years and over 648 - 23 115 171 163 130 16	30 127
Female householder, no husband present 3 135 30 118 506 759 762 731 153 15 to 24 years 3 3 3	76 130 - 113
25 to 34 years 35 5 - - 11 13 - 6	- l 128 l
35 ta 44 years 106 - 5 13 - 31 35 6	16 156 27 134
65 years and aver 1 973 13 90 378 482 448 446 83	33 126
Median age 64.3 63.1 68.9 67.8 64.1 64.2 62.6 63.2	7.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	
1979 ta March 1980 124 - 10 - 24 19 46 13	12 160
1975 to 1978 510 10 7 52 118 93 171 50 1970 to 1974 691 6 19 72 113 209 171 73	9 143 28 141
1960 to 1969 1 954 - 51 107 487 508 539 160	02 141
1959 or earlier 6 201 19 159 967 1 424 1 602 1 615 271	133
ROOMS	
1 ta 3 raams 105 6 - 45 - 22 26 6	- 127
4 raams 474 12 52 96 139 100 64 6 5 rooms 1 354 6 6 61 302 388 288 250 45	5 114 120
6 rooms 3 052 11 58 453 744 840 781 135	30 133
7 raams 1 815 - 25 154 417 523 517 118 8 ar mare raams 2 680 - 50 148 478 658 904 257	61 140 85 150
Median 6.4 4.5 5.7 5.8 6.2 6.5 6.8 7.3	8.0
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	
1975 to March 1980 13	_ 214
1970 to 1974 26 19 7 7	- 184
1960 to 1969 166	- 184 43 197 70 166
1940 to 1949 441 7 6 49 81 85 167 24	22 148
1939 or earlier 8 335 22 227 1 130 2 010 2 223 2 147 416	60 134
VALUE	
Less than \$10,000 1 024 11	7 121
\$10,000 to \$19,999	38 126 29 139 22 151 28 157 24 189 61 217
\$30,000 to \$39,999	22 151 28 157
\$30,000 to \$39,999	28 157 189
\$60,000 to \$79,999 240 - - 5 5 79 90	61 217
\$80,000 ta \$99,999	25 227 50 250+
\$150,000 or more 11 - - - - - -	11 250+
Median \$19 600 \$13 000 \$13 700 \$14 600 \$17 400 \$19 600 \$22 500 \$27 200 \$59	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	04
Less than 10 percent 3 649 24 117 462 952 980 881 137 10 to 14 percent 2 152 6 48 308 438 503 651 123	96 132 75 139
15 to 19 percent 1 058 - 32 103 186 297 297 109	34 143
20 to 24 percent 724	38 137 7 128
30 ta 34 percent 374 - 13 36 93 87 102 39	4 138
35 percent or mare 1 001	41 145 - 207
Median 12.5 10— 10.6 12.2 11.5 12.3 13.0 15.9	3.4
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	
Heating equipment 9 458 35 232 1 190 2 166 2 431 2 542 567	95 136
Steam or hat water system 4 775 5 114 530 1 071 1 194 1 397 313	51 139
Central warm-air furnace ar electric heat pump 4 116 19 94 569 1 004 1 106 1 024 190 190 01her built-in electric units 117 - 7 19 12 29 34 5	10 133 11 143 - 129
Flaor, wall, ar pipeless furnace 97 5 7 5 28 23 23 6	- 129
Other means 353 6 10 67 51 79 64 53 Air conditioning 4 362 6 36 376 889 1 162 1 347 332	23 138 114 144 95 179
Central system 434 - - 16 33 81 148 61	95 179
1 ar mare individual raam units 3 928 6 36 360 856 1 081 1 199 271	19 141 195 136
Utility gas 3 047 18 106 506 814 806 591 118	88 127
Battled, tank, ar LP gas 35	7 176 16 146
Fuel oil, kerasene, etc 5 795 11 78 545 1 216 1 532 1 805 424	84 142
Other 431 6 41 112 113 64 84 11	- 113

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Owner-occupied housing units						Renter-occupied housing units						
Reading city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	
Occupied housing units	18 126	155	178	324	1 941	15 528	13 776	479	900	1 194	2 575	8 628	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	11 104 336 1 9777 1 700 4 615 2 476 2 149 88 385 249 665 762 4 873 67 288 362 1 680 2 476 56.6	120 -63 9 17 31 20 11 7 2 - 15 - 5 2 4 4 33.4	104 - 34 9 48 13 23 - 10 - 13 - 51 - 6 32 13 51.0	266 - 5 37 178 46 14 - 13 - 1 1 - 44 3 - 33 8 55.3	1 357 69 369 169 493 257 240 67 29 53 72 344 4 27 42 150 121 51.1	9 257 267 1 506 1 476 3 879 2 129 9 1 852 288 288 288 690 4 419 60 256 312 1461 2 330 57.5	3 470 524 990 581 708 667 3 280 666 771 381 812 650 7 026 1 005 1 277 782 1 472 2 490 44.4	97 4 7 15 71 58 7 13 33 324 11 7 22 57 227 71.5	202 18 43 111 63 67 117 8 225 224 222 38 581 12 55 31 78 405	257 37 41 30 59 90 202 23 30 14 61 74 735 48 119 32 107 429 64.6	657 154 202 102 127 72 596 118 224 73 115 66 1 322 258 376 193 254 259 344	2 257 311 697 438 444 367 2 307 510 487 270 601 439 4 064 676 720 504 974 1 190 42.2	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 277 2 804 2 521 3 788 7 736	48 107 - -	11 87 80 -	14 46 37 227	205 405 396 360 575	999 2 159 2 008 3 201 7 161	4 839 4 485 2 251 1 399 802	142 337 - - -	154 336 410 —	311 415 199 269	1 098 812 398 189 78	3 134 2 585 1 244 941 724	
ROOMS 1 room	17 25 376 1 105 2 589 5 016 8 998 6.5	- - 14 55 45 41 5.7	- 7 24 24 88 35 5.9	- 3 16 66 98 141 6.3	- 41 203 241 588 868 6.3	17 25 325 848 2 203 4 197 7 913 6.5	934 1 442 3 860 3 506 2 012 1 074 948 3.7	67 124 201 77 - 3 7 2.7	111 233 267 203 52 34 -	111 163 394 295 172 45 14 3.3	95 197 667 747 444 256 169 3.9	550 725 2 331 2 184 1 344 736 758 3.8	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	18 008 13 873 3 948 155 32 118 78 35 5	153 94 59 - - 2 2 2	178 150 28 - - - - - -	321 254 61 6 - 3 3	1 936 1 438 498 	15 420 11 937 3 302 149 32 108 73 30 5	13 325 8 246 4 532 352 195 451 146 271 17	479 281 184 5 9 - - -	889 564 318 - 7 11 11 - -	1 173 828 296 40 9 21 21	2 530 1 376 993 93 68 45 111 34	8 254 5 197 2 741 214 102 374 103 237 17	
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Median Totol persons	3 899 6 330 3 302 2 520 1 158 917 2.32 49 558	15 54 33 19 34 - 2.76 477	30 78 42 20 8 - 2.26 429	28 172 30 74 9 11 2.28	303 716 368 356 117 81 2.43 5 652	3 523 5 310 2 829 2 051 990 825 2.30 42 066	6 651 3 370 1 678 1 006 616 455 1.57	329 110 26 - 14 1.23 746	561 218 80 28 13 - 1.30	733 262 128 34 10 27 1.31 2 004	988 615 377 276 187 132 1.99	4 040 2 165 1 067 668 406 282 1.53	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2	16 722 853 389 50 8 78 26	141 - 2 - 12 -	134 - - - - 44 -	315 - 3 - - 6 -	1 853 57 15 - 8 - 8	14 279 796 369 50 - 16 18	3 492 2 063 3 134 1 873 1 471 1 728 15	34 7 20 - 58 360	37 14 - 11 384 454	185 5 23 56 374 541	962 317 544 383 218 151	2 274 1 720 2 547 1 423 437 222 5	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot woter system Centrol worm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gos 8 othled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	18 104 9 259 7 687 255 134 769 8 804 915 7 889 18 104 5 811 37 348 11 302 606 1 392	155 14 104 35 	178 22 142 14 150 130 20 178 138 7 26 7 4 2.2	324 173 90 61 - 239 113 126 324 92 - 66 166 - 15	1 941 873 918 22 14 114 1 081 235 846 1 941 795 15 41 1 071 19 93 4.8	15 506 8 177 6 433 123 120 653 7 225 328 6 897 15 506 4 737 134 10 035 587 1 259 8.1	13 768 8 866 3 048 484 136 1 234 4 429 669 3 760 13 768 3 535 138 823 9 021 251 4 248 30.8	479 143 207 122 - 7 346 184 162 479 142 228 109 - 144 30.1	900 401 383 77 6 33 625 208 417 900 358 5 204 333 	1 194 584 303 72 37 198 606 152 454 1 194 517 27 103 541 6 437 36.6	2 575 1 579 528 87 25 356 661 66 595 2 575 32 109 1 717 41 973 37.8	8 620 6 159 1 627 126 68 640 2 191 59 2 132 8 620 1 842 74 179 6 321 204 2 428 28.1	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	1 952 3 166 1 581 1 201 3 244 2 529 3 006 1 098 349 \$16 752 \$18 412	6 21 5 5 46 30 27 15 - \$17 201 \$20 361	4 13 6 12 20 40 48 27 8 \$24 516 \$25 980	14 47 6 5 19 60 118 17 38 \$25 372 \$31 501	137 273 165 70 385 338 352 170 51 \$19 241 \$21 045	1 791 2 812 1 399 1 109 2 774 2 061 2 461 2 461 869 252 \$16 167 \$17 704	4 613 3 777 1 523 1 043 1 447 718 468 153 34 \$7 730 \$9 769	258 126 28 7 29 21 5 - 5 \$4 790 \$7 281	423 245 54 39 33 37 37 32 - \$5 515 \$8 856	541 223 103 86 93 81 50 13 4 \$6 037 \$9 389	919 603 307 218 302 108 93 7 18 \$7 516 \$9 739	2 472 2 580 1 031 693 990 471 283 101 7 \$8 423 \$10 064	

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	Owner-occupied housing units			Renter-occupied housing units								
Reading city	Totol	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	18 126 62	16 722	1 378 62	26 -	13 776 23	3 492 8	2 063	3 134	1 873	1 471	1 728 9	15
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families	11 104	10 458	632	14	3 470	1 268	654	629	315	363	241	-
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	336 1 977 1 700	304 1 907 1 655	32 70 42	- 3	524 990 581	137 395 332	122 151 111	143 262 46	62 73 64	54 80 22	6 29 6	=
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors ond over	4 615 2 476	4 382 2 210	227 261	6 5	708 667	266 138	142 128	98 80	59 57	86 121	57 143	- - 10
Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	2 149 88 385	1 868 52 292	281 36 93	-	3 280 666 771	554 73 189	388 108 81	906 219 216	678 133 162	342 99 79	402 34 44	-
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	249 665	214 588	35 77	-	381 812	48 168	55 74	112 213	61 166	23 88	77 98	- 5 5
65 years and overFemole householder, no husband present	762 4 873	722 4 396 40	40 465 27	12	650 7 026 1 005	76 1 670 244	70 1 021 112	146 1 599 382	156 880	53 766 75	149 1 085	5
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	67 288 362	258 335	30 23	4:	1 277 782	463 341	213 101	256 160	185 151 89	132 80	62 11	=
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors and over	1 680 2 476	1 507 2 256	173 212	8	1 472 2 490	350 272	293 302	338 463 37.5	190 265	215 264	86 919	5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	56.6 1 277	56.3	59.6 208	67.5	44.4 4 839	38.1 1 142	44.1 748	1 304	42.2 779	50.4 511	72.9 350	52.5
1975 to 1978	2 804 2 521	2 552 2 339	252 175	7	4 485 2 251	1 159 631	659 286	947 346	492 257	523 270	705 456	- 5
1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier ROOMS	3 788 7 736	3 531 7 231	251 492	13	1 399 802	276 284	254 116	349 188	186 159	112 55	217	5 -
1 rooms	17 25	12 14	5 11	-	934 1 442	29 73	12 52	75 469	200 268	165 77	453 503	=
3 rooms4 rooms	376 1 105	132 627	244 478	-	3 860 3 506	300 542	670 766	1 199 998	697 469	478 532	511 189	5 10
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	2 589 5 016 8 998	2 233 4 897 8 807	343 119 178	13 - 13	2 012 1 074 948	859 803 886	392 137 34	343 46 4	185 38 16	172 39 8	61 11 -	=
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.5	6.6	4.4	6.0	3.7	5.4	3.9	3.4	3.2	3.5	2.3	3.8
O.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	18 008 13 873 3 948	16 661 12 804 3 699	1 321 1 049 249	26 20	13 325 8 246 4 532	3 488 1 724 1 552	2 007 1 397 555	3 080 2 014 941	1 725 1 119 500	1 369 929 420	1 646 1 053 564	10 10
1.01 to 1.50	155	126 32	23	6	352 195	167 45	36 19	73 52	43 63	20	13	=
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	118 78	61 50	57 28	-	451 146	4	56 32	54 33	148 40	102	82 26	5 5
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	35 5 	5	29 _ _	-	271 17 17	_	12 12 —	16	95 - 13	92 - 4	56 - -	-
BEDROOMS None	17	12	5	_	1 207	49	31	119	258	187	563	_
1	973 3 447 7 707	387 2 920 7 538	586 514 165	13	6 394 3 862 1 557	461 1 084 1 218	1 060 753 179	2 067 890 49	1 164 385 54	665 558 46	972 182 11	5 10
4	3 302 2 680	3 235 2 630	64 44	3 6	428 328	363 317	35 5	9	6	15	<u>:</u>	=
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	1 952	1 737	207	8	4 613	1 091	529	986	558	439	1 000	10
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	3 166 1 581 1 201	2 870 1 405 1 145	291 172 56	5 4 -	3 777 1 523 1 043	824 331 280	632 269 181	914 428 287	651 227 119	434 181 105	322 87 71	Ξ
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	3 244 2 529	2 973 2 371	268 158	3	1 447 718	464 248	267 95	286 134	224 52	113 128	88 61	5
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	3 006 1 098 349	2 839 1 044 338	167 48 11	6	468 153 34	180 68	73 17	86 9 4	34 8	44 18 9	51 33 15	Ξ
Medion Mean	\$16 752 \$18 412	\$16 997 \$18 662	\$13 348 \$15 417	\$10 000 \$16 122	\$7 730 \$9 769	\$8 761 \$11 032	\$8 910 \$10 291	\$8 121 \$9 270	\$7 567 \$8 876	\$7 966 \$10 213	\$4 579 \$8 103	\$4 375 \$7 802
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steom or hot woter system	18 104 9 259	16 700 8 236	1 378 1 012	26	13 768 8 866	3 492 1 796	2 063 1 425	3 134 2 457	1 865 1 453	1 471 975	1 728 755	15
Centrol warm-oir furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	7 687 255	7 382 255	293	12	3 048 484	1 181 100	365 41	379 53	239 34	316 80	558 176	10
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace	134 769 8 804	120 707 8 010	14 59 785	3	136 1 234 4 429	31 384 743	6 226 660	22 223 830	18 121 447	43 57 906	16 223 833	10
Air co: ditioning Centrol system Vehides available	915 14 553	822 13 524	93 1 011	18	669 6 983	65 1 859	15 1 155	32 1 733	833	208 895	344 498	5 10
1 2 or more	8 385 6 168	7 696 5 828	680 331	9	5 512 1 471	1 294 565	900 255	1 461 272	705 128	709 186	443 55 1 728	10 15
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	18 104 5 811 37	16 700 5 483 35	1 378 312 2	26 16 -	i 3 768 3 535 138	3 492 946 11	2 063 391 29	3 134 656 33	1 865 358 14	1 471 757 21	427 30	
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	348 11 302	342 10 250	1 042	10	823 9 021	157 2 231	41 1 589	72 2 311	51 1 413	89 604	413 858	15
Other Water heating fuel Utility gas	18 099 10 232	590 16 697 9 506	16 1 376 709	26 17	251 13 745 6 316	147 3 492 1 693	13 2 063 963	62 3 134 1 466	29 1 861 860	1 464 808	1 721 521	10 5
Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	241 3 154	241 2 989	162	3	359 2 032	105 462	75 322	104 444	54 202	9 135	12 462	- 5
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Family householder	4 383 89 13 707	3 872 89 1 2 941	505 - 748	6 - 18	4 947 91 6 256	1 193 39 2 584	690 13 991	1 095 25 1 222	731 14 566	512 - 593	726 - 300	-
With own children under 18 yeors With own children under 6 yeors	5 248 1 827	5 077 1 746	158 75	13 6	3 806 2 231	1 969 1 038	517 314	665 507	338 177	271 153	46 42	-
Femole householder, no husband present With own children under 18 yeors With own children under 6 yeors	1 969 598 65	1 884 575 65	81 19	4	2 339 1 944 1 018	1 158 1 012 528	277 225 88	459 366 262	184 144 60	209 173 60	52 24 20	-
Nonfomily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level	4 419 1 392	3 781 1 221	630 163	8 8	7 520 4 248	908 1 313	1 072 425	1 912 912	1 307 571	878 400	1 428 617	15 10
Percent below poverty level	7.7	7.3	11.8	30.8	30.8	37.6	20.6	29.1	30.5	27.2	35.7	66.7

Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Ooto ore estimotes bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Oold ore estimo	res bosed on o	sumple, see iiiin	oduction. For me	oiling or symbols,	see iiii odociioi	i. For definition	s or remis, see	appendixes A 0	110 0]	
Reading city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	18 126 850	3 899	6 330 446	3 302 143	2 520 143	1 158 72	534 26	260 20	123	2.32 2.45	49 55 8 2 550
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	418 1 105 2 589 5 016 3 622 5 376 6.5	208 516 690 1 243 502 740 5.9	175 427 1 080 1 912 1 193 1 543 6.3	14 82 495 968 720 1 023 6.6	21 41 232 547 677 1 002 7.1	- 25 68 226 290 549 7.4	5 24 93 171 241 7.3	- 9 - 27 42 182 7.9	- - - 27 96 8.1	1.51 1.59 2.06 2.16 2.66 2.90	739 2 170 5 926 12 274 10 787 17 662
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 roles. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more. 1.00 or less. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more.	18 008 17 821 155 32 118 113 5	3 855 3 855 - - 44 44 - -	6 279 6 267 	3 298 3 298 - - 4 4	2 517 2 496 21 - 3 3	1 158 1 133 25 - - -	524 500 24 - 10 5	254 218 27 9 6 6	123 54 58 11 	2.32 2.31 6.78 6.94 1.79 1.75 6.00	49 212 48 000 953 259 346 304 42
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. detoched or oftoched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	16 722 1 378 26	3 356 535 8	5 778 547 5	3 110 188 4	2 459 61 -	1 117 38 3	529 5 -	256 4 -	117	2.37 1.78 2.50	46 392 3 079 87
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	15 693 1 320 6 037 4 883 1 786 693 363 345 169 86 11	3 145 530 1 321 771 231 112 81 66 19 14	5 426 452 2 053 1 565 705 247 136 170 49 38 11 \$20 900	2 898 122 1 146 945 364 176 30 32 55 28	2 348 108 817 867 300 87 73 61 29 6	1 061 33 398 408 126 58 25 4 9 - - \$21 800	467 37 152 210 47 - 9 12 - - - \$21 300	241 26 94 78 13 13 9 - 8	107 12 56 39 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2.37 1.79 2.33 2.61 2.44 2.45 2.24 2.13 2.80 2.26 2.00	43 347 2 683 16 096 14 874 5 066 1 907 1 084 907 539 179 12
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income	18 126 \$16 752	3 899 \$6 600	6 330 \$15 825	3 302 \$20 965	2 520 \$22 159	1 158 \$22 987	534 \$23 971	260 \$23 906	123 \$19 345	2.32	49 558
Medion selected monthly owner costs os percentoge of household income	14.6 17.7 12.5 1 392 \$3 501	26.1 29.8 25.3 704 \$2 816	13.4 17.9 12.1 257 \$3 517	12.6 17.4 10— 129 \$4 198	13.2 15.9 10— 89 \$4 725	14.6 17.0 10— 62 \$7 143	12.6 16.0 10— 77 \$5 709	14.6 19.5 10— 41 \$5 375	19.5 19.1 20.5 33 \$10 437	1.49	
household income	50+ 50+ 49.4	50+ 50+ 50+	47.6 50+ 44.9	50+ 50+ 37.3	50+ 50+ 38.8	39.8 42.6 35.7	50 + 50 + 12.5	50+ 50+ 50+	27.8 29.2 25.4		
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	13 776 1 369	6 651 -	3 370 720	1 678 331	1 006 180	616 91	243 26	140 21	72 -	1.57 2.45	27 546 3 785
1 room	934 1 442 3 860 3 506 2 012 1 074 948 3.7	860 1 218 2 485 1 389 463 152 84 3.0	58 148 1 002 1 155 531 289 187 3.9	16 50 243 617 437 173 142 4.4	26 66 225 318 214 157 5.1	35 84 149 132 216 5.8	- 16 6 96 70 55 5.5	- 13 30 7 18 72 6.5	- - 11 26 35 6.5	1.04 1.09 1.28 1.82 2.53 3.05 3.89	1 027 1 695 5 565 6 811 5 347 3 580 3 521
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.00 to 1.50 1.51 or more	13 325 12 778 352 195 451 417 17	6 290 6 290 - - 361 361 -	3 321 3 275 - 46 49 37 - 12	1 660 1 599 50 11 18 13 -	1 000 908 66 26 6	604 497 72 35 12 - 12	238 125 97 16 5 - 5	140 72 25 43 - -	72 12 42 18 	1.61 1.53 5.33 4.91 1.12 1.08 5.21 2.21	26 942 24 429 1 769 744 604 492 68 44
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched ar attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or mare Mobile home or trailer, etc.	3 492 2 063 3 134 1 873 1 471 1 728 15	690 934 1 657 1 157 782 1 421 10	760 641 868 396 447 253 5	649 251 395 160 182 41	588 164 132 76 42 4	465 61 33 44 4 9	198 5 17 18 5 -	85 - 25 22 8 -	57 7 7 - 1 -	2.96 1.65 1.45 1.31 1.44 1.11	10 714 3 782 5 302 3 009 2 520 2 199 20
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	13 594 2 106 2 462 3 594 2 598 1 399 619 252 141 21 402 \$179	6 614 1 573 1 676 1 915 758 311 153 35 28 — 165 \$149	3 362 202 487 935 873 492 166 67 11 17 112 \$200	1 637 151 155 446 418 260 95 60 24 - 28 \$206	962 65 84 173 324 172 54 19 4 4 63 \$216	591 54 30 89 154 80 84 28 46 -2 26 \$227	220 36 26 14 47 31 27 31 8 ~	140 17 2 13 19 41 28 12 - - 8 \$275	68 8 2 9 5 12 12 12 20 -	1.55 1.17 1.23 1.44 2.12 2.29 2.44 2.90 4.58 2.12	26 909 3 038 4 013 6 233 5 935 3 494 1 859 842 544 67 884
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	13 776 \$7 730 25.1 4 248 \$3 579 47.2	6 651 \$5 719 26.7 1 950 \$3 163 43.5	3 370 \$10 937 22.2 722 \$3 593 50+	\$200 1 678 \$9 771 24.3 617 \$3 845 50+	1 006 \$10 755 24.8 411 \$4 586 50+	\$227 616 \$9 500 28.2 282 \$4 412 48.2	243 \$10 687 23.5 116 \$4 760 40.0	\$9 083 34.1 94 \$7 267 44.6	\$7 500 28.6 56 \$4 833 42.0	1.57 1.74	27 546

B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980 Table

(Ooto ore estimotes based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8)

Table B—11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				Male hous	eholder					Female hou	ıseholder		
Reading city	Total	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units		1 188	32	227	124	318	487	2 711	39	67	74	835	1 696
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 855	1 178	32	219	122	318	487	2 677	25	67	74	828	1 683
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	44	10	_	8	2	-	-	34	14	-	-	7	13
1, detached or ottoched 2 or more	3 356 535	1 012 176	12 20	15 9 68	101 23	282 36	458 29	2 344 359	12 27	57 10	63 11	6 9 7 138	1 515 173
Mobile home or troiler, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	8	-	_	-	-	-	-	8	_	-	-	-	8
Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 490 1 252 323	253 320 137	5 - 10	27 35 25	7 13 16	46 66 45	168 206 41	1 237 932 186	8 25	7 22 -	9 20 12	217 330 9 6	996 535 78
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	172 362	71 213	13	16 77	8 50	24 62 29	19 11	101 149	6 -	6 32	19 12	51 73	19 32 21
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	161 8 9 36	87 62 31	=	31 16 -	17 6 -	35 4	10 5 27	74 27 5	=	Ξ	2 ~ -	51 17 —	10
\$50,000 or more Medion Mean	\$6 600 \$8 876	14 \$10 383 \$12 780	\$13 125 \$12 620	\$15 597 \$14 283	7 \$16 452 \$17 674	7 \$12 708 \$15 454	\$6 226 \$9 099	\$5 570 \$7 166	\$6 6 9 1 \$7 185	514 375 \$12 071	\$11 667 \$10 378	\$8 181 \$9 216	\$4 562 \$5 822
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$0 070	\$12 700	\$12 O2O	\$14 Z03	ψ17 O74	ψ13 4 34	Ψ, σ,,	ψ, 100	ψ, 103	ψ12 O/1		ψ/ 210	45 022
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage	3 145 620	964 294	12 12	152 110	97 52	269 86	434 34	2 181 326	12 12	57 50	61 35	665 171	1 386 58
Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	153 141 169	65 44 9 5	6	20 13 31	6 28	18 19 30	27 - -	88 97 74	- 12	7 5 13	6	43 71 36	38 15
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	89 38	50 19	=	11 1 9	13	19	7 -	39 19	-	12 13	7	15	5
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	16 14 -	16 5 -	Ξ	11 5	5 - -	=	-	9	=		9	=	-
\$750 or more Medion Not mortgaged	\$255 2 525	\$270 670	\$250	\$285 42	\$286 45	\$260 183	\$164 400	\$239 1 855	\$275	\$300 7	\$294 26	\$230 494	5168 1 328
Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74	30 109	5 19	=	-	=	5	19	25 90	=		5	12 10	13 75
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	558 756 536	148 239 136	=	28 8	6	71 80 12	70 125 110	410 517 400	=	- - 7	8 - 6	103 142 119	2 99 375 268
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	381 84 71	86 8	-	6	13 8 5	15	52 -	295 76	-	Ė	7 -	75 13	213 63 22
\$250 or moreMedion	\$119	29 \$117	Ξ	\$119	\$163	\$105	\$122	42 \$119	_	\$138	\$112	20 \$121	\$118
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	26.1	21.4	25.0	25.9	16.5	13.0	25.0	27.8	50.0	27.2	23.8	20.8	30.0
With o mortgageNot mortgaged Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level	29.8 25.3 704	29.7 18.3 107	25.0	28.9 15.6 20	18.2 12.1 7	30.2 10.2 17	50+ 24.0 63	29.8 27.5 597	50.0 - 8	26.3 50+ 7	29.4 16.7 6	23.2 20.2 140	50+ 29.4 436
Percent below poverty level	18.1	9.0	-	8.8	5.6	5.3	12. 9	22.0	20.5	10.4	8.1	16.8	25.7
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	6 651	2 331	327	536	278	645	545	4 320	375	384	189	1 040	2 332
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 290 361	2 068 263	2 9 0 37	486 50	23 9 39	553 92	500 45	4 222 98	361 14	377 7	189	1 016 24	2 279
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottached 2	690 934	261 239	17 34	73 62	13 29	106 57	52 57	429 695	33 61	22 86	19 25	150 234	205 289
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	1 657 1 157 782	645 527 266	111 69 62	163 154 47	91 47 16	166 137 88	114 120 53	1 012 630 516	146 102 26	110 84 40	68 48 22	267 148 16 9	421 248 25 9
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 421 10	388 5	34	37	77 5	91 -	149	1 033	7	42	7 -	72	905
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	3 024	724	86	83	28	181	346	2 300	121	25	53	442	1 659
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 961 677 305	671 286 134	114 77 18	140 9 2 45	90 45 53	1 9 5 46 12	132 26 6	1 2 9 0 3 9 1 171	183 43 16	148 12 9 50	67 33 23	404 107 18	488 79 64
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	447 134 79	317 112 73	25 7	141 35	24 14 24	105 50 42	22 6 7	130 22 6	12	32	13	62 7	11 15 6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	17 7	14		=	_	14		3 7	= = = =	<u> </u>			3 7
Medion Mean	\$5 719 \$7 378	\$8 251 \$9 632	\$8 245 \$8 139	\$11 223 \$11 180	\$11 167 \$12 231	\$8 577 \$11 268	\$4 401 \$5 742	\$4 811 \$6 162	\$7 375 \$6 77 9	\$10 368 \$10 003	\$8 551 \$8 375	\$5 990 \$6 503	\$4 146 \$5 100
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	6 614 1 573	2 320 392	327	532 21	278 60	63 8 9 5	545 205	4 294 1 181	368 5	384 4	189 14	1 029 203	2 324 955
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 676 1 915 758	701 640 296	137 87	99 193	102 58 39	214 1 9 4	14 9 108 19	975 1 275 462	76 232 48	62 178 9 2	42 78 46	360 326 93	435 461 183
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	311 153	126 70	56 17 14	127 62 18	6 7	55 27 16	14 15	185 83	- -	33 15	-	24 8	128
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	35 28	22 21 —	-	8	6	3 6 -	13 7 —	13 7 —	-	=	-		13 7
No cosh rent	165 \$149	52 \$153	\$159	4 \$186	\$136	28 \$148	15 \$117	113 \$148	7 \$175	\$186	9 \$16 9	15 \$144	82 \$124
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	04.7	00.0	0.20	01.6	74.4	00.4	90.6	20.2	20.0	24.7	e2 0	27.0	30.0
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	26.7 1 950 29.3	22.9 446 19.1	25.3 65 19.9	21.4 50 9.3	16.6 21 7.6	20.6 139 21.6	- 29.6 171 31.4	28.3 1 504 34.8	29.0 90 24.0	24.1 18 4.7	23.8 36 19.0	27.0 388 37.3	30.0 972 41.7



the third will kell Askew for less tound Meroni Mouring Could 1990.

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

REGIONS	A
STATES	A
PLACES	A
Incorporated Places	A
Census Designated Places	A-1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN	
STATISTICAL AREAS	A-
Definition	A
SMSA Titles	A-'
New SMSA Standards	A-2
BOUNDARY CHANGES	A-2
AREA MEASUREMENT	A-2

REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

GENERAL LIVING QUARTERS	B-1 B-1	Persons	B-6 B-6
Housing Units Comparability With 1970	B-1	Persons Per Room	B-6 B-6
Census Housing Unit Data Group Quarters	B-2 B-2	STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data	B-2	Year Structure Built	B-6 B-6
Rules for Hotels, Room- ing Houses, Etc	B-2	Stories in Structure	B-6 B-6
Staff Living Quarters	B-2	PLUMBING	
Year-Round Housing Units OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6 B-6
CHARACTERISTICS Occupied Housing Units	B-2 B-2	Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities	
Householder	B-2 B-2	Data	B-6 B-6
Nonrelative	B-3 B-3	Heating Equipment	B-6
Household Type Year Householder Moved	B-3	Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment	
Into Unit	B-3	Data	B-6 B-7
Vacant Housing Units	B-3 B-3	Vehicles Available	B-7
Duration of Vacancy	B-3 B-3	Census Automobiles Available Data	B-7
Condominium Housing Units Comparability With 1970	B-3	Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating	B-7
Census Condominium Housing Unit Data	B-3	FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS	B-7
Race of the Householder	B.–3	Value	B-7
ple and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder.	B-4	Price Asked Mortgage Status and Selected	B-7
Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the		Monthly Owner Costs Mortgage Status and Selected	B-7
Householder	B-4	Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of House-	
the HouseholderLimitations of the Data	B-5	hold Income in 1979	B-7 B-7
on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income	
Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent	2 0	in 1979	B-8 B-8
Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Median Income	B-8
Comparability With 1970 Census Data on House-	0-0	Census Income Data	B-8 B-8
holders of Spanish Origin		,	5 0
and Householders of Spanish Heritage	B-5	GENERAL	
UTILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted pr	rimarily

B-6

through self-enumeration. The principal

CHARACTERISTICS.....

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. **Duration of Vacancy**—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder-Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons — All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—''Year structure built'' refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see guestions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briguettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see guestion H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see guestions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated: thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

	Weighted											
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more		
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686		•••								
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •				
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	•••	•••	• • • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •			
2 persons	4,723	4,723										
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000			• • •			• • •	• • • •		
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••			
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844								
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •		
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525						
	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512					
6 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429				
7 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835			
8 persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024		



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	C-2
Citizens of Foreign Countries	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	C=2

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC, Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

INTRODUCTION	D-1
SAMPLE DESIGN	
ERRORS IN THE DATA	
Calculation of Standard Errors .	D-2
Totals and Percentages	D-2
Differences	D-2
Means	
Medians	D-2
Confidence Intervals	D-3
Use of Tables to Compute	
Standard Errors	
ESTIMATION PROCEDURE	D-3
CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING	
ERROR	D-5
Undercoverage	D-5
Respondent and Enumerator	
Error	D-5
Processing Error	D-6
Nonresponse	D-6
EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE	
DATA	D-6
ALLOCATION TABLES	D_6

INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons. families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects, of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates x and y:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children
	Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit
	, and the second
	Persons in All Other Housing
	Units
11	1 person in housing unit

in housing unit

2 persons in housing unit

through 8 or more persons

12-16

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

1

2

Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older

Female

9-16 Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I—Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family

Housing Units With a Family
Without Own Children Under 18
6-10 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit

12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group Owner White Race (householder) Persons of Spanish Origin (householder) Value of House 1 \$0 to \$9,999 2 \$10,000 to \$19,999 3 \$20,000 to \$24,999

4 \$25,000 to \$49,999 5 \$50,000 to \$99,999 6 \$100,000 to \$149,999 7 \$150,000+ 8 Other Owners

> Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	Renter White Race Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500+ Other Renter No Cash Rent Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124 125-146	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102 Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin
147-168	categories as groups 81 to 102 American Indian, Eskimo or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin

categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

1 Vacant for Rent2 Vacant for Sale3 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of for fabricated persons being data submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was the preceding renterreported for occupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	Size of publication area													
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20	16 21	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22								
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	, 70	70	70
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-1n-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	1/					
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	θ.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

8 = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

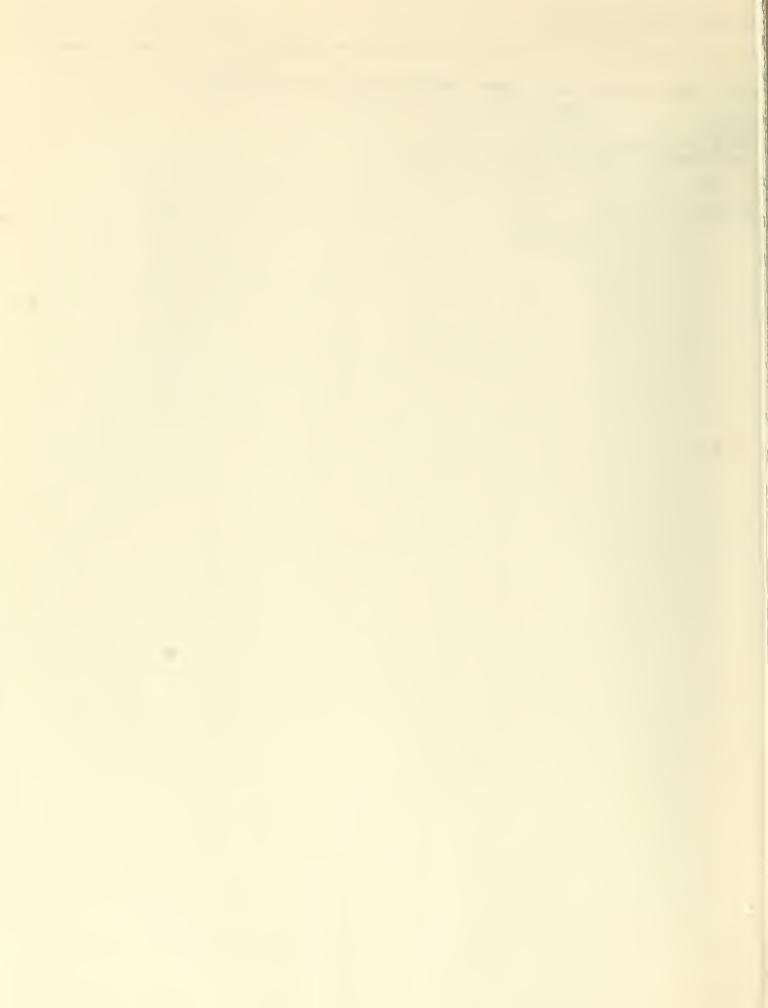
[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Occupancy and vacancy status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Stories in structure	0.9	0.8	0.5
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.8	0.4
Source of water	1.0	0.8	0.5
Sewage disposal	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into	, , ,	•••	•••
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5
Kitchen facilities	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms or		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
bathrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected		•••	•••
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Complete plumbing facilities for exclusive use with 1.01		•••	•••
persons per room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units			
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent	Percent in sample		
The SMSA	119 937	21.4		
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's				
Reading city	34 142	15.9		



Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriete circle in question H12.

If rent is paid: A	fultiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other weel	< 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Merk only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one well which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, end is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark
A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses
or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of *heating equipment* and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers werm eir to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed end does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and ges, the monthly average for the pest 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total emount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills ere unpeid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used elso by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity ere billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permenently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

 This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City — print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturin
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Acceptable
Production clerk
Carpenter's helper
Auto engine mechanic
Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

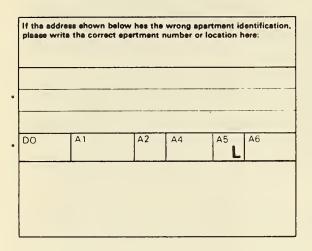
INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

- If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.
 - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
 - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla \square y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Form Approved OMB No 41-S78006 Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- ·Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

	 	
<u></u>		

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box \square .

Then please

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only.
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

	Those are the polymer	PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	Last name	Last name
QUESTIONS ↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initial
in column 1 Fill one circle If "Other rela	r. ntive" of person in column 1, ationship, such as mother-in-law,	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife Grather/mother Son/daughter Other relative Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	O Male Female	O Male Female
4. Is this person		White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Print tribe	O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian U Japanese O Guamanian U Chinese O Samoan U Filipino Eskimo U Korean O Aleut U Vietnamese Other — Specify U Indian (Amer.) Print Tribe →
a. Print age at b. Print month	and fill one circle. In the spaces, and fill one circle	a. Age at last birthday 1 1	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday
6. Marital state Fill one circle		 ○ Now married ○ Separated ○ Widowed ○ Never married ○ Divorced 	Now married
7. Is this personal or de		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer, Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	○ No (not Spanish/Hispanic) ○ Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano ○ Yes, Puerto Rican ○ Yes, Cuban ○ Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	pary 1, 1980, has this person igular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, dementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related
regular sch attended? Fill one circle If now attend person is in.	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever e. ding school, mark grade lf high school was finished cy test (GED), mark "12."	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Kindergarten Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more Never attended school – Skip question 10	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more Never attended school — Skip question 10
	erson finish the highest year) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)

Page 3 NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1-H12 If you listed more than PERSON in column 7 FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD 7 persons In Question 1, please see note on page 20. H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? Middle initial First name if the person should be listed - for example, a new baby still in the No hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here If relative of person in column 1: Yes, a condominium once in a while and has no other home? Husband/wife Father/mother H10. If this is a one-family house -O Yes - On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. Son/daughter Other relative a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? Brother/sister Yes No H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now -If not related to person in column 1 for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? b. Is any part of the property used as a Roomer, boarder | O Other 0 nonrelative commercial establishment or medical office? Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. Partner, roommate Paid employee H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium Male Female unit which you own or are buying -O Yes - On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one What is the value of this property, that is, how at the home address to report the person to a census taker. Asian Indian White much do you think this property (house and lot or Black or Negro Hampilan condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale? Guamanian Japanese H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this Chinese Samoan address? Do not answer this question if this is -Eskimo Filipino A mobile home or trailer One Korean Aleut Vietnamese O Other - Specify 2 apartments or living quarters · A house on 10 or more acres A house with a commercial establishment Indian (Amer.) 3 apartments or living quarters or medical office on the property Print 4 apartments or living quarters tribe 0 5 apartments or living quarters Less than \$10,000 \$50,000 to \$54,999 0 6 apartments or living quarters c. Year of birth a. Age at last \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 7 apartments or living quarters birthday 1 \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$60,000 to \$64,999 0 8 apartments or living quarters \$65,000 to \$69,999 \$17,500 to \$19,999 8 0 00 0 9 apartments or living quarters 00 \$70,000 to \$74,999 \$20,000 to \$22,499 9 0 10 10 or more apartments or living quarters $1 \circ$ b. Month of \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999 2 0 2 0 birth This is a mobile home or trailer 3 \$25,000 to \$27,499 O \$80,000 to \$89,999 0 3 0 H5. Do you enter your living quarters -\$27,500 to \$29,999 4 0 4 0 \$90,000 to \$99,999 5 0 5 0 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Jan.--Mar 6 0 6 0 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 O Through someone else's living quarters? 6 \$150,000 to \$199,999 Apr.-June 7 0 17 0 \$40,000 to \$44,999 8 0 8 0 H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, July-Sept. \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more Oct - Dec. 90 19 0 that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters shower? What is the monthly rent? Separated Now married Yes, for this household only If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction Widowed Never married O Yes, but also used by another household guide on how to figure a monthly rent. Divorced No, have some but not all plumbing facilities O \$160 to \$169 Less than \$50 No plumbing facilities in living quarters O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) \$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179 H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? \$60 to \$69 \$180 to \$189 Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano O Yes, Puerto Rican Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. \$70 to \$79 \$190 to \$199 Yes. Cuban \$80 to \$89 \$200 to \$224 O 1 room O 4 rooms O 7 rooms 0 O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic \$90 to \$99 \$225 to \$249 O 2 rooms ○ 5 rooms O 8 rooms O 6 rooms \$250 to \$274 3 rooms 9 or more rooms \$100 to \$109 No. has not attended since February 1 \$110 to \$119 \$275 to \$299 Yes, public school, public college H8. Are your living quarters -\$120 to \$129 \$300 to \$349 Yes, private, church-related Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? \$130 to \$139 \$350 to \$399 O Yes, private, not church-related Rented for cash rent? \$140 to \$149 \$400 to \$499 Occupied without payment of cash rent? \$150 to \$159 \$500 or more Highest grade attended: FOR CENSUS USE ONLY Nursery school Kindergarten A4. Block Elementary through high school (grade or year) A6. Serial B. Type of unit or quarters For vacant units D. Months vacant F. Total 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 number number C1. Is this unit for persons 9 10 11 12 Occupied O Less than 1 month 000000 00 000 0 Year round use O First form 1 up to 2 months ○ Seasonal/Mig. — Sklp C2, O 2 up to 6 months Continuation College (academic year) 000 0000 000 C3, and D. C2. Vacancy status O 6 up to 12 months 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more Ι Ι ΙI Ι Ι Ι Vacant 00000000 S S 2 For rent O 1 year up to 2 years 2 2 O Regular 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 For sale only 2 or more years O Never attended school-Skip question 10 Usual home 9-99 0-0- 0-0 0-0-Rented or sold, not occupied elsewhere E. Indicators 5 5 5 5 5 5 Held for occasional use 5 O Now attending this grade (or year) 5 5 5 1. O O Mail return O Finished this grade (or year) 666 G 666 Other vacant 666 **Group quarters**

2777

8888

9999

O First form

Continuation

7 7 7

8 8

999

O Did not finish this grade (or year)

0 1

ON

00

CENSUS

USE ONLY

7 7 7

888

999

2. 0 0 Pop./F

0 0

C3. Is this unit boarded up?

O No

O Yes

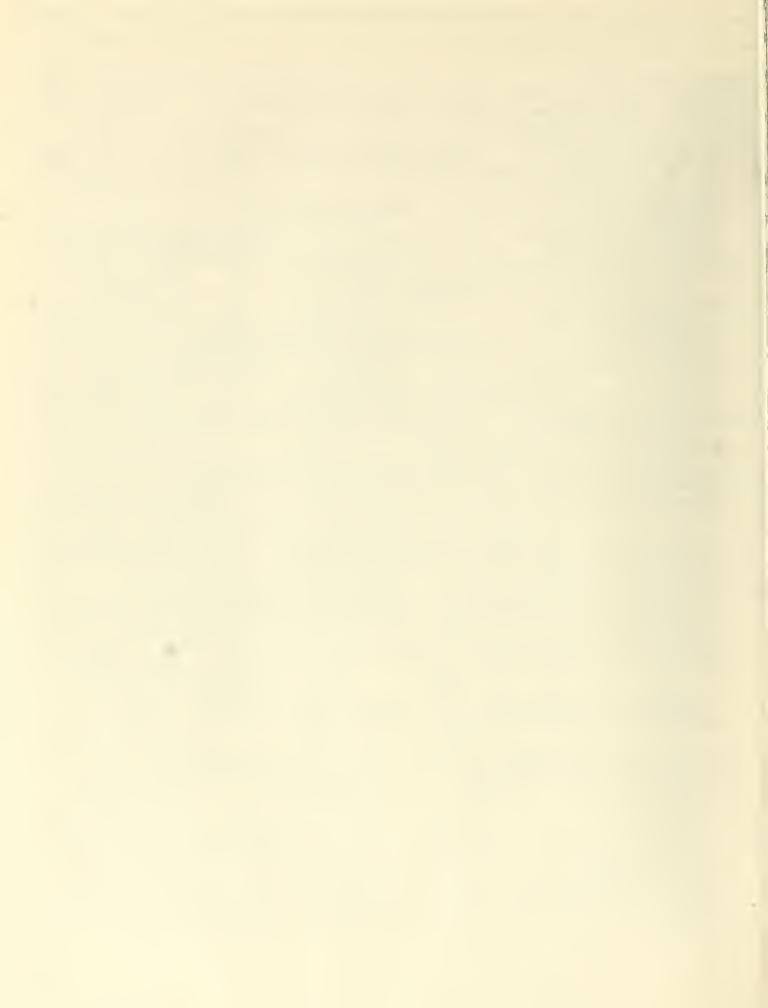
I

	Which hast describes this building?	ALSO ANSWER THESE	CENSUS
	Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even If vacant.	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	USE
		Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	H22a.
	A nobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Wood	
	 A one-family house detached from any other house A one-family house attached to one or more houses 	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Clectricity Other fuel	000
	A building for 2 families	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	8 8 8
	A building for 3 or 4 families	o raci dii, keloserie, etc.	3 3 3
	A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9 9 9
	A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes	5 5 5
	A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	6 6 6
	A building for 50 or more families	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP O Wood O Wood	7 7 7
		Flectricity Outher fuel	8 8 8
	A boat, tent, van, etc.	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
		a Mhigh fuglia was day and far and in 2	11001
14a.	How many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	Н22Ь.
	Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	0 0 0
	○ 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 ○ 7 to 12	serving the neighborhood Wood Wood	I I
	○ 4 to 6 ○ 13 or more stories	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Other fuel	8 8 8
		Clectricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. No fuel used	3 3 3
b.	Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	o ruei oii, keroseile, etc.	5 5 5
	○ Yes ○ No	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	666
		a. Electricity	7 7 7
152	Is this building —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	8 8 8
		Average monthly cost © Electricity not used	9 9 9
	On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	b. Gas	1
	On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	H22c.
	On a place of 10 or more acres?	Average monthly cost Gas not used	000
			I I 1
b.	Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	8 8 8
	from this place amount to —		3 3 3
	○ Less than \$50 (or None) ○ \$250 to \$599 ○ \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	9- 0- 0
	○ \$50 to \$249 ○ \$600 to \$999 ○ \$2,500 or more	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
		\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	6 6 6
<u>116</u> .	Do you get water from —	Yearly cost These fuels not used	7 7 7
	A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?		8 8 8
	An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	9 9 3
	An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
	Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	○ Yes ○ No	0000
117.	Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	IIII
==	○ Yes, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	5559
	No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	3 3 3 3
	No, use other means	○ 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	0-0-0-0
			5555
	About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	6666
	first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and	7777
	0.1070 - 1000 - 0.1000 - 0.1010 - 0.1010		0000
	○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	8888
	1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier	A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does	8888
		A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does <u>not</u> have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974	A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does	
119.	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ■	A <u>half bathroom</u> has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does <u>not</u> have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom	
119.	O 1975 to 1978 O 1950 to 1959 O 1939 or earlier O 1970 to 1974 When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)?	A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does <u>not</u> have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	9999
119.	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959	A <u>half bathroom</u> has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does <u>not</u> have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom	0000
119.	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier	A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does <u>not</u> have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	0000
119.	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ○ Always lived here	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	0000
19.	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier	A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does <u>not</u> have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
19.	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ○ Always lived here	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
19.	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ○ Always lived here ○ 1960 to 1969	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
19. <u> </u>	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ○ Always lived here ○ 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No No No M27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
19.	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
19.	○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 ○ Always lived here ○ 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No No No M27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
19.	© 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? □ 1979 or 1980 □ 1950 to 1959 □ 1975 to 1978 □ 1949 or earlier □ 1970 to 1974 □ Always lived here □ 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. □ Steam or hot water system □ Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
220.	© 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier 1970 tc 1974 When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? □ 1979 or 1980 □ 1950 to 1959 □ 1975 to 1978 □ 1949 or earlier □ 1970 to 1974 □ Always lived here □ 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. □ Steam or hot water system □ Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here)	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
220.	© 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier 1970 tc 1974 When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? □ 1979 or 1980 □ 1950 to 1959 □ 1975 to 1978 □ 1949 or earlier □ 1970 to 1974 □ Always lived here □ 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. □ Steam or hot water system □ Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) □ Electric heat pump	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
1120.	Uhen did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? 1970 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling,	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
119.	Uhen did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? 1970 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard)	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
119.	© 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? □ 1979 or 1980 □ 1950 to 1959 □ 1975 to 1978 □ 1949 or earlier □ 1970 to 1974 □ Always lived here □ 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. □ Steam or hot water system □ Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) □ Electric heat pump □ Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) □ Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None 2 automobiles	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
H19.	1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 ○ Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None 1 automobile 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
H19.	© 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier 1970 tc 1974 ■ When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? □ 1979 or 1980 □ 1950 to 1959 □ 1975 to 1978 □ 1949 or earlier □ 1970 to 1974 □ Always lived here □ 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. □ Steam or hot water system □ Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) □ Electric heat pump □ Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) □ Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? None 1 automobile 2 automobiles 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

R YOUR HOUSEHOLD	Pa
Please answer H30-H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is -	
A mobile home or trailer	
	u rent your unit or this is a
A condominium unit	skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.
or medical office on the property	
. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year? \$.00 OR O None	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgages on this property.
<u> </u>	\$.00 OR O No regular payment required — Skip to page t
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include
\$.00 OR O None	payments for real estate taxes on this property?
a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar	O Yes, taxes included in payment
debt on this property?	No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?
○ Yes, contract to purchase	○ Yes, insurance included in payment
○ No — Skip to page 6	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance
. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	
O Yes O No	Please turn to page 6
	Prease turn to page o
FOR CENSU	US USE ONLY
	(1) 2. 4. (2) 2. 4. (3) 2. 4.
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
	Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

lage 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR
Name of Person 1 on page 2: Last name First name Middle initial	16. When was this person born? Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33 Born April 1965 or later —	22a. Did this person work at any time last week? O Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle person worked full if this person did not work,
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was Ilving when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No	(Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay In a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces,)
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.	b. Attending college? Yes No C. Working at a job or business?	Skip to 25 b. How many hours did this person work last week
12. If this person was born in a foreign country — a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	C. Working at a job or business: (at all jobs)? Yes, full time No Yes, part time Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours we	
 Yes, a naturalized citizen No, not a citizen Born abroad of American parents 	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.	23. At what location did this person work last week? If this person worked at more than one location, print
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?	 ○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 19 b. Was active-duty military service during — 	where he or she worked most last week. If one location cannot be specified, see Instruction guide.
○ 1975 to 1980 ○ 1965 to 1969 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1970 to 1974 ○ 1960 to 1964 ○ Before 1950	Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. May 1975 or later Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975)	a. Address (Number and street) 4 3
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? O Yes No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	February 1955—July 1964 Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) World War II (September 1940—July 1947) World War I (April 1917—November 1918) Any other time	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description. b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language? (For example — Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which a. Limits the kind or amount Yes No	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?
c. How well does this person speak English? O Very well O Not well O Well Not at all	of work this person can do at a job?	d County
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see Instruction guide.	c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran	had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or mor	24a. <u>Last week</u> , how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once?	b. How did this person usually get to work <u>last week?</u>
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	Once More than once b. Month and year of marriage? of marriage?	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle
O Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only Railroad O Worked at home
No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? Yes No	O Subway or elevated O Other — Specify————————————————————————————————————
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per. 11.	15b. 23. 0 VL 24a. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
(2) County:	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	222 222 222 222 222 22 22 22 22 22 22 2
village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.? Yes No, in unincorporated area	6 66 666 666 666 666 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	666 666 666 666 66 777 777 777 777 777 7

SON 1 ON PAGE 2		Pag
c. When going to work last week, did this person usually — O Drive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?
 Drive alone — Skip to 28 Share driving Drive others only Ride as passenger only 	21b.	O Yes O No — Shin to 31d. 31c. 31d.
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	100	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 8 8	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?
0 2 0 4 0 6	1133	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.
3 5 7 or more After answering 24d, skip to 28.	04-1	Weeks
5. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	066	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did
or business last week?	7.7	this person usually work each week?
O Yes, on layoff	009	Hours · 0 88 8
Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.		
	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many weeks 32a. 32b. was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?
Sa. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?	O O	Was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?
○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	S S	
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	33	32. Income in 1979 — 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
O No, already has a job	5.5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts. If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount. 5 5 5 5 7 5 5 5 5
No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	56	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income
Yes, could have taken a job	7 t	received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.
7. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	5 7	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the
0 1980 0 1978 1970 to 1974	20	following sources?
1979 1975 to 1977 1969 or earlier Skip to	28. A B C	If "Yes" to any of the sources below — How much did this person receive for the entire year?
Never worked)	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from
8-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds,
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	00.	dues, or other items.
this person worked the most hours.	G H J	○ Yes → \$ 5 > 5 > 5 > 5 > 5 > 5 > 5 > 5 > 5
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	000	(Annual amount - Dollars)
	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional
8. Industry a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	0.0	practice Report <u>net</u> income after business expenses. \$ @ \$ & \$ & \$ & \$ & \$ & \$ & \$ & \$ & \$ &
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	0 NO 0 A O O A O
	i i I	(Annual amount – Dollars)
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	3 3	c. Own farm
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	3 0	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.
Describe the activity at location where employed.		O Yes → \$.00 888 888 888
	(),	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	: 2	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income 555 555
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)		Report even small amounts credited to an account. 666 666 666 666 666 666 666 666 666 6
Manufacturing Retail trade	AF O	O No
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)	NW O	(Annual amount – Dollars) 999 999
9. Occupation	29.	32g 33
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	NPQ	No (Annual amount - Doilars)
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	000	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	.000	or public welfare payments
	UVW	O Yes - \$.00 5555 5555
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars) 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
D. Was this person — (Fill one circle)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,
Employee of private company, business, or		pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	00	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance
Federal government employee	1 I	or the sale of a home.
		0 Yes - \$.00 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
State government employee	3 3 3	
State government employee	9-9-9-	(Annual amount - Dollars)
State government employee	4 4 4 5 3 5	(Annual amount - Dollars)
State government employee	9-9-9-	(Annual amount - Dollars)
State government employee	444 535 666	33. What was this person's total income in 1979? Add entries in questions 32a



Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

G	ENERAL	F-1	PUBL
	UBLICATIONS		
	Population and Housing Census		
	Reports	F-1	
	PHC80-1, Block Statistics		
	PHC80-2, Census Tracts	F-2	Eva
	PHC80-3, Summary Charac-		R
	teristics for Governmental		
	Units and Standard Metro-		
	politan Statistical Areas	F-2	
	PHC80-4, Congressional		
	Districts of the 98th	- 0	
	Congress	F-2	
	Estimates of Social, Eco-		
	nomic, and Housing		
	Characteristics	F-2	
	PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-		
	mates of Social, Economic,		
	and Housing Characteristics.	F-2	
	Population Census Reports	F-2	
	PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		COMP
	teristics of the Population	F-2	
	PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-		Sui
	ber of Inhabitants	F-2	
	PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General		
	Population Characteristics	F-2	
	PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic		
	Characteristics	F_3	Otl
	PC80-1-D, Chapter D,		
	Detailed Population		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	F-3	
	PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject		
	Reports	F-3	
	PC80-S1, Supplementary		
	Reports	F-3	
	Housing Census Reports	F-3	
	HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		
	teristics of Housing Units	F-3	MAPS
	HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		
	General Housing	F_3	MICR
	Characteristics	1 –3	ST
	Detailed Housing		ST P.I
	Characteristics	F-3	۲.۱
	HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-		
	politan Housing		
	Characteristics	F-3	GEN
	HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject		т,
	Reports	F-3	The
	HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-		lation
	nents of Inventory Change	F-3	forms

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	
tial Finance	F-4
HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	
Reports	F-4
Evaluation and Reference	
Reports	F-4
PHC80-E, Evaluation and	
Research Reports	F-4
PHC80-R, Reference Reports.	F-4
PHC80-R1, Users' Guide	F-4
PHC80-R2, History	F-4
PHC80-R3, Alphabetical	
Index of Industries and	
Occupations	F-4
PHC80-R4, Classified	
Index of Industries and	
Occupations	F_4
PHC80-R5, Geographic	
Identification Code	
Scheme	F-4
COMPUTER TAPES	F-4
Summary Tape Files	F-4
STF 1	F-4
STF 2	F-4
STF 3	F-4
STF 4	F-5
STF 5	F-5
Other Computer Tape Files	F-5
P.L. 94-171, Population	
Counts	F-5
Master Area Reference Files	
1 and 2 (MARF)	F-5
Geographic Base File/Dual	
Independent Map Encoding	
(GBF/DIME)	F-5
Public-Use Microdata	
Samples	F-5
	F-5
MAPS	F-5
MICROFICHE	F-5
STF 1 Microfiche	F-5
STF 3 Microfiche	F-5
P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche	F-5

ICATIONS-Con

GENERAL

The results of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing are issued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics—Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses:

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide,

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2-This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3-This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

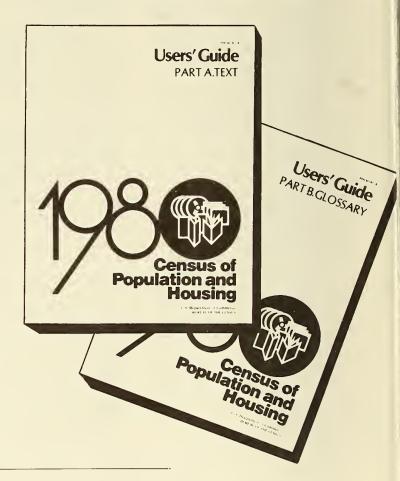
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



Order from Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Specify the stock number (S/N) given below and make checks payable to Superintendent of Documents.

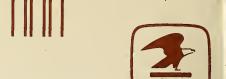
Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

Census HD 7293 .A56x 1983 v.2 pt.298 c.2 Census of housing (1980).

census of housing.

Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402

Official Business
Penalty for Private Use, \$300



POSTAGE AND FEES PAID U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE COM-202

> __ Special Fourth-Class Rate_Book

